

**FREEDOM OF INFORMATION  
AND  
PRIVACY ACTS**

**SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING JR.**

**FILE NUMBER: 100-106670**

**MAIN FILE**

**SECTION: 62**



**FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION**

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MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

MAIN FILE

100-106670

SECTION 62

CARBON COPY

FBI

Date: 8/5/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN  
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE  
(SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RM

Re Chicago airtel and LHM, dated 8/4/66, and  
Chicago teletypes dated 8/4 and 8/5/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are thirteen (13) copies  
of a self-explanatory letterhead memorandum (LHM), two copies  
for Atlanta, concerning captioned matter.

A copy of this LHM is being provided the Office  
of the United States Attorney in Chicago.

Chicago is continuing to follow this matter and  
the Bureau and Atlanta will be promptly advised by appropriate  
communication.

- 5 - Bureau (Encls. 13) (RM)  
(1 - 100-438794)  
(1 - 100-106670) (COMINFIL SCLC)  
2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2)  
(1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL SCLC)  
(1 - 100-5586 MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
4 - Chicago  
(1 - 157-413)  
(1 - 105-16238)  
(1 - 100-35356)

ENCLOSURE

JCS:FF  
(11)

Approved: 324  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

CONFIDENTIAL

11/27/79  
CLASS & EXT BY 9803 RSP (A)  
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 2  
DATE OF REVIEW 8/5/88

Routing slip handled

100-106670-

NOT RECORDED

174 AUG 19 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN

157-6-2-3090



CG 157-1261

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The Special Agents who interviewed individuals referred to in the enclosed LHM are as follows:

RAYMOND SOWA - SAs [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

b7(c)

The Special Agents in contact with the Blue Island, Illinois gun shop were SAs [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] SCLC, Chicago, to whom the information of [REDACTED] was initially provided, was also contacted, by SA's [REDACTED]. Information regarding this interview was not set forth as it was identical in detail with that initially provided this office by [REDACTED] who advised that he had received it in turn from [REDACTED]. Information regarding the contact with [REDACTED] has been furnished the Bureau in detail in teletype form.

b7(c)

b7(D)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



Re: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK  
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

King was the featured speaker, calling in his remarks for adherence to the principle of non-violence within the civil rights movement and referring in critical fashion to the position of some segments of the civil rights movement which today are calling for a more militant approach to the solution of civil rights problems. He advised that the SCLC would continue to advocate non-violence in all its activities, but believed that the SCLC would "open up" Chicago in the area of housing for Negroes. King was critical of Chicago's Mayor Richard J. Daley in the housing area stating that there has been an open occupancy ordinance on the books in Chicago for years but that no action has been taken to implement it.

King stated that there would be a civil rights march in the Gage Park - Chicago Lawn area on the following day, August 5, 1966, and that he was hopeful that as many as 1000 persons would assemble at this church to participate in the march to various realty firms in the area of 63rd Street, Chicago. These firms allegedly are guilty of housing discrimination against Negroes.

[REDACTED] advised that it was his understanding that Reverend Troy Freeman, Pastor of the New Friendship Baptist Church, had planned to serve notice on King's group that they would not be able to use the facilities here as headquarters for future activities in this area, however, [REDACTED] advised that there was no evidence at the time of this meeting that any such notice had been given, noting plans to use the church as headquarters for the march on August 5, 1966. b7(D)

C [REDACTED] advised the Chicago Office as follows, during the evening hours of August 4, 1966, concerning the planned march of August 5, 1966, by the CFM-SCLC: b(1)

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The demonstrators will gather during the early afternoon of August 5, 1966, at the New Friendship Baptist Church, from where they will proceed by motorcade to Marquette Park in the vicinity of 71st Street and Kedzie Avenue (3200 West). After assembling in Marquette Park, three groups of some 25 to 50 demonstrators each will be dispatched to three different real estate offices in the Chicago Lawn area where they will demonstrate and engage in a prayer vigil from forty-five minutes to an hour. These three real estate firms are as follows: The Rio Realty Company, 2733 West 63rd Street; the Geissler Realty Company, 2749 West 63rd Street; and the Mack Realty Company, 3018 West 63rd Street.

Note that the Chicago Lawn area referred to previously is immediately adjacent to the Southern boundary of the Gage Park neighborhood, encompassing a general area of 55th Street South to the area of Marquette Park in the vicinity of 71st Street. Chicago Lawn has the same general East-West boundaries as does Gage Park.

[REDACTED] that at approximately 5:30 p.m., those individuals remaining in the assembly area at Marquette Park will march to the area of 63rd and California Avenues where they will meet those individuals who are engaged in demonstrating at the three different real estate concerns. From here the entire group, to be lead by King, will proceed to the Halverson Realty Company, 3145 West 63rd Street, where another vigil and prayer session will be held. From here the group will return South on Kedzie Avenue to Marquette Park, will proceed from Marquette Park to the New Friendship Baptist Church, where it is assumed that they will disperse. b(1)

Regarding activities of Martin Luther King, Jr. on August 4, 1966, [REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised that King, with Andrew Young, of the SCLC and Al Raby, Convenor, Coordinating Council on Community Organization (CCCO), had met on August 4, 1966, with Chicago's six Negro aldermen. [REDACTED] was aware only that King had stated

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during this meeting that there was to be a SCLC demonstration in the Gage Park area of Chicago on August 5, 1966. Concerning King's meeting with those individuals referred to above, the "Chicago Sun Times," a daily Chicago newspaper, edition of August 5, 1966, advised that King had met with these political leaders of the Negro community for some three hours. Generally discussed had been King's "open-city demands" made previously and after this meeting, King and these political leaders stated that they plan to hold future such sessions to discuss Chicago's problems, the second meeting scheduled for August 25, 1966.

The article continued that in a joint press conference after the meeting, the civil rights and political figures declined to discuss the substance of their talk but stated that substantial agreement was reached on the need for such matters as open-occupancy legislation, availability of bank loans to Negroes and greater control over building standards. The political leaders were said to have agreed that public housing in the future should be dispersed throughout the city and not concentrate in ghetto neighborhoods. It was also reportedly stated that unions, businesses, and governmental agencies should publish racial head counts of their employees.

Reference is made at this point to information in Chicago memorandum of August 4, 1966, to the effect that information was furnished to the SCLC in Chicago by [REDACTED] which information was subsequently provided to Chicago Office by a confidential source, a representative of another government agency. In substance this information alleged that the National States Right Party (NSRP) has been recently active in the Gage Park area of Chicago, attempted to incite the white residents here, with an allegation that NSRP representatives have been trying to get Gage Park citizens to arm themselves, are soliciting orders for handguns, which orders are then placed by the NSRP with the Blue Island gun shop in Blue Island, Illinois. b7(c)

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In connection with the above on August 3, 1966,  
[REDACTED] Blue Island Gun Shop, Incorporated  
3026 West 127th Street, Blue Island, Illinois, advised to  
Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation as  
follows:

[REDACTED] gun shop has made no excessive sales of handguns,  
hunting weapons, or ammunition to any one individual or  
organization during the past few weeks or months. Guns of  
various caliber have been purchased on a one or two gun basis  
but have not gone to any particular area of Chicago or to any  
particular Cook County, Illinois community.

[REDACTED] advised that during the racial disturbances  
which took place in Chicago in mid-July, 1966, gun sales did  
increase for a few days, but then subsequently returned to  
normal. Sales were made to both Negroes and caucasians with  
most of the sales to police officers and to persons bearing  
responsible identification. b7(D)

[REDACTED] continued that gun orders are not filled by  
mail and that if a person or his identification is questionable,  
no sale is made or he is required to obtain a police permit  
and then the gun is sold and shipped by United Parcel to that  
individual at the address given. Records are kept on all  
gun sales. [REDACTED] advised that any undue increase in the sales  
of handguns, or any suspicious request for firearms made to  
his company will be promptly reported to the Federal Bureau of  
Investigation and appropriate local authorities.

On August 4, 1966, Raymond Sowa, Vice-Chairman,  
Chicago branch NSRP, was interviewed by Special Agents of the  
Federal Bureau of Investigation. Sowa advised that the NSRP in  
Chicago is not attempting to have citizens arm themselves although  
several NSRP members have personal weapons of their own for  
personal use and protection. He denied that the NSRP has pur-  
chased any guns from any gun shop in Blue Island, Illinois and  
stated that the NSRP plans no organized activities in the Gage  
Park area, although it is possible that individuals and NSRP  
members or sympathizers may distribute NSRP literature whenever  
civil rights groups have demonstrations. He added that literature

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is sent to many persons in Chicago by the NSRP, which literature may subsequently be distributed at such demonstrations. He advised that the NSRP has no plans to "get Martin Luther King" because it is obvious that if King was eliminated from leadership of the civil rights movement, he would only be replaced by someone else. Sowa added that the NSRP feels that riots and disturbances which have taken place in Chicago and elsewhere are being caused by Negroes. Such incidents must be stopped by having white people unite to have the whites protected and to have Negro agitators prosecuted.

On August 4, 1966, [REDACTED] who claimed [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] was contacted by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Breneman advised that he had attended one NSRP meeting at the NSRP Office, 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, and at this meeting he had learned that the NSRP has a source in "King's group" in Chicago to keep track of their activities. This NSRP contact provides the NSRP with foreknowledge of the plans of King's group for demonstrations, the NSRP then precedes the SCLC into the area where they proceed to distribute their literature prior to and during marches. He stated during this interview that he had learned through his contact with the NSRP that NSRP members were believed to be purchasing weapons at the Blue Island Gun Shop in Blue Island, Illinois for personal protection. [REDACTED] denied knowledge of mention made at any NSRP meeting of use of force by the NSRP against King or any other SCLC members of civil rights leaders. b7(D)

[REDACTED] stated he has participated in SCLC marches but none in Gage Park. It was his understanding the NSRP was active in distributing leaflets in Gage Park and in soliciting new members there, capitalizing on extreme tension in the area. He denied knowledge of NSRP attempts to incite Gage Park residents to resist future marches with arms or violence. He continued that he attended NSRP meeting to determine their activities as

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he considers the NSRP a threat to [REDACTED] to civil rights groups,  
and other unnamed organizations. He stated he intended to  
furnish the above information in substance to the SCLC in  
Chicago, but stated that he had not made any contact with the  
SCLC to date. He stated he had attended no other NSRP meetings  
[REDACTED] b7(D)

The NSRP is characterized on the attached appendix  
page. Sources used are reliable.

Pertinent portions of the above information have  
been provided, on August 4 and August 5, 1966 to representatives  
of Secret Service, Chicago, Office of the United States Attorney  
and Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

This confirms information furnished orally to  
Mr. Theodore Kleinman of the Criminal Division on 8/4/66.



NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race mixing and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, North Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party, to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP), reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of Klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue No. 19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

Issue No. 69, dated July, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the new headquarters of the NSRP as Post Office Box 184, Augusta, Georgia..

On August 4, 1965, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS, the Information Director of the NSRP and Editor of "The Thunderbolt," is the individual who actually controls the NSRP.

Issue No. 72, dated November, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" reflects Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS to be National Director of the NSRP as well as Editor of "The Thunderbolt."

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

FBI

Date: 8/4/66

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

Via AIRTEL

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4 JRM/K

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI 6076  
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)  
 SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
 MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
 LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE  
 PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
 RM

Re Chicago airtel and LHM dated 8/3/76 and  
 Chicago teletypes 8/3/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies, for  
 Atlanta two, of a LHM regarding captioned matter.

One copy of the following and the LHM will be  
 advised of developments. A copy of this LHM is being  
 provided the Office of the USA, Chicago.

The source referred to in the enclosed

LHM is

- 5-Bureau (Encl. 13) (RM)  
 (1 - 100-430794) (COMINFIL SCLC)  
 (1 - 100-108370) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 2-Atlanta (Encl. 2) (RM)  
 (1 - 100-5710) (COMINFIL, SCLC)  
 (1 - 100-5556) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 4-Chicago  
 (1 - 157-413)  
 (1 - 105-16233)  
 (1 - 100-35253)

JCS/GMS  
 (11)

NOT RECORDED  
 198 AUG 15 1966

Agency G-2 \_\_\_\_\_ OSI, CHD  
 Date Forw. \_\_\_\_\_  
 How Forw. \_\_\_\_\_  
 By \_\_\_\_\_

56 AUG 17 1966

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M. Per \_\_\_\_\_

ORIGINAL FILED IN



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
August 4, 1966

157-1261

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4JRM/LL

6076

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE  
PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated  
August 3, 1966, under the above caption.

[REDACTED] advised the Chicago  
Federal Bureau of Investigation Office on August 3,  
1966, that his unit has learned that at 1 p.m.  
on this date, it is planned that 50 demonstrators,  
primarily under the sponsorship of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), will leave from  
the Warren Avenue Congregational Church, 3101 West  
Warren Avenue, Chicago to proceed to the vicinity of the  
Parker - Finney Real Estate Company, 5043 West  
Fullerton Avenue, Chicago. [REDACTED] advised that it  
is anticipated that some 250 additional demonstrators  
will visit other real estate offices in the same area,  
however, there is no specific information available  
concerning those offices to be visited. In previous  
demonstrations here, the purpose of these protests was  
that of opposition to alleged housing discrimination  
in the area against Negroes, primarily on the part of  
real estate concerns operating in the northwest section  
of Chicago commonly referred to as the Belmont - Cragin  
area.

b7(D)

[REDACTED] advised the Chicago Federal

This document contains neither recommen-  
dations nor conclusions of the FBI. It  
is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your  
agency; it and its contents are not to be  
distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

**RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
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Bureau of Investigation Office as follows:

At approximately 3:15 p.m., on August 3, 1966, a group of some 40 demonstrators departed the Warren Avenue Congregational Church and proceeded to two locations generally in the Belmont - Cragin area of Chicago's north side. These addresses were that of the Heinemann Realty Company, 5457 West Diversey Avenue, and the Mc Carthy Realty Company, 2835 North Laramie Avenue. The demonstrators split into two groups of approximately 20 each and began demonstrating at these locations at approximately 4 p.m.

The demonstration at these two addresses terminated at approximately 5 p.m. with these two groups proceeding to Central and Fullerton Avenues, where they joined another larger group of demonstrators. From there the demonstrators, numbering approximately 250 persons, approximately 50 per cent Negro, proceeded to the Parker - Finney Real Estate Offices arriving there shortly after 6 p.m. The offices of this firm were closed, the demonstrators remained there without incident until approximately 7:15 p.m., although some 500 to 1000 white neighborhood onlookers viewed the demonstration. The demonstrators then proceeded to march to Hansen Park, where automobiles were located and during the course of this portion of the demonstration, at various points along the route to Hansen Park, were the victim of rocks and assorted other missiles thrown by groups of young white teenagers, some numbering as many as 150 to 300 persons. Police department personnel on hand at this point began making arrests of those guilty of these and related acts of violence, a total of some 17 white adults and three white juveniles taken into custody. These individuals were charged with disorderly conduct, resisting arrest, and obstructing traffic, and are to appear in local Municipal Court on August 4, 1966. At this point, identities of those individuals placed under arrest were not available to [REDACTED] b7(D)


Shortly prior to 8 p.m., the demonstrators succeeded in clearing the area, departed Hansen Park

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and returned to their original meeting place, 3101 West Warren Avenue, Chicago. A rally was held here with those present being advised that a meeting was to be held the following day, 8 p.m., at the New Friendship Baptist Church, 844 West 71st Street, Chicago, Illinois. Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr. would discuss plans relating to another march into the Gage Park area of Chicago on either August 5 or August 6, 1966.

The "Chicago Sun Times", a daily Chicago newspaper, edition of August 4, 1966, contained an article concerning the demonstration and brief disturbance of the previous evening in the Belmont - Cragin area stating that police and taunting whites had engaged in a shoving match during the course of the demonstration through the Belmont - Cragin area by some 250 civil rights marchers. The marchers were protected by some 200 police officers who cleared the way for them during the course of the march often through crowds of onlooking neighborhood whites. One of the policemen involved, was subsequently treated at St. Anne's Hospital, nearby, for minor injuries after he was struck on the back and arm by rocks thrown by some of these onlookers.

 b7(p)  
In comparing the recent west side Chicago riots with the two days of activity in Belmont - Cragin stated "On the west side those people were intent on property, here there're intent on getting people. . . if we don't put them down now, it will be out of our hands before we know it."

The article continued that after the marchers returned to the Warren Avenue Church, the Reverend Jesse Jackson, who together with Reverend James Bevel had lead the march, announced that Doctor King would lead a march to the Chicago Lawn area during the coming weekend (note the Chicago Lawn area is located south of and immediately adjacent to the Gage Park area on Chicago's southwest side).

Bevel stated at the church that it was not certain at this point when the demonstrators would return to the Belmont - Cragin area, noting that there are some 20 or more

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other communities in Chicago just like it which need attention. He advised that they were to be no demonstrations on the part of the CFM - SCLC groups on the following day, August 4, 1966.

[REDACTED] advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation Office on the morning of August 4, 1966, that during the CFM - SCLC demonstration in Belmont - Cragin the previous evening, a four-page flier had been distributed to white residents by representatives of the American Nazi Party (ANP). The flier was headlined, in part, "WHITE MEN ORGANIZE WHITE GUARD", "WHITES MUST FIGHT", and the like. This literature also advised about courses in "Anti-Insurrection Warfare" and contained a mailing coupon for persons desiring to "fight the blackmen."

In connection with ANP activities in this matter, [REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised on August 4, 1966, that information has been developed by the Chicago Police Department that the head of the local Chicago ANP group, on orders of Commander George Lincoln Rockwell, ANP, will organize a counter-picket in the Gage Park area if SCLC marchers appear there over the coming weekend. Rockwell was in the Chicago area over the weekend of July 29 - 30, 1966. A characterization of the ANP is attached to this memorandum.

On the evening of August 3, 1966, [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation Office [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] the Parker - Finney Real Estate Company, which has been picketed the last several days by civil rights demonstrators. [REDACTED] has been advised by [REDACTED] that during the evening of August 3, 1966, he received three anonymous telephone threats, one stating "don't count on tomorrow" and another stating in effect "you're going to get killed." One of these calls was made prior

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to the August 3, 1966, demonstration at company offices  
and the other two were made subsequent to the demonstration.  
[REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] was unable to furnish  
any information which would assist police in leading  
to the identification of these callers. b7(D)

On August 3, 1966, a confidential source, a  
representative of another government agency, advised  
as follows:

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7(D)

[REDACTED]



RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
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LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE  
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[REDACTED] b7(D)

In connection with [REDACTED] above, it might be noted that the May 23, 1966, edition of the "Chicago American", a daily Chicago newspaper, reflected that 25 persons had been arrested during a sit-in at Roosevelt University in Chicago. The sit-in was in protest of a expanded draft in the Armed Forces. The article identified one Philip Breneman, age 21, address 2133 Larrabee Street, as chairman of a north side chapter of SDS. SDS was involved in the sponsorship of this sit-in, however, Breneman was not one of those individuals arrested.

The NSRP will be characterized in the attached appendix pages. The sources therein are reliable.

Pertinent portions of the above information has been provided to representatives of the following:

Secret Service, Chicago  
Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago  
Region 1, 113 th INTC Group, Evanston, Ill.

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party (ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1962, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.

APPENDIXNATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race mixing and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.

August 10, 1966

100-106670-

[REDACTED]  
San Francisco, California 94108

b7(c)

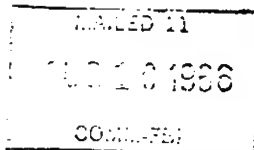
Dear [REDACTED]

I received your letter of August 4th and I want to thank you for extending your best wishes to me.

In response to your inquiry, information contained in our files must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice. I am sure you will understand the reason for this policy.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover



b7(c)

NOTE: Prior limited cordial correspondence maintained with [REDACTED] a prominent physician and friend of many Agents in San Francisco. He met the Director on 6/10/49. Martin Luther King is well known to the Bureau.

BGH:aja (3)

aja

57 AUG 22 1966

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-106670-1

SAN FRANCISCO 94108

August 4, 1966

b7(c)

HE-10  
The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. D.

My dear Mr. Hoover:

I would like to inquire whether Martin Luther King has a prison record or not and if so what was the nature of the offense. If I am writing to you out of line please do not answer this letter.

Wishing you the best as always I remain

Sincerely yours, [REDACTED]

SEP 1 1966

CORRESPONDENCE

11-10-66  
102  
NOT RECORDED

b7(c)

DATE 1-16-81  
SF 4/22/11  
6076

PLAINTEXT CODE

8/10/66

TELETYPE

URGENT

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE

1 - Mr. Simpson

TO SACS CHICAGO  
DETROIT  
NEW YORK

REC 20

VIA TELETYPE  
30 AUG 10 1966  
5-7 P SXC  
ENCIPHERED

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

EX - 117 100-106670-265  
MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SECURITY MATTER - C

NEW YORK ADVISED BUREAU, ATLANTA, JACKSON AND DETROIT AS  
FOLLOWS QUOTE ON AUGUST TEN SIXTY SIX AT SEVEN THIRTY ONE AM  
UNIDENTIFIED MALE, BELIEVED TO BE A NEGRO, TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED  
NEW YORK OFFICE AND ASKED IF FBI COULD SEND TWO OR THREE THOUSAND  
MEN TO CICERO, ILLINOIS, AS MARTIN LUTHER KING WOULD BE KILLED  
TODAY, AUGUST TEN, SIXTY SIX, BY THE VACHETTI'S PARENTHESIS PHONETIC  
CLOSE PARENTHESIS. CALLER THEN HUNG UP. END QUOTE. CHICAGO  
IMMEDIATELY ADVISE LOCAL AUTHORITIES OF THIS INFORMATION. FOR  
INFORMATION NEW YORK AND CHICAGO KING IS REPORTEDLY IN JACKSON  
UNTIL AUGUST ELEVEN NEXT ATTENDING SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE CONVENTION. BUREAU HAS RECEIVED NO INFORMATION KING WILL  
BE IN CICERO, ILLINOIS, TODAY. NO ACTION NECESSARY BY DETROIT  
OFFICE.

RDS:ngp  
(3)

TELETYPE UNIT  
AUG 10 1966  
ENCODED MESSAGE

NOTE: King is known to be in Jackson today and reportedly will  
remain there through 8/11/66 attending convention. We have no  
information he will be in Cicero today, although there are  
indications he may institute some demonstrations in that vicinity  
in the near future. In accordance with our established policy,  
our offices should notify the appropriate local authorities of

56 AUG 17 1966

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

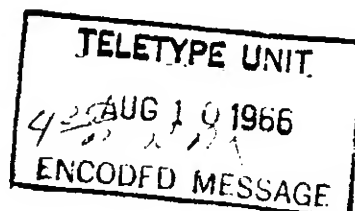
UNCLASSIFIED

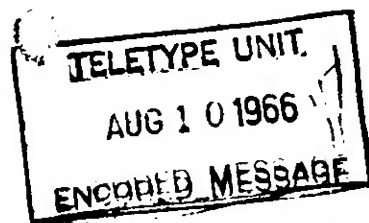
9823 RPS/DP

Teletype to Chicago  
RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING

threat received against King's life. New York did not send copy of its teletype 8/10/66 to Chicago.

Teletype necessary since the anonymous caller indicated King would be killed today 8/10/66.





NY--6-- 5-40 PM 8-10-66 LJT  
URGENT 8-10-66 RAK  
TO CHICAGO DETROIT AND NEW YORK  
FROM DIRECTOR

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SECURITY MATTER - C

NEW YORK ADVISED BUREAU, ATLANTA, JACKSON AND DETROIT AS  
FOLLOWS QUOTE ON AUGUST TEN SIXTY SIX AT SEVEN THIRTY ONE AM  
UNIDENTIFIED MALE, BELIEVED TO BE A NEGRO, TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED  
NEW YORK OFFICE AND ASKED IF FBI COULD SEND TWO OR THREE THOUSAND  
MEN TO CICERO, ILLINOIS, AS MARTIN LUTHER KING WOULD BE KILLED  
TODAY, AUGUST TEN, SIXTY SIX, BY THE VACHETT'S PERENTHESIS PHONETIC  
CLOSE PARENTHESIS. CALLER THEN HUNG UP. END QUOTE. CHICAGO  
IMMEDIATELY ADVISE LOCAL AUTHORITIES OF THIS INFORMATION. FOR  
INFORMATION NEW YORK AND CHICAGO KING IS REPORTEDLY IN JACKSON  
UNTIL AUGUST ELEVEN NEXT ATTENDING SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE CONVENTION. BUREAU HAS RECEIVED NO INFORMATION KING WILL  
BE IN CICERO, ILLINOIS, TODAY. NO ACTION NECESSARY BY DETROIT  
OFFICE.

END

JAM

FBI NEW YORK

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 11-27-79 BY 9803 CDD/DP



TELETYPE UNIT  
AUG 10 1966  
ENCODED MESSAGE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI NEW YORK

1031 AM URGENT 8/10/66 KBG  
TO DIRECTOR /2/ 100-106670 ATLANTA 100-5586 JACKSON AND DETROIT  
FROM NEW YORK 2P 100-136585

MARTIN LUTHER KING JR.' SECURITY MATTER-C' OFFICE OF ORIGIN ATLANTA.

ON AUGUST TEN SIXTY SIX AT SEVEN THIRTY ONE AM UNIDENTIFIED  
MALE BELIEVED TO BE A NEGRO TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED NYO AND ASKED  
IF FBI COULD SEND TWO OR THREE THOUSAND MEN TO CICERO ILLINOIS  
AS MARTIN LUTHER KING WOULD BE KILLED TODAY, AUGUST TEN SIXTY SIX,  
BY THE VACHETTI, S, PHONETIC,. CALLER THEN HUNG UP.

ATLANTA JACKSON AND DETROIT WILL ADVISE LOCAL AUTHORITIES OF ABOVE  
INFORMATION.

~~194XXX CORR LINE FOUR WORD EIGHT SHOULD READ THOUSAND~~

END

WAIBLHL

FBI WASH DC

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-87 BY SP4JDA/ML  
6076

REC 20

100-106670-2658

400 11 00

COO 11

RE:           BERNARD S. LEE VS. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL.  
              (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
VS. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.)  
CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial *2685* pulled from this file under court order  
of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and  
sent to National Archives.

*100-106670-2685*

F B I

~~SECRET~~

Date: 9/9/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)  
SUBJECT: CIRM  
IS-C  
(OO: NY)

1-1681  
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JRM/ld  
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-9-86  
6076

Re NY teletype dated 9/7/66, concerning conference between MARTIN LUTHER KING, STANLEY LEVISON and others. Source believed KING was in Atlanta, LEVISON and others in NYC.

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum incorporating information contained in re tel. [REDACTED] b(2) was the source of the information. Two copies are enclosed b7(D) for Atlanta's assistance.

ENCLOSURE

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP

Classified by SP4 JRM/ld  
2/21/78

- 4-Bureau (100-442529) (Encl. 10) (RM)
  - (1-100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
- 2-Atlanta (100-6670) (Encl. 2) (RM)
  - (1-100-5536) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
- 1-NY (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
- 1-NY (100-73250) (CLARENCE JONES) (42)
- 1-NY (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
- 1-NY (100-148289) (HARRY WACHTEL) (42)
- 1-NY (100-136586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
- 1-NY (100-149194) (COMINFIL SCLC) (41)
- 1-NY (100-153735) (42)

JMK:rmv  
(14)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NOT RECORDED

150 SEP 14 1966

Classified by 680 Fed/HAP  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-106670-1

NY 100-153735

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

C

b(1)

Indices contain no information as to the identities  
of JUNIUS BRIGGS (Ph), RALPH CRANSTON (Ph) or WALTER THORCASE (Ph).

[REDACTED]

b(1)

C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



~~SECRET~~  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Bu 100-442529

New York, New York  
September 9, 1966

1-6681  
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JAM/te  
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION 9/9/86  
6074

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on September 6, 1966, that a conference was held on that date by Martin Luther King, President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC). It included, in addition to King, Stanley Levison, Harry Wachtel, Lawrence Reddick, Cleveland Robinson (Secretary-Treasurer of Local 65, Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Workers, American Federation of Labor - Congress of Industrial Organizations, AFL-CIO), Bayard Rustin (Organizer of the March on Washington), Clarence Jones, Junius Briggs (Phonetic), Ralph Cranston (Phonetic) and Walter Thorcase (Phonetic).

The conference was called to hear and discuss a letter over King's signature which is scheduled to be distributed to the Negro youth of America. The letter, which was actually written by Rustin, implores the Negro youth of America to adhere to non-violent tactics in trying to obtain equality.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~  
~~Group 1~~  
~~Excluded from automatic~~  
~~downgrading and~~  
~~declassification~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP

2/21/78  
Classification  
6074

Classified by 6080 Led/rap  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
11/15/77

ENCLOSURE

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

Rustin said the letter would be read on the National Broadcasting System on Monday, September 12, 1966, and will be mailed to two categories: (A) Boys Clubs, Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, settlement houses, basketball teams and other organizations where Negroes between the ages of 16-25 can be reached; (B) Negro ministers, Negro Press, Negro college presidents, high school principals, fraternal organizations and to unions with large membership. Rustin said King should not read the letter alone, but instead, should have A. Philip Randolph (President of the Negro American Labor Council, NALC) present in order to protect King from fallout. Rustin said not many people dared attack Randolph.

The following, in essence, is what the letter states:

King said he was writing not as a civil rights leader, but as a father deeply concerned about the future of his own children. Not since the time he joined the Freedom Movement had he ever felt so much grief, he observed. As the new school term opens, King noted, many of the youth of America desire to go to school but have insufficient resources with which to do so. And in this regard, King remarked that only yesterday, September 5, 1966, he wired President Johnson urging him to make available enough funds so that all poor young persons in the country could return to school.

-2-  
~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

King notes in the letter that he also urged the President to place before Congress a bill to create public works to provide meaningful employment for every able-bodied young person who needs it, whatever his present skills, his training, his color, may be. King said he was convinced that the tragic ordeals we had passed through this summer were the results of the fear, the frustration, and the hopelessness on both sides that springs from our nation's failure to make it possible for all youth, especially Negroes, to obtain quality integrated education and dignified work.

Continuing, King said, the progress which has been made in race relations was derived from demonstrations which were free of bitterness, hatred and violence. We King said, must not let a tiny minority of hateful bigots provoke us into emotional behavior, into actions which would destroy our movement and would separate us from others in society whose help we sorely need. We, King continued, must not fall into this racist trap. He implored the Negro youth to whom he speaks in the letter, to remember that Molotov cocktails, looting and hating cannot, and will not, solve the problems we really care about.

In conclusion, King urged the youth to be prepared to use their energy in non-violent mass action protests in their community.

Following Rustin's reading of the letter, King said the letter should also be aimed at the white people. He said to do otherwise, could result in him being branded as an "Uncle Tom".

-3-  
~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

Stanley Levison said he did not like the statement that King had contacted President Johnson about unemployment and jobs. His objection was over the fact that King had already asked the President about 90 times, although nothing has come of it. As an alternative, Levison said President Johnson should be "threatened" by stating that if no action is forthcoming by May, 1967, King and Randolph would have a march on Washington. Levison's suggestion was not well received by the other conferees. In fact, as an alternative, Cleveland Robinson wanted something about the Peace Movement included in the letter. He said the peace issue was a basic issue in view of the many Negroes in Vietnam.

Harry Wachtel suggested King hold a meeting in the next three or four days to plan the letter more objectively. Austin said he would dress up the letter before King's arrival in New York City on Sunday night.

Stanley Levison

[REDACTED]

b(1)

S

-4-  
~~SECRET~~




~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel  
to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights,  
15 East 40th Street, New York, New York.



b(1)

The Labor Youth League has been designated  
pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Lawrence Dunbar Reddick

Lawrence Dunbar Reddick is Professor of  
Social Sciences at Coppin State College,  
Baltimore, Maryland. He currently resides  
at 3704 Winterbourne Road, Baltimore,  
Maryland.

A Confidential Source, who has furnished  
reliable information in the past, advised  
she had learned that Dr. Reddick, then  
Director of the Schomburg Library, 103  
West 135th Street, New York City, was one  
of the most important unpublicized members  
of the Communist Party (CP). Source stated  
Reddick seemed to be a source of information  
in regard to socialism and communism in the  
United States and the Soviet Union.

5-  
~~SECRET~~

26

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, said that he met Lawrence Dunbar Reddick in 1943, through Eugene Gordon, a staff member of the "Daily Worker" and that both Gordon and Benjamin J. Davis advised him that Lawrence Dunbar Reddick was at that time a member of the CP. The source said that Reddick was an instructor at the George Washington Carver School.

The "Daily Worker" was an east coast communist newspaper, which suspended publication on January 13, 1958.

The George Washington Carver School has been designated by the U.S. Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On February 5 and 11, 1954, Lawrence Dunbar Reddick was interviewed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Atlanta, Georgia. He, at that time, stated that he was not, and had never been, a member of, or a sympathizer with, the Communist Party.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable in the past, advised that on January 18, 1964, Dr. Lawrence Reddick visited with Benjamin J. Davis at the home of Jacob Green, State Chairman of the CP in Maryland. During conversation between Reddick and Davis, it was mentioned that they had attended school together in Georgia, and Reddick commented that if he had stayed with Davis, he would have also joined the CP. S

-5-  
~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

### Communist Influence In Racial Matters

In "The Saturday Evening Post", issue of July 11-18, 1964, page 76, Bayard Rustin is the subject of a feature article captioned: "The Lone Wolf of Civil Rights". In it, Rustin is said to have come to New York in 1938, as an organizer for the Young Communist League (YCL), and as such, he had the job of recruiting students for the "Party". Furthermore, the article reports that during his first years in New York, Rustin gave most of his earnings to the "Party". He reportedly left the "Party" in 1941, the article states.

The YCL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The "Daily Worker", February 11, 1957, page 1 column 2, reported that Bayard Rustin, Executive Secretary, War Resisters League, was an observer at the 16th National Convention of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA), held in New York City, on February 9-12, 1957.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist publication until it ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

[REDACTED] b(1)

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 19, 20, 1964, that Bayard Rustin contacted Benjamin J. Davis on those dates

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

### Communist Influence In Racial Matters

and sought his advice as to how he could escape from a speaking engagement to which he was committed. On the latter contact, Davis told Rustin that he was working on his request and had contacted friends who had contacts with the group to which Rustin was to speak.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on January 21, 1964, that as of that date, Benjamin J. Davis was National Secretary of the CP, USA.

"The New York Times", August 24, 1964, page 27, column 4, reports that Benjamin J. Davis, National Secretary, CP, USA, died in New York City on the night of August 22, 1964.

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

## Communist Influence In Racial Matters

Harry Wachtel is the Executive Vice President of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, New York, New York.

[REDACTED]

b(1)

A characterization of the National Lawyers Guild is attached hereto.

[REDACTED]

b(1)

[REDACTED]

b(1)

With respect to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, it is to be noted that this organization is an adjunct of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), of which Martin Luther King, Jr., is the president, and serves to raise funds for the SCLC.

~~SECRET~~

F B I

Date: 9/8/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, NEWARK (100-47520) REC-40

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C  
(OO: ATLANTA)

Re Newark airtel to Bureau, 8/23/66.

Enclosed herewith are copies of LHM as follows:

Bureau, eight  
Atlanta, two  
Chicago, oneUSA, Newark, Secret Service, Newark and INTC, Newark,  
are also being furnished with copies of LHM.Copy to Chicago for information in view of KING's  
current activities in Chicago.Bureau and Atlanta will be kept advised of pertinent  
developments.AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, ~~SEC. SER.~~

DEPT: ISD, CRD, RAO

DATE FORW: 9/13/66

HOW FORW: RLB

BY: PFB / MK

REC-40

- 1cc 432 9+D
- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) RM  
2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2) (100-5886) RM X-104  
1 - Chicago (Enc. 1) RM (AIR MAIL)  
3 - Newark  
(1 - 157-1611)  
(1 - 157-1832)

ENC: jan  
(9)

15 SEP 9 1966

INT. SEC.

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

54 SEP 9 1966

Special Agent in Charge

UNCLASSIFIED  
518 SEP 14 1966 H-14-74



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Newark, New Jersey

September 8, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

On September 8, 1966, [redacted] advised that Martin Luther King, Jr., will address a commemoration meeting to be held at the auditorium of the Montclair High School beginning at 3:30 pm on September 11, 1966. The meeting will commemorate the retirement of Reverend D. C. Rice from the Pastorate of Union Baptist Church, Montclair, New Jersey

b7(c) [redacted] further advised that George Demetry, Public Relations Officer of the organization known as Truth About Civil Turmoil (TACT) had made arrangements for TACT members to hold an assembly in a small park area located at Park and Chestnut Streets, Montclair, New Jersey, on September 11, 1966, beginning at 1:00 pm and continuing until King leaves the high school. This park area is located approximately 150 to 200 feet away from the auditorium where King is to speak. [redacted] expects approximately 200 members of TACT to participate in this assembly. The TACT members will carry posters and signs, but no speeches are planned by this group.

[redacted] stated further that he understands that an overflow crowd of over 1500 persons is expected to attend the commemoration meeting to honor Reverend Rice.

The "Newark Evening News", September 8, 1966, page 21, published daily at Newark, New Jersey, printed an article wherein it was stated that a spokesman for TACT claimed that 500 persons will silently picket Doctor King and will distribute hand bills offering a \$1,000 reward to persons who can disprove the authenticity of the photograph showing Martin Luther King, Jr., in attendance at "The Highlander Folk School in Monteagle, Tennessee, a communist training school, during the Labor Day week-end of 1957."

UNCLASSIFIED

5126 RCB/EDM 11-14-79

100-146670-

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

This article stated that TACT, which has more than 500 members in New Jersey, is reported to be composed mainly of members of the John Birch Society.

The article noted that Doctor King is expected to arrive in Montclair in the morning on September 11, 1966, and attend the 11:00 am worship service at the Union Baptist Church. A press conference is scheduled for 3:00 pm and the commemoration service is scheduled to begin at 3:30 pm.

[REDACTED] 108th INTC Group, Newark, New Jersey, was telephonically informed of the above information, at 4:30 pm, on September 8, 1966, by Special Agent [REDACTED] b7(c)

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 11 1966

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI NEWARK

718PM EDST URGENT 9/11/66 K.J.W.

TO: DIRECTOR (100-106670)

FROM: NEWARK (100-47520)

SUBJECT; MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. SM-C

RE NK AIRTEL AND LHM NINE EIGHT SIXTY-SIX.

KING ADDRESSED MEETING AT MONTCLAIR, N.J. HIGH SCHOOL THIS DATE AS SCHEDULED. APPROXIMATELY ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY PERSONS FROM TRUTH ABOUT CIVIL TURMOIL HELD SILENT VIGIL AND DISTRIBUTED LITERATURE NEAR AUDITORIUM. NO INCIDENTS.

INTC ADVISED. AIRTEL AND LHM WILL FOLLOW.

END

WA...LRA

FBI WASH DC

TU CLR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4WPM/K  
6026

EX-104

REC-138

100-106670-2683

54 SEP 19 1966

4 SEP 14 1966

FBI

Date: 9/9/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4 JRM/d  
6072

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-New)  
 FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-New)  
 SUBJECT: ALLEGATION BY [REDACTED] aka

b7(c) Of Plot to Kill MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
 Chicago, Illinois  
 9/8/66  
 INFORMATION CONCERNING "RICHARD MITTER"

Re Chicago teletype to Bureau and Atlanta dated 9/8/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of a LHM dated and captioned as above. An extra copy is being furnished for the Bureau file re MARTIN LUTHER KING. Two copies of the LHM are being furnished to Atlanta for information and for their file on MARTIN LUTHER KING.

One copy of the enclosed LHM is being furnished to the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois.

b7(c) [REDACTED] who spelled his name also as [REDACTED] did not sound intoxicated when he called the Chicago Office and furnished the information set forth in the enclosed LHM; however, his thoughts were completely disorganized and either he could not or would not answer questions asked him nor would he confine his thoughts to

- ENCLOSURE
- ③ - Bureau (Encls. 12)  
 (1- 100-100377) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - 2- Atlanta (Info)  
 (1- 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - Chicago  
 (1- 100-38556) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)

FBI:caz

(7)

NOT RECORDED

100 SEP 14 1966

AGENCY: [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

LOW FORM: \_\_\_\_\_

BY: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

54 SEP 19 1966

Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-100377

CG 157-New

any one incident. Instead, he would just jump from one point to another without furnishing logical answers to the questions asked him.

The Chicago Police Department advised that they plan to interview CREAMER.

Chicago is opening a new 157 investigation and will follow this matter with the Chicago Police Department.

*Indicates negative re*



*b7(c)*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

157-New

Chicago, Illinois  
September 6, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 8-16-81 BY SP4 JRM/1  
6076

ALLEGATION BY [REDACTED]  
ALSO KNOWN AS [REDACTED]  
OF PLOT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
SEPTEMBER 6, 1966  
INFORMATION CONCERNING - RACIAL MATTER

b7(c) [REDACTED] who also spelled his name [REDACTED]  
called the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of  
Investigation at 12:05 a.m. September 6, 1966. He stated  
that he resided at [REDACTED], Chicago,  
Illinois, and had telephone number [REDACTED]. At the time  
he called he stated he was making the call from the  
[REDACTED] Inn, at the corner of [REDACTED] and  
[REDACTED] Chicago, Illinois, telephone number [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] furnished the following information:

He initially stated that he had "joined the Nazis"  
and an offer had been made to him to kill Martin Luther King, Jr.  
when King returned to Chicago. He was to kill King in  
exchange for the safety of his wife and child. [REDACTED] described  
himself as a veteran of the 101st Airborne Division, a native  
of Ohio, and an expert "varmit shooter". He indicated he  
had a high-powered rifle collection.

When pressed for details regarding the above inform-  
ation, [REDACTED] stated that he had participated in a discussion at  
[REDACTED] Inn during the early evening hours of September

This document contains neither recommendations nor  
conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI).  
It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency;  
it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your  
agency.

ENCLOSURE

ALLEGATION BY [REDACTED] b7(c)  
ALSO KNOWN AS [REDACTED]  
OF PLOT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
SEPTEMBER 6, 1966

---

5, 1966. This discussion was with regards to the racial unrest in Chicago. One other person taking part in the discussion was described by [REDACTED] as a white female, named [REDACTED] (phonetic). Subsequently, [REDACTED] took [REDACTED] to a meeting in the [REDACTED] Chicago, and at this meeting there were three other people present, two of whom were males. [REDACTED] either could not or would not furnish any additional information regarding the other people attending this meeting.

[REDACTED] then stated that he was given an assignment to shoot Martin Luther King in return for his family's safety. Subsequently, he stated that he was told by [REDACTED] that his family would be killed if he did not attend the meeting in the [REDACTED]. Then [REDACTED] stated he was told he must "cooperate" before sunrise so he joined them. At this point he denied that they were members of the American Nazi Party and refuted his original statement that he "had joined the Nazis". He stated that he was sympathetic to the ideas practiced by the John Birch Society, and [REDACTED] denied any connection with the American Nazi Party. b7(c)

[REDACTED] was unable to furnish any other information stating that he was too frightened to recall and then stated that he had run out on the above described meeting by way of the back stairs.

[REDACTED] was advised that the Federal Bureau of Investigation did not afford protection to individuals and was told that his information would be furnished to the Chicago Police Department.

The above information was furnished to [REDACTED] Deputy Superintendent Conliss's Office on September 6, 1966.

ALLEGATION BY [REDACTED]  
ALSO KNOWN AS [REDACTED]  
OF PLOT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
SEPTEMBER 6, 1966

b7(c)

It should be noted that at one point while [REDACTED] was furnishing the above information he hung up and when a call was made to the [REDACTED] Inn [REDACTED] was there.

The above information was furnished to the following people on September 6, 1966:

E. I. Katz, United States Attorney's Office,  
Chicago, Illinois

[REDACTED] United States Secret Service,  
Chicago, Illinois

b7(c)

[REDACTED] Region One, 113th INTC Group,  
Evanston, Illinois

SECRET

SP4JRM/MA  
2

1 - DeLoach  
1 - Wick

September 9, 1966

DATE OF REVIEW  
DECLASSIFICATION

9-9-86

6076

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

1 - Sullivan  
1 - Baumgardn  
1 - Bland  
1 - Basher

The following information was supplied by a confidential source of this Bureau who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Martin Luther King, Jr., President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, on September 6, 1966, conferred with several individuals including his principal advisors, Stanley Levison, Lawrence Reddick, Harry Wachtel, Bayard Rustin, and Clarence Jones.

The purpose of the discussion was to consider an open letter Rustin had prepared over King's signature for distribution to Negro youth. The letter implored Negroes to adhere to nonviolent practices to gain equality. King commented the letter should be aimed at white people as well, otherwise he would be called an "Uncle Tom."

Levison disagreed with a statement in the letter which pointed out that King on September 5, 1966, had wired President Johnson and urged he provide funds for poor school children and to create public works for youth needing meaningful employment. Levison said President Johnson had been asked "ninety times" for jobs but nothing had come of it. Therefore, the time had come when King should threaten President Johnson that if no action is forthcoming by May, 1967, a march on Washington would be organized.

Participants were unable to agree on a final draft of the letter. Rustin stated he would put the finishing touches on the letter for King's approval when King returns to New York City on September 11, 1966.

According to the source, the letter will be read on the National Broadcasting Company on September 12, 1966.

SEP 9 11 34 AM '66  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

DATE 9-9-66  
TIME 11:34 AM  
OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

REC-138

100-106670-2682

16 SEP 12 1966

SECRET

Delivered to Mildred Stegall  
on 9-9-66

100-106670 KLR

PTB:scr:pdb

(14)

61 SEP 21 1966

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

SEE NOTE PAGE 3

Classified by 6080 Lef/pep  
Exempt from GDS, Category  
Date of Classification

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~SECRET~~

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

[REDACTED]

b(1)

During the early 1940's, Bayard Rustin was a member of the Young Communist League, an organization which has been designated subversive pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

[REDACTED]

b7C

SECRET



~~SECRET~~

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Xerox copies being sent to The Honorable Marvin Watson, Special Assistant to the President; John Stewart, Legislative Assistant to the Vice President; The Attorney General, The Deputy Attorney General, Assistant Attorneys General Yeagley and Doar.

NOTE:

This communication is classified "Secret" because the source of the basic information, [REDACTED] is a highly sensitive source relating to the racial situation. See cover memorandum F. J. Baumgardner to Mr. W. C. Sullivan dated 9/8/66, same caption, prepared by PTB:scr.

b(2)  
b7(D)

~~SECRET~~

F B I

DATE: 9/9/66

Transmit the following \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, PITTSBURGH (100-15206) (RUC)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM-C  
OO:ATLANTA

Remyairtel to Bureau, 9/7/66.

On 9/8/66, [REDACTED] Pittsburgh, Pa., advised SA [REDACTED] that his nephew, [REDACTED] San Francisco, California, had contacted him late on evening of 9/7/66. [REDACTED] said that he had done some checking and learned that the 1966 Chevrolet Impala with Massachusetts plates [REDACTED] driven by [REDACTED] was the property of the National Car Rental Company, Boston, Massachusetts. He added that this company expected [REDACTED] to return the car at Boston on or about 9/9/66.

No further action is being taken by this office.

LEAD

BOSTON

UNCLASSIFIED  
6180 REL/ECM H-14-79

Boston is requested to verify the above information.

- 3-Bureau (RM)
- 2-Atlanta (100-5586) (RM)
- 2-Boston (RM)
- 1-Chicago (RM)
- 1-Indianapolis (RM)
- 1-New York (RM)
- 1-Philadelphia (RM)
- 1-Kansas City (RM)
- 1-San Francisco (RM)
- 1-Pittsburgh

EX-110

100-106670-2681  
100-106670-2681

12 SEP 12 1966

61 SEP 14 1966

INT. SEC.

FBI

DATE: 9/7/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
FROM: SAC, PITTSBURGH (100-15206) (RUC)  
SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM-C  
(OO: ATLANTA)

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a LHM captioned, [REDACTED] which sets out information concerning a threat against MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. Two copies of the LHM are being furnished to Atlanta, office of origin, and Chicago, Indianapolis, and Boston, and one copy to San Francisco, New York, Kansas City, and Philadelphia for information in the event leads are set out for those offices in the future.

Information attributed to [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] Pittsburgh, was furnished to SA [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] no further action is being taken by this office.

- ③ - Bureau (Encls.-8) (RM)  
2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Encls.-2) (AM-RM)  
2 - Boston (Encls.-2) (RM)  
2 - Indianapolis (Encls.-2) (RM)  
1 - New York (Enc.-1) (RM)  
1 - Philadelphia (Enc.-1) (RM)  
1 - Kansas City (Enc.-1) (RM)  
1 - San Francisco (Enc.-1) (RM)  
2 - Chicago (Encls.-2) (RM)  
1 - Pittsburgh  
HSM/jak  
(16)

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.  
DEPT: ISB, CIB, RAO, CATM.  
DATE FORW: 9/9/66  
HOW FORW: R/S  
BY: RDS/jak

Approved: [Signature] Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

55 SEP 20 1966 Special Agent in Charge

14 SEP 8 1966

UNCLASSIFIED

5/10 RCB/ECM 11-15-79

INT/SEC

PG 100-15206

LEADS:

ATLANTA

AT ATLANTA, GA.

Will promptly advise appropriate local authorities of above threat.

CHICAGO AND INDIANAPOLIS

1. Will promptly advise appropriate local authorities of above threat.
2. Will check indices and appropriate sources re [REDACTED]

BOSTON

b7(c)

AT BOSTON, MASS.

[REDACTED] Will determine to whom Massachusetts license is issued and advise Bureau and offices receiving copies of this airtel.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

September 7, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

[REDACTED]  
On September 7, 1966, [REDACTED]  
Pittsburgh, Pa., furnished the following information  
which he had received this date from his nephew, [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] San Francisco, California.

Recently [REDACTED] and two others, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] were in San Francisco and answered an advertisement placed  
in the "San Francisco Chronicle" by [REDACTED] who was seeking  
paying passengers to accompany him on a trip from San Francisco  
to New York City in his car. An agreement was reached whereby each  
of the above paid Stout \$50 for the trip.

On September 5, 1966, [REDACTED] and his passengers arrived  
in Kansas City, Mo., and drove to a local YMCA. While the three  
passengers were checking in, [REDACTED] disappeared with his car and  
their personal effects, which included suitcases, clothes, books,  
records, and a guitar. [REDACTED] also then noted that two  
blank Wells Fargo checks were missing from his pocketbook. [REDACTED]  
estimated that the missing items were worth about \$1,000.

Before arriving at Kansas City, [REDACTED] made it clear to  
his passengers that he was rabidly anti-Negro and he told them  
that he was going to shoot Martin Luther King. He furnished no  
further details.

This document contains neither recommendations  
nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property  
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and  
its contents are not to be distributed outside  
your agency.

UNCLASSIFIED

5/80 LCB/EPm 11-15-79

ENCLOSURE

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised [REDACTED] that [REDACTED] was a white male, 5'7" - 5'8", 210 pounds, had a stout build, medium complexion, and dark, greasy hair which had a small wave in front. [REDACTED] had told [REDACTED] that he resided at [REDACTED] Chicago, Illinois, and was employed by the [REDACTED], Terre Haute, Indiana. He drove a 1966 light green Chevrolet Impala with Massachusetts plates. [REDACTED] was reasonably certain that the plate number was [REDACTED], and said that the Kansas City Police Department was told of the incident.

b7(c)  
b7(D)

F B I

Date: 9-1-66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-35356)(157-1261)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM-C

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC) GAGE PARK AREA  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RM

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 13 copies and  
Atlanta four copies of a self-explanatory Letterhead Memorandum  
(LHM) concerning captioned matters.

Copies of this memorandum are not being disseminated  
locally inasmuch as the memorandum's contents is public  
knowledge and has been thoroughly reported in the Chicago Press  
Media.

This information is being furnished to the Bureau  
and Atlanta for information purposes in connection with KING's  
current activities in Chicago.

- 5 - Bureau (Encls. 13)  
(1 - COMINFIL SCLC) (1 - COMINFIL SNCC)
- 2 - Atlanta (Encls. 4)  
(1 - 100-5718) (1 - 100-5586) REC-67
- 6 - Chicago  
(1 - 157-413) (1 - 105-16238) (COMINFIL SCLC)  
(1 - 100-40342) (COMINFIL SNCC)  
(1 - 100-41635) (MONROE SHARP)

JHC:pag  
(13)

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.;

ISD, CRD, RAO, CERM

DATE FORW: 7/8/66

HOW FORW: R/S

BY: RLB/RL

1 SEP 7 1966

61 SEP 22 1966

INT. SEC.

UNCLASSIFIED

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M

Per 5180 RCB/RLB 11-14-79

UNREC COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN 100-439190-722



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No.  
Chicago 100-55356  
157-1261

Chicago, Illinois  
September / , 1966

11-14-79 5180 RCB/ EBM

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SECURITY MATTER-C

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC) GAGE PARK AREA  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

On September 1, 1966 [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised a representative of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that Dr. Martin Luther King, head of the SCLC, spoke at the Liberty Baptist Church, 4849 South Parkway, Chicago, during the evening of August 31, 1966, to an audience of approximately 2,000. Dr. King called the economic problem presently facing the Negro, the fundamental problem facing him. King said that the Negro's past significant victories in housing must be complemented with economic victories. b7(D)

[REDACTED] stated Dr. King's speech was interrupted by hecklers, who shouted "Black Power." King invited the spokesman for these hecklers to take the microphone and address the audience. Monroe Sharp, Director of the Chicago Chapter of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee came forward to the podium,

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SECURITY MATTER-C

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC) GAGE PARK AREA  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

took the microphone and chided those in the audience not to deal with Mayor Daley of Chicago because dealing with Mayor Daley means you are giving in to the economic power structure. According to Sharp Negroes should ultimately turn Daley out of office. Sharp further called upon Negroes to deal with the problems in their own areas before they go marching into other communities. Inasmuch as we (Negroes) want the right to stand on our own corner and call it ours.

[REDACTED] pointed out that no incidents arose around Sharp's speech and that Sharp received only scattered applause. Rally leaders did not challenge Sharp's remarks. Upon regaining the microphone Dr. King told Sharp his views were misguided. b7(D)

[REDACTED] related the meetings major message was that now the Chicago Freedom Movement was going after economic goals. The rally ended without any disorders, incidents or arrests, according to [REDACTED]

The "Chicago Tribune" newspaper, September 1, 1966, issue, carried an article entitled "King To Shift Emphasis To Job Protests." This article reflected in part:

The Reverend Martin Luther King, Jr., head of the Southern Christian Leadership conference, indicated last night that his Chicago Freedom movement will shift its major emphasis from housing to better jobs for Negroes.

Speaking before more than 2,000 persons at a rally in the Liberty Baptist church, 4849 South Parkway, Dr. King called the economic problem of the Negro "the fundamental problem facing him," and said, "Our past significant victories (in housing) must be complemented with economic victories."

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SECURITY MATTER-C

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC) GAGE PARK AREA  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

He said he will support the organization of unions in commercial and industrial firms which "employ Negroes in underpaid jobs."

#### URGES STRONG UNION

"Where Negroes are confined to the lowest paying jobs, they must get together to organize a union in order to have the kind of power that could enter into collective bargaining with their employers," he said.

Dr. King indicated he was willing to stage mass demonstrations should firms fail to recognize such unions.

"It may be necessary for 1,000 or 2,000 of us to go into a store and say we are going to try on clothes all day long," he warned.

The "Chicago Tribune" newspaper, September 1, 1966, issued, carried an article entitled "Heckler Tries, Fails to 'Overcome' King." This article reflected in part:

King and other leaders of the Chicago Freedom movement gave a preview of things to come now that a fair housing pact has been reached.

They announced this lineup of direct action activities planned in Chicago:

1. The organization of employees in all major stores on State Street and Michigan Avenue.
2. Aiding Negro property owners who are being re-located by urban renewal projects to obtain fair market values for their homes.
3. Stepping up rent strikes against landlords who do not improve their property.

F B I

Date: 9-2-66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1390)

SUBJECT: WEST SIDE ORGANIZATION FOR  
FULL EMPLOYMENT (WSO);  
CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE);  
OAKLAND COMMITTEE FOR COMMUNITY  
IMPROVEMENT (OCCI) AND POSSIBLE  
OTHER GROUPS; PROPOSED MARCH  
SEPTEMBER 4, 1966, TO CICERO, ILLINOIS  
RM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-16-87 BY SP4 JAM/L

6073

Re Chicago teletypes, Chicago telephone call to Bureau and Springfield teletype and telephone call to Chicago, all on 9/1/66. Chicago teletype, 9/1/66, captioned "CHANGED" CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE); OAKLAND COMMITTEE FOR COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT (OCCI) AND POSSIBLE OTHER GROUPS; PROPOSED MARCH SEPTEMBER 4, 1966, TO CICERO, ILLINOIS, RM."

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies of a Letterhead Memorandum (LHM) re captioned matter. One copy is being furnished Atlanta and one to Springfield for their information.

A copy is being furnished the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois.

b7(c) b7(D)

SA [REDACTED] was the recipient of information

Chicago following this matter and will advise the Bureau of developments.

5 - Bureau (Encls. 13) (RM)

(1) - 100-106670 (KING)

(1) - (SNCC)

1 - Atlanta (Info) (Encl. 1) (RM)

1 - Springfield (Info) (Encl. 1) (RM)

7 - Chicago

(1 - 100-11329) (CORE) (1 - 157-979) (OCCI) (1 - 100-35356) (KING)

(1 - 157-914) (ROBINSON) (1 - (SNCC) (1 - (R. LUCAS)

JDR:pag

ENCLOSURE

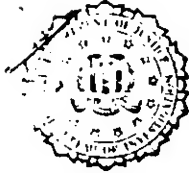
56 SEP 16 1966

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-106670-10



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.  
Chicago 157-1390

Chicago, Illinois  
September 2, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-80 BY SP4

WEST SIDE COMMUNICATION FOR  
FULL EMPLOYMENT (WSE);  
CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE);  
OAKLAND COMMITTEE FOR COMMUNITY  
IMPROVEMENT (OCCI) AND POSSIBLE  
OTHER GROUPS; PROPOSED MARCH  
SEPTEMBER 4, 1966, TO CICERO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

6076 Jlm/ld

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated September 1, 1966, bearing above caption.

[REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED], advised at 1:40 p.m. on September 1, 1966, that Martin Luther King and Jesse Jackson of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), Chester Robinson (WSO) and Frank Ditto (OCCI) met at 11:00 a.m. at 1527 West Roosevelt Road, Chicago, Illinois. This is the headquarters of WSO. Following the meeting, in joint press conference, King announced WSO would not march in Cicero Sunday, September 4, 1966. This announcement was confirmed in the press conference by Robinson. Representatives of CORE and the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee were not present and their plans were then unknown.

[REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised an agent of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at 2:25 p.m. on September 1, 1966, that Robert Lucas, chairman of the Chicago Chapter of CORE, had telephonically advised that CORE was the only organization marching in Cicero on September 4, 1966. Lucas reportedly stated he intended to pick up as many persons as possible for the march. [REDACTED] said no parade permit was issued but if Lucas continued to plan the march a permit would be issued to CORE after 10:00 a.m. September 2, 1966. [REDACTED] indicated the permit would be issued upon Governor Otto Kerner's insisting upon it as a pre-requisite to ordering out the National Guard.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

WEST SIDE ORGANIZATION FOR  
FULL EMPLOYMENT (WSO);  
CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE);  
OAKLAND COMMITTEE FOR COMMUNITY  
IMPROVEMENT (OCCI) AND POSSIBLE  
OTHER GROUPS; PROPOSED MARCH  
SEPTEMBER 4, 1966, TO CICERO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

---

[REDACTED], advised  
on September 1, 1966, that Robert Lucas during an interview  
on the same date stated CORE would march Sunday, September 4,  
1966, in Cicero with or without a parade permit even if the  
National Guard were not called for duty in Cicero. Lucas  
stated he did not know who was going to march since he could  
speak only for CORE. He stated he expected 1,000 marchers  
and anyone who wanted to march was welcome. He did not  
name any other organizations who would join CORE. He stated  
in referring to Martin Luther King that King can talk all he  
wants against the proposed CORE march but that CORE will march. b7(D)

The "Chicago Sun-Times" September 2, 1966, contained  
an article reporting that Chester Robinson and Frank Ditto  
announced a change in their plans in that they said they would  
"postpone" a demonstration in Cicero on September 4, 1966.  
This announcement was made after their meeting with Martin  
Luther King in Chicago. The article quotes Christy Berkos,  
Cicero City Attorney, saying "Lucas (Robert Lucas CORE Chicago  
Chapter chairman) promised me that it would be a non-  
violent march and that anybody with arms will be eliminated  
from his group. Lucas told me anybody who goes along must  
dance to his music. If (Governor) Kerner calls out the Guard  
(Berkos) will issue a permit." Ditto is reported as seconding  
the announcement of the postponement and said his organization  
(OCCI) will call off plans to visit Cicero churches Sunday.

Portions of the above information were furnished on  
September 1, 1966, to the following:

S. Davidson, Assistant United States Attorney,  
Chicago, Illinois;

[REDACTED] United States Secret Service,  
Chicago, Illinois;

[REDACTED] Region I, 113th INTC Group,  
Evanston, Illinois.

This confirms information furnished orally to  
Mr. Thomas McTiernan of the Criminal Division. b7(c)

September 8, 1966

REC 17  
EX-110

100-106670-2678

[REDACTED]  
Hutchinson, Kansas 67501

b7(c)

Dear [REDACTED]

Your letter of September 2nd, with enclosure, has been received.

In response to your inquiries, information in FBI files is confidential, due to regulations of the Department of Justice. I am sure you can understand the reasons for such a policy.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover  
Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4 JRM/ML  
6076  
del

NOTE: Correspondent enclosed a stamped self-addressed envelope which is being utilized in reply. [REDACTED] is not identifiable in Bufiles.

DCL:jdb

(3)

MAILED 3

SEP 8 - 1966

COMM-FBI

b7(c)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_

70 SEP 15 1966

[REDACTED] b7(c)  
HUTCHINSON, KANSAS

9--2--66.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,  
Washington- D. C.,  
Dear Mr. Hoover-

In the Butler County American- Hamilton, Ohio,- for August 27 there is a picture of a group at a Communist Training School which shows what purports to be a picture of DR. Martin Luther King in attendance at the school at Monteagle, Tenn.

Please tell me whether this is possible- Was he there? and has he ever been a member of any Communist group?

Sincerely-  
[REDACTED] b7(c)  
EX-110

REC 17

100-106670-2678

SEP 12 1966

CORRESPONDENCE

FBI WASH DC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 6 1966

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI CHICAGO

123A PM CDST URGENT 9-6-66 HRF

TO DIRECTOR AND ATLANTA

FROM CHICAGO (100-35356)

REC-16

SUBJ: ALLEGATION BY [REDACTED], AKA [REDACTED] OF  
PLOT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, NINE  
SIX SIXTYSIX. INFORMATION CONCERNING. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] WHO FURNISHED VARIOUS SPELLINGS FOR NAME, CONTACTED  
CHICAGO OFFICE TWELVE ZERO FIVE A.M. NINE SIX INSTANT ADVISING  
THAT LAST NIGHT (NINE FIVE LAST) HE "JOINED THE NAZIS" [REDACTED] THEN  
FURNISHED CONFLICTING AND NEBULOUS STORIES CONCERNING OFFER MAKE TO HIM  
TO KILL KING, WHEN KING RETURNS TO CHICAGO IN EXCHANGE FOR SAFETY  
OF [REDACTED] WIFE AND CHILD.

DESCRIBED SELF AS VETERAN OF ONE ZERO ONE AIRBORNE DIV., NATIVE  
OF OHIO, AND EXPERT "VARMINT" SHOOTER, WITH HIGH POWERED RIFLE  
COLLECTION.

WHEN [REDACTED] PRESSED FOR DETAILS, VARIED STORY AND IMPOSSIBLE TO  
GET LOGICAL, COHERENT STORY. IN GENERAL, FOLLOWING EMERGED: DISCUSSION  
[REDACTED] INN HELD EARLY EVENING NINE FIVE LAST CONCERNING  
RACIAL UNREST CHICAGO. [REDACTED] PRESENT, AS WAS A WHITE, FEMALE, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (PH) [REDACTED] TOOK [REDACTED] TO MEETING IN [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] A RESIDENT AT [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] AND THREE OTHERS, TWO OF WHOM MALES, PRESENT AT [REDACTED]

END PAGE ONE  
61 SEP 15 1966

UNCLASSIFIED

11-14-79 REC/Chm 5180

16 SEP 8 1966



PAGE TWO

MEETING, BUT IDENTITIES UNKNOWN, [REDACTED] FIRST ADVISED THAT AT MEETING HE WAS ASIGNED TO SHOOT KING, IN RETURN FOR FAMILIES SAFETY, LATER STATED THAT HE WAS TOLD BY [REDACTED] HAS FAMILY WOULD BE KILLED IF HE DID NOT ATTEND MEETING, THIS PRIOR TO MENTION OF KILLING KING. FINALLY [REDACTED] ADVISED WAS TOLD HE MUST "COOPERATE" BEFORE SUNRISE, SO HE "JOINED" THEM , BUT DENIED KNOWLEDGE THEY WERE NAZIS. DESCRIBED HIMSELF AS SYMPATHETIC TO JOHN BRICH SOCIETY IDEAS, BUT NO NAZI. b7(c)

WAS ADVISED FBI DOES NOT AFFORD PROTECTION TO INDIVIDUALS, AND OFFERED NO OBJECTION TO INFORMATION OR IDENTITY BEING FURNISHED TO CHICAGO PD, OR SUBSEQUENT POLICE INTERVIEW. DURING CONTACT [REDACTED] HUNGUP ON ONE OCCASION, WAS SUBSEQUENTLY RECONTACTED AT PHONE NO., FURNISHED BY HIM AS THAT OF [REDACTED] INN.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

[REDACTED] DID NOT POSSESS ADDITIONAL BACKGROUND INFORMATION RE  
[REDACTED] SEEMED SOBER BUT UNABLE TO RELATE CONSISTENT STORY WHEN  
PRESSED FOR DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBJECTS AT MEETING, UNABLE TO PROVIDE  
SAME, STATING TOO FRIGHTENED TO RECALL, AT ONE TIME ADVISING HE HAD  
RUN OUT OF MEETING, BY WAY OF BACK STAIRS. b7(c)

ABOVE INFORMATION, INCLUDING [REDACTED] ADDRESS AND HAVE PHONE NO.,  
PROVIDED CB PD DEPT. SUPERINTENDANTS OFFICE. CHICAGO CONDUCTING NO  
ADDITIONAL INVESTIGATION; INDICES REFLECT NO INFORMATION IDENTIFIABLE  
WITH [REDACTED] OR [REDACTED]

LHM FOLLOWS. SS, MILITARY, AND USA ADVISED. ATLANTA ADVISE ATLANTA PD  
END

~~WACORR PAGE ONE LINE 14 LAST WRD PILED UP HERE~~

~~DISCUSSION IN~~

JMS

FBI WASH DC

TU CLR

DIRECTOR, FBI

9/6/66

SAC, ATLANTA

[REDACTED]  
IS - CUBA  
Bufile: 100-387728

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C  
Atlanta file 100-5586  
Bufile: 100-106670

b7(c)  
ALL INFORMATION  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4 JPM/d  
6071

Re WFO airtel to Bureau 8/12/66 captioned  
as above and LHM of same date captioned [REDACTED]

Review of Atlanta files concerning MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. through the forepart of 1961, reflects no information indicating KING was in Cuba during the summer of 1960. It is noted, however, that as of 1960 KING was not the subject of an active investigation by Atlanta.

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
  - 2 - Charlotte (RM)
    - (1 - 100-7670) [REDACTED]
  - 2 - WFO (RM)
    - (1 - 105-15205) [REDACTED]
    - (1 - 100-40164) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - 2 - Atlanta
    - (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
- AGS:cmp  
(8)

b7(c)  
100-106670-  
NOT RECORDED  
201 SEP 8 1966

64 SEP 13 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN

L. H. FOUNTAIN  
SECOND DISTRICT  
NORTH CAROLINA

HOME ADDRESS:  
TARBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

Congress of the United States  
House of Representatives  
Washington, D.C.

September 1, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4JRM/ML

The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Just for my personal information, I  
will appreciate any facts or information you may be able  
to supply concerning the Mrs. Brown referred to in the  
attached news story from the Raleigh, North Carolina  
NEWS & OBSERVER.

Any comments or information you can  
appropriately supply in confidence or otherwise in con-  
nection with the subject matter of the story will be sin-  
cerely appreciated.

Thanking you for your cooperation and  
with every good wish, I am

Sincerely,

100-106670-

NOT RECORDED  
102 SEP 8 1966

L. H. Fountain  
L. H. Fountain

ENCLOSURE

LHF/lcl

Confidentially -  
Several Constituency organizations (negro) in  
my section would like to write her to  
be heard, but wanted to know how  
responsible she is really.  
L. H. F.

SEP 2 1966

Confidentially - Several Constituency organizations (Negro)  
in my section would like to write to her to be heard, but  
wanted to know how responsible she is really. L. H. F.

57 SEP 12 1966

CORRESPONDENCE

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Wick  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

30 SEP 2

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-39210

# Mrs. Brown Says King's Group 'A Front for Communist Cause'

By KINNON McLAMB

If you can imagine the Paul Revere story recast with a Negro woman in the leading role, you're beginning to get the scene in a conference room Friday at the Sir Walter Hotel.

All you have to do is substitute the Reds for the Redcoats, and the bright lights of television cameras for the moonlight of a Massachusetts countryside, and the script is complete.

Mrs. Julia Brown came all the way from Massachusetts to warn Raleigh that the Reds are coming. They are found wherever the civil rights movement is most active, she said, and the civil rights movement will become quite active here Sunday when Dr. Martin Luther King speaks at Reynolds Coliseum.

Mrs. Brown, soon after her arrival, gave a press preview of an address she made Friday night at Memorial Auditorium on the topic, "Martin Luther King and His Communist Affiliations."

She was introduced by Dr. LeRoy Allen, head of the local Truth About Civil Turmoil (TACT) committee, which sponsored her visit.

Mrs. Brown, a plump but neatly attractive matron of light complexion, spoke casually as she outlined a career that, she said, has made her well versed in Communist activities in the United States.

She joined a civil rights organization in 1947 and discovered the next day that her membership card bore insignia of the Communist Party. After nine months, which included a Communist school that taught hatred of employers, she reported her experiences to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

In 1951 she rejoined the group at the FBI's request, and was an undercover agent for nine years. In 1952, she read to the House Un-American Activities Committee the names of 120 persons she said were communists.

The smile and the casual manner yielded to fervor when Mrs. Brown was questioned on her topic of the day.

Martin Luther King is "not only an enemy to our country, but an enemy to the Negro people," she said.

"I'm not here to make wild statements and accuse innocent people of being Communists," she said. "He is following the Communist line, he's just as dangerous as any Communist."

"He is being used by the Communist Party, and in turn he is using uninformed Negroes."

Later she added, "He is not a Communist dupe; he knows what he's doing."

She was asked to clarify the charge of King's Communist "affiliations," and gave the names of three northern men she said are Communist intimates of the civil rights leader.

"The Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) was headed by King."

"A civil front," she said, "was set up to give the SCLC a more favorable public opinion."

"You're not getting on the spot," she said, as she glared at a man who pursued the matter. "I have documentary evidence to get involved in a malice libel suit."

Mrs. Brown said that her speaking tour is being financed by an affiliate of the SCLC in Belmont, N.J., which is not "supported" by the city.

"I'm not supporting Brown," she said. "I'm supporting the American people's movement."

Dr. Allen said that after meeting with her, he associated with the SCLC, though he said several other church members have joined the group.

Mrs. Brown said that violence is the result of civil rights activity, and she goes.

## OPPOSE:

### INTEGRATION

Because the Bible says: "(God) hath made of blood all nations of men for to dwell on all face of the earth, and hath determined the times before appointed, and the BOUNDS OF their HABITATION." Acts 17:26

### CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE

Because the Bible says: "Submit yourselves to every ordinance of man for the Lord's sake; . . . As free, and NOT USING YOUR LIBERTY as a CLOAK OF MALICIOUSNESS, but as the servants of God." 1 Peter 2:13-16

### MARTIN LUTHER KING

Because RIOT, BLOODSHED, DISORDER, CONFUSION follow him and his associates. The circumstances of the Negro are worsened, not helped by him. The Communist cause is promoted.

ARE NOT OPPOSED TO THE BETTERMENT OF THE NEGRO, EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES, AND HIS EQUAL RIGHTS.

September 2, 1966

REC-138 100-106670-2676

EX-110

b7(c)

Marion, South Dakota 57043

Dear [REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4JON/ML

REC'D-READING ROOM

SEP 2 12 10 PM '66

6076

Your letter of August 28th has been  
received.

Although I would like to be of service,  
information contained in the files of the FBI must be  
maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations  
of the Department of Justice. I know you will understand  
the reason for this policy.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles. Martin  
Luther King and the National Association for the Advancement  
of Colored People are well known to the Bureau.

BGH:car

(3) car

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAILED 2  
SEP 2 - 1966  
COMM-FBI

61 SEP 21 1966

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

2 Key  
W/A  
D  
BE  
24  
JW

John  
BIO

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-14-81 BY SP4JMM

Marion, So. Dak.  
August, 28, 1966

6074

Federal Bureau Of Investigation,  
Washington, D. C.

Because of rumors and charges going about, I would like to  
have a few questions answered:

1. Is Dr. Martin Luther King a Communist?
2. Has J. Edgar Hoover publicly called him a Communist?
3. Has Dr. King ever been a Communist?
4. Is he in any way connected with Moscow?
5. Is the National Association for the Advancement of Colored  
People a Communistic organization? Is it "Infiltrated"?
6. Which of the organizations working for equal rights for  
negroes are Communistic or so inspired?

If you do not answer questions for individuals, where could  
I obtain answers to the above questions?

Thank you very much.

100-106670

Marion, So. Dak. 57043

Marion, So. Dak. 57043

ack  
9-2-66  
B.G.H. CAR

REC-138  
EX-110

100-106670-2674

SEP-7-1966

RESPONSE

FBI

Date: 8-25-66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

Via AIRTEL

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
 FROM SAC, SPRINGFIELD (100-10392)  
 RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
 SM - C

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of letterhead memorandum which is self-explanatory.

Enclosed for Atlanta and Chicago are four and three copies respectively of this same LHM.

Atlanta and Chicago are requested to contact sources to verify KING's visit to Springfield and furnish same to Bureau and Springfield.

- 100 922 94D
- 11/27/79  
UNCLASSIFIED  
9803 RSP/28
- ④ - Bureau ③ - 100-106670 (Encs. 11)  
 (1 - 100-438794) (RM, AIRMAIL)  
 4 - Atlanta (2 - 100-5586 (Encs. 4)  
 (1 - 100-15718 (SCLC)  
 (1 - 157-621 (ANDREW YOUNG) (RM, AM)  
 3 - Chicago (2 - 100-35356 (Encs. 3)  
 (1 - 105-16238 (SCLC) (RM)  
 2 - Springfield (2 - 100-10392)  
 1 - 100-10323)

FBB:VLS

REC 53

100-106670-2675

11 AUG 29 1966

AGENCY: AGCI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.  
 DEPT: ISD, CDD, RAO

DATE FORW: 8/31/66

HOW FORW: R/S

BY: PFB/104

57 SEP 8 1966

100-438794-  
UNREC COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Springfield, Illinois  
August 25, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

The "Illinois State Register", a daily newspaper published at Springfield, Illinois, in the issue printed August 24, 1966, had the following front-page article:

"King Expected Here Sept. 24

"Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., chairman of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, is expected to be in Springfield Sept. 24, for an address at the Illinois Associated Press luncheon at the Statehouse Inn.

"Dr. King, leader of the recent demonstrations for open housing in Chicago, said if he is called away by another appointment, his substitute will be the Rev. Andrew J. Young, King's chief aide. Young is executive director of the SCLC and also active in the Chicago marches.

"There will be a question and answer period following the speech."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

11/27/79  
UNCLASSIFIED

9803 Rdd 100

100-106670-2675

ENCLOSURE

August 30, 1966

REC 20 100-106670-2674

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4 JRM/ma  
6076

[REDACTED]  
Sinton, Texas 78387

Dear [REDACTED]

Your letter of August 19th has been received.

Although I would like to be of service, information contained in the files of the FBI must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice. Therefore, you can be assured that I have never made a statement connecting Martin Luther King with the organization you mentioned.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Aug 30 9 34 AM '66  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

MAILED 3

AUG 30 1966

COMM-FBI

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record identifiable with correspondent.

EFT:gdc (3)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

55 SEP 12 1966

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

[REDACTED]  
SINTON, TEXAS

Aug. 19, 1966

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover;

Recently I was astounded when  
my pastor read at great length an article by  
Mr. Martin Luther King.

Did I not read where you said  
that he had connections with the Communist party  
and was the biggest liar in America.?

Am I right in thinking this  
or did I dream such?.

Yours truly,

b7(c)

*signed  
Spencer*  
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP-1104

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

1-16-81 SP-1104  
6076

*ack 8/29/66 gke  
8/29/66 mmd*

REC 20

100-10670-2074

11 AUG 30 1966

16  
CORRESPONDENCE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : The Director

DATE: 8-26-66

FROM : N. P. Callahan

SUBJECT: The Congressional Record

Pages 19885-19886. Congressman Andrews, (D) Alabama, spoke concerning an article written by Peter H. Prugh entitled "Selma in Chicago?—Civil Rights Marchers Hit A Nerve In North: Open Housing" which appeared in the August 24 issue of the Wall Street Journal. Mr. Andrews pointed out that Mr. Prugh describes the activities of Martin Luther King. . . . Martin Luther King is the same man that Mr. J. Edgar Hoover described as being 'the most notorious liar in America.' Mr. Hoover made that statement in November 1963, and as of today—August 25, 1966—Mr. Hoover has not retracted that statement. I have an idea that Mayor Daley is inclined to agree with Mr. Hoover." Mr. Andrews included Mr. Prugh's article with his remarks.

Original filed in: 66-1731-2

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-87 BY SP4JBN/LL  
6076

100-106670  
NOT RECORDED  
170 SEP 1 1966

In the original of a memorandum captioned and dated as above, the Congressional Record for [redacted] was reviewed and pertinent items were [redacted] the Director's attention. This form has been prepared in order that portions of a copy of the original memorandum may be clipped, mounted, and placed

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
FBI

Date: 8-26-66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK  
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RM

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS  
PARTY (NSRP)  
RM  
(ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
(ANP)  
RM  
(ORGANIZATION)

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, etc.

Date Forw. AUG 30 1966

How Forw. P - 1

By: [Signature]

1 RACIAL UNIT

Remytels 8/25/66

⑦ - Bureau (Encls. 15) (RM)

(1 - 100-438794)

(COMINFIL NOT RECORDED)

(1 - 105-70374)

(ANP)

167 SEP 2 1966

(1 - 105-66253)

(NSRP)

① - 100-106670

(KING)

16 AUG 29 1966

1 - Atlanta (Enc. 1) (INFO) (RM)

(1 - 100-5718)

1 - Los Angeles (Enc. 1) (INFO) (RM)

(1 - 157- )

(Rev. CHARLES (CONNIE) LYNCH)

1 - Savannah (Enc. 1) (INFO) (RM)

(1 - 105- )

(NSRP)

CLASS. &amp; EXT. BY 3180 RCD/Em

9 - Chicago

REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2

(1 - 157-413)

DATE OF REVIEW 5-2-66

(1 - 105-16238)

(COMINFIL - SCLC)

(1 - 157-3)

(ANP)

56 SEP 14 1966 on 11 page

JDR:pma

(19)

Approved:

Sent

M. Der

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

157-6-9-2267

ORIGINAL FILED

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CG 157-1261

1 - 105-4630	(NSRP)
1 - 100-3536	(KING)
1 - 157-964	(DITTO)
1 - 157-979	(OCCI)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CG 157-1261

Enclosed for the Bureau are 15 copies of a letterhead memorandum regarding captioned matter. One copy is being furnished Atlanta, Los Angeles and Savannah.

Chicago agents receiving information set out in the letterhead memorandum were:

Field Supervisor [REDACTED]  
Information from [REDACTED]

b7(c), b7(d)

IC [REDACTED]  
Information from anonymous female  
caller regarding disposition of surplus  
guns by Cicero Police Department.

b7(c)

SA [REDACTED]  
Regarding sales of archery  
equipment.

b7(c)

SA [REDACTED]  
Information from [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
Cicero, Illinois.

b7(c), b7(d)

[REDACTED] Attorney for [REDACTED] is  
identical with the subject of Bureau file 100-435000.

b7(c)

b(1)

Chicago is following this matter and will keep the Bureau apprised of pertinent development.

One copy each of instant letterhead memo is being furnished the U.S. Attorney, Chicago, and to Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston.

- 2 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
AUG, 26, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK  
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 12-2-80 BY SP4 JPM/AT  
6076

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS  
PARTY (NSRP)  
RACIAL MATTER  
(ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
(ANP)  
RACIAL MATTER  
(ORGANIZATION)

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August  
25, 1966, captioned as above.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

ENCLOSURE

100-106670-5



XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

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[REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised on August 23, 1966, that the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) demonstration for that date would be held in the area of Hanson Park in the Belmont-Cragin area of Chicago. Demonstrators were to assemble at 2:30 p.m. at 3101 West Warren Boulevard, where a meeting would be held and the group would proceed to Hanson Park. They were to wait at the Park until 6:30 p.m., and conduct a march until sunset. The line of march was to be:

North on Central to Fullerton, East on Fullerton to Laramie, South on Laramie to Palmer, West on Palmer to Lemon, North on Lemon to Fullerton, West on Fullerton to Central, thence to the Park.

It may be noted that Hanson Park has been utilized previously by the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) as a point of assembly prior to marches into the Belmont-Cragin area, and large groups of white persons, principally teenagers, have gathered and heckled, throwing rocks and firecrackers at demonstrators.

[REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised on August 23, 1966, a meeting had been held with representatives of the Commission on Human Relations (CHR), Cook County Sheriff Richard B. Ogilvie, Cicero, Illinois City Attorney Christy S. Berkos, and Dr. Alvin Pitcher of the CFM. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss a march scheduled by the CFM in Cicero, Illinois, Sunday, August 29, 1966. It was expected the marchers would approximate 1,500. The line of march, which at the time was confidential, was to be:

Assembly at 2:30 p.m. at 3101 West Warren Boulevard, Chicago, with a probable departure time approximately 3:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. Marchers would assemble on the South side of Cermak Road at South Kostner, then proceed on foot West on Cermak to Cicero Avenue (4800 West and located in Cicero, Illinois). The marchers would proceed South on the West side of Cicero to 24th Street, West on the North side of 24th Street to Central Avenue, North on the east side of Central to Cermak, and East on the South side of Cermak to Kostner where the group would disband. Prayer vigils were to take place at the James C. Soper Realty Office, 5003 Cermak Road, and Higgins Realty, 5001 Cermak Road, both Cicero, Illinois.

The possibility existed the marchers would be permitted to use the streets instead of parading on the sidewalks. This would be of assistance to protect the forces since the marchers would be enabled to march about twelve abreast. Pitcher presented a letter to Berkos requesting a parade permit and the indication was it would be issued.

[REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised on August 25, 1966, that at 5:15 p.m., fifteen cars transporting approximately 90 persons moved from 3101 West Warren Boulevard, to Hanson Park, in the vicinity of Grand (2000 North) and Central (5600 West), and arrived at the Park at 5:36 p.m. without incident. Demonstrators assembled in the Park to begin their march at approximately 6:30 p.m. They were to conduct prayer vigils at the following realty offices:

Whitney and Ciancio  
2551 North Laramie;

Parker - Finney  
5043 West Fullerton;

Zygmunt  
5200 West Fullerton

Martin Luther King was scheduled to speak at the Liberty Baptist Church, 4849 South South Park, Chicago, at 8:00 p.m. on August 25, 1966.

[REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised that meetings between city and CPN representatives have continued on a daily basis, and a summit meeting between them is scheduled for August 26, 1966, and would include King and Mayor Richard J. Daley, Chicago.

A subcommittee of the Chicago Committee on Race and Religion has listed eight points of agreement as follows:

CCHR will initiate an expanded program enforcing fair housing laws.

The Conference on Religion and Race would institute permanent organizations representing city, business, industry, finance, real estate, labor, and civic groups to police and promote open housing.

**Equal mortgage lending service.**

**Federal agencies will be asked to withhold mortgage support from firms practicing discrimination.**

**Chicago Real Estate Board to notify members of obligations in regard to housing laws.**

**Chicago Housing Authority will limit the height of its housing structures to eight stories.**

**Relocation activities on non-discriminatory by Urban Renewal Authorities.**

**The Cook County Department of Public Aid will obtain housing for welfare recipients despite city racial boundaries.**

**The press in Chicago has speculated that acceptance of the above points at the summit meeting may lead to cancellation of the August 28, 1966, march in Cicero.**

**Following are the proposals for reform which were submitted by the CFM on August 17, 1966:**

TO ACHIEVE JUSTICE AND MAKE CHICAGO AN OPEN CITY

Reforms Proposed by the Chicago Freedom Movement -- August 17, 1966

1. The Mayor should immediately launch a new program to enforce the Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance effectively and vigorously everywhere in the city.

Specifically, we ask as 1st steps of such a good faith program:

- a) That the city policy of equal housing opportunity and a digest of the ordinance be required to be posted on the windows of all real estate offices in the city.
- b) That the City of Chicago test real estate offices for compliance with the law all over the city and on a year-round basis.
- c) That the City of Chicago launch a program of initiating complaints against violators of the ordinance all over the city and on a year-round basis.
- d) That the city hire additional people to enforce the law and act on complaints within 48 hours as is done by other city agencies where inspection reveals violations of liquor and food laws.
- e) That the licenses of real estate brokers found in clear violation of the law be immediately suspended.
- f) That the city seek the authority for a more powerful fair housing ordinance, one which would apply to property owners as well as to real estate brokers.

2. The Chicago Real Estate Board should:

- a) Immediately withdraw its support of the suit contesting the legality of the Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance.
- b) Withdraw its opposition to the Governor's fair housing executive order and to the fair housing provision of the 1966 federal civil rights bill and persuade other realtor groups to cease their warfare against the order and the proposed federal legislation.
- c) pledge to support an effective state fair housing law, one which applies to property owners as well as brokers, in the coming session of the state legislature.

3. The Chicago Housing Authority should adopt a policy of no more high rise public housing projects in the Negro ghetto and in high density areas. All groups present should support the CHA in such a policy.
4. The Cook County Department of Public Aid should end the containment policy of seeking housing for and placing Negro families solely in ghetto communities.
5. The Urban Renewal program should adopt a policy of using its relocation services to break down segregation barriers and to promote an open city.
6. Savings and Loan Associations and other financial institutions should adopt an effective policy of equal service and lend mortgage money to qualified Negro families for purchase of housing anywhere in the metropolitan area.
7. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation should suspend from membership any bank or savings and loan association which is found guilty of practicing racial discrimination in the provision of financial services to the public.
8. The Association of Commerce and Industry and the Chicago Federation of Labor-Industrial Union Council should pledge support of these reforms, and initiate vigorous education programs among their members on the morality of an open city. Business and labor leaders should also use their financial resources to build integrated low and middle income housing in areas outside the ghetto.
9. Religion leaders should pledge support of these reforms and initiate vigorous programs in closed communities on the morality of an open city. Religious institutions should also pledge financial support for the construction of integrated low and middle income housing in areas outside the ghetto.

Also found below are the proposals of Ely M. Aaron,  
Chairman, CCHR, on August 17, 1966:

Proposals  
of  
Rev. M. Aaron, Chairman  
Chicago Commission on Human Relations  
August 17, 1966

I want to thank the Chicago Conference on Religion and Race for taking the initiative in convening this conference. I believe I express the appreciation of the entire community in thanking the civic, business, labor, religious, and civil rights leaders who are present today around the conference table to resolve grave issues that confront us.

To assist in the constructive resolution of these issues, I personally wish to recommend that we conscientiously consider and seek to agree on the following matters. I wish to emphasize that these are proposals aimed at uniting us in a common purpose. We seek to open up opportunities throughout the entire metropolis, city and suburb, opportunities for freedom of residence and for all the other rights which are every man's inheritance under our law.

These are the proposals:

1. Inasmuch as the Circuit Court of Cook County has upheld Chicago's Fair Housing Ordinance the Chicago Real Estate Board recommend to all brokers that they comply, in letter and spirit, with the ordinance and with Governor Kerner's recent Executive Order. It is clear that many brokers are already faithfully observing the law.
2. The Chicago Real Estate Board establish a special subcommittee to work with similar subcommittees of the Commission on Human Relations and the Chicago Conference on Religion and Race to help work out guidelines for real estate brokers to implement the provisions of the Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance.
3. The Chicago Mortgage Bankers Association and the Cook County Council of Insured Savings Associations call upon their members to make mortgage loans in the city and suburbs without regard to religion, nationality, color or race.
4. The Commission on Human Relations give top priority to the investigation and the prompt resolution of complaints filed under the Chicago Fair Housing



5. The Coordinating Council of Community Organizations, the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and other civil rights groups call an immediate moratorium on marches into the neighborhoods to avoid turning these communities into battlegrounds for extremist and racist elements who are now flocking to these neighborhoods to foment more trouble, to prevent injuries to innocent citizens and to stop aggravating further the wounds of racial division, thus making it even harder to achieve reconciliation and freedom of residence in these neighborhoods.

6. With the help of the Illinois Commission on Human Relations, suburban communities hold "summit conferences" patterned after the one being held today.

7. The various suburbs follow the positive example of fair housing leadership set by Skokie, Park Forest and other suburbs and adopt fair housing ordinances similar to the one recently adopted by Maywood.

8. The North Suburban Real Estate Board, the Evanston-North Shore Board of Realtors, the Kane County Association of Real Estate Boards, the LaGrange Real Estate Board, the Waukegan-Lake County Board of Realtors, the Southwest Suburban Board of Realtors, the Oak Park Board of Realtors, the DuPage Board of Realtors, the Northwest Suburban Board of Realtors, the West Towns Board of Realtors, and the Aurora Board of Realtors immediately recommend their broker members that they comply in letter and spirit, with any local ordinance and with Governor Kerner's recent Executive Order.

9. In the city and suburb, public, parochial and other private school systems review their curriculums in order to improve teaching of young people to respect and comply with law and to recognize the rights of others regardless of religion, race or nationality.

10. In the entire metropolitan area churches and synagogues establish new educational projects to influence adults, especially parents, to respect the human rights of all others.

11. With the help of representatives of the real estate and housing industry from the suburbs and neighborhoods of the city, the Chicago Conference on Religion and Race set up a fair housing center which would have the following objectives:

- a) provide information to anyone requesting it, on fair housing and help in finding suitable housing;
- b) interpret and support fair housing laws and ordinances;
- and c) motivate people to take advantage of equal opportunities in housing.

There is included an additional statement of the Chicago Real Estate Board before the meeting called by the Conference on Race and Religion on August 7, 1966, and the statement of the Chicago Real Estate Board before the meeting on that date.

The Chicago Real Estate Board is an organization whose members are not subject to its control, beyond forfeiture of membership. As a voluntary association, it cannot dictate policy in social matters to its members, and certainly not to the customers of its members. Each individual broker conducts his business in the framework of his role as an agent under contract and his local situation. We, of course, urge our members to obey the law, but we leave the interpretation of the Chicago Ordinance to the individual broker in consultation with his attorney.

As specific recommendations, we suggest the following.

(1) A market research organization should be employed to make an objective survey, to determine the actual attitude of the people. This survey should be undertaken on a sampling basis, limited to buildings not managed by Realtor firms.

(2) Since the problem of integration varies from community to community—we recommend that conferences be organized at the community level with local civic leaders to seek concrete action attuned to the community's needs.

ROSS J. BEATTY  
PRESIDENT

### ADDITIONAL STATEMENT OF THE CHICAGO REAL ESTATE BOARD BEFORE THE MEETING CALLED BY THE CONFERENCE ON RACE AND RELIGION

Wednesday, August 17, 1966

Responsive to the suggestions made during the August 17 group meeting—the Board of Directors of the Chicago Real Estate Board has authorized this statement.

1. As a leadership organization in Chicago, we state the fundamental principle that freedom of choice in housing is the right of every citizen. We believe all citizens should accept and honor that principle.

2. We reiterate our belief that progress in race relations can be produced only under a favorable climate—and that the technique of street demonstrations will harden bigotry and slow down the progress. If demonstrations do not terminate promptly we may lose control of our membership and be unable to fulfill the commitments we have here undertaken.

3. We have reflected carefully and have decided we will—as a Chicago organization—withdraw all opposition to the philosophy of open occupancy legislation at the state level—provided it is applicable to owners as well as to brokers—and we reserve the right to criticize detail as distinguished from philosophy—and we will request the state association of Real Estate Boards to do likewise but we cannot dictate to them.

4. We respond to the Human Relations Commission by stating we will effectively remind our members it is their duty to obey the Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance as their lawyers interpret its meaning. We do not accept the Governor's order as proper and will not ask compliance so long as it is under injunction. We accept the Commission's invitation to appoint a committee to help clarify the detailed application and meaning of the ordinance.

We object to the proposal by the Freedom Movement that the City or Citizens engage in testing real estate offices—this is unwarranted harassment.

5. We cannot sacrifice the principles we have espoused in our objection to the constitutionality of the Chicago ordinance—as requested by the Chicago Freedom Movement.

ROSS J. BEATTY  
PRESIDENT

#### ON THE COVER

Private patio garden is one of the many features provided by the new Westgate Terrace development. Each town house and apartment duplex has its own enclosed rear patio garden for outdoor entertaining. Westgate Terrace is accessible to the University of Illinois Circle Campus and the West Side Market.

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Greenebaum provided a \$20,000,000 mortgage to finance the Oster Drive East, world's largest apartment building, Randolph Street and the lake in downtown Chicago.

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120 South LaSalle Street  
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Financial 6-5454

America's Oldest

*Page 1*  
STATEMENT OF THE CHICAGO REAL ESTATE BOARD BEFORE THE  
MEETING CALLED BY THE CONFERENCE ON RELIGION AND RACE

Wednesday, August 17, 1966

The representatives of the Chicago Real Estate Board welcome the opportunity to discuss the racial problem in Chicago, of which we are very much aware. We advised Dr. King several weeks ago that we were ready to meet with him and Mr. Raby under the proper circumstances. We consider this occasion meets this criterion as we are gathered with civic leaders to discuss a mutual problem. We are not here to negotiate as we do not feel that the problem is one that can be solved by the real estate industry on one side and the seekers of civil rights on the other side. Rather, we feel that this is a city-wide problem which should best be discussed by leaders of the city, of which we are one. We do not apologize for the course we have followed on this subject, in fact, we are proud of the fact that a number of Realtor members are Negroes. We feel that our members have taken their position in their community and done their best with this difficult problem.

We reiterate the fact that not all real estate brokers are Realtors. Only those affiliated with an association recognized by the National Association of Real Estate Boards are designated as Realtors. Our association has no direct relationship with those licensees in real estate who are not members and therefore do not necessarily adhere to our code of ethics.

To get this problem in focus, and to eliminate misunderstanding so that an effective approach can be developed, it is essential that the position of the Realtor be clearly understood. The Realtor accepting a listing from a property owner acts in the position of an agent. The Realtor does not own or control the product he offers. The relationship is the same as if the property owner had employed the Realtor to do a specific job of selling or renting his property. As a result of this agency relationship, the Realtor is bound by the conditions imposed by the property owner, written or implied. Under the law, the property owner has an individual right to sell or rent his home to whomever he chooses.

After many years of living on the firing line, Realtors have concluded that they cannot persuade the property owner, by whom they are employed, to take a particular position. Rather, they have concluded that this motivation must come from the people in the local community. When this event occurs, the Realtor will accommodate himself to this procedure and cooperate in aiding the property owner to bring about a successful conclusion.

We feel that, in this difficult and frustrating situation, it is only human nature to select someone to blame. Many people, with the very best of intentions, have erroneously attacked the real estate industry as being the cause of this problem. The more the Realtor is attacked, the more difficult becomes his job. The problem rests directly on the shoulders of the people. The Realtor, as an agent, is representing people and therefore either does what the client requests or he goes out of business.

We would like to suggest to the civil rights group that their policy in this particular respect may be in error. This particular problem is a delicate and difficult one. We feel that progress has been made by quiet persuasion. The problem will not be solved until whites voluntarily accept non-whites as neighbors, instead of fleeing as soon as a non-white moves in. It is our considered and honest opinion that the present marches are setting back the cause tremendously by developing bitterness in areas where some light was beginning to appear.

We have been asked why the real estate field has resisted the open occupancy laws. Our answer is again to emphasize the fact that the Realtor is an agent, and as such he represents the attitude and opinion of his clients; thus, he feels that it incumbent upon him as an agent to resist laws that will force individuals he serves to act contrary to their desires. We also feel that the sale of an individual home is something that should not be controlled by law, and we do not feel that an open occupancy law would solve the problem. There is abundant evidence that even with state open occupancy laws, the flight from the city by whites does not cease.

The present Chicago ordinance states that it is against the law for a real estate broker to discriminate because of race, creed or color. Does this mean that he may not accept a discriminatory listing? If it does, and if 95% of the people refuse to enter

Kerner edict apply to the broker alone and not to the property owner.

The Chicago Real Estate Board is an organization whose members are not subject to its control, beyond forfeiture of membership. As a voluntary association, it cannot dictate policy in social matters to its members, and certainly not to the customers of its members. Each individual broker conducts his business in the framework of his role as an agent under contract and his local situation. We, of course, urge our members to obey the law, but we leave the interpretation of the Chicago Ordinance to the individual broker in consultation with his attorney.

As specific recommendations, we suggest the following.

- (1) A market research organization should be employed to make an objective survey, as indicated below, to determine the actual attitude of the people. This survey should be undertaken on a sampling basis, limited to buildings not managed by Realtor firms.
- (2) Since the problem of integration varies from community to community - we recommend that conferences be organized at the community level with local civic leaders to seek concrete action attuned to the community's needs.

ROSS J. BEATTY  
PRESIDENT

\*\*\*\*\*

SUGGESTED SURVEY LETTER

Dear Citizens:

We have been engaged by some of the leaders in industry and in the religious organizations of our community to conduct an opinion survey.

Many people believe that an integrated society is desirable and that all people should have the opportunity to live wherever their capacity to pay will allow. We want to know whether you would approve carrying out that idea in the building where you live. We ask you to carefully consider the questions on the enclosed postal card - to answer them - and mail it to us.

It is not necessary that you sign your name or identify yourself but the card has been coded to identify the building where you live. We would be most appreciative if you would give us a truthful answer.

Sincerely,  
A Market Research Agency

SUGGESTED SURVEY REPLY CARD

1. If a qualified Negro were to move into an apartment next to mine, I would:

- ☐ Stay here indefinitely.
- ☐ Move at next lease expiration.

2. If I had assurance that no more than 25% of the units in the building would be occupied by Negroes, I would:

- ☐ Feel more like staying on.
- ☐ Nevertheless plan to leave.



[REDACTED] Cicero, Illinois, on August 25, 1966, advised as follows:

b7(D)

The Cicero officials waived the required 30 days notice for a parade permit, and issued it allowing the CFM to utilize the entire street during their demonstration.

He indicated that General Francis P. Kane, National Guard Commander, would probably utilize 2500 National Guardsmen; the Illinois State Police would utilize 350 men; the Cook County Sheriff's Police would number 50 men; and the Cicero Police Department would provide 90 men.

The Cicero Police Department is to make all arrests after any detention by the National Guard, State or County Police, and in this connection one Cicero policeman would be in each squadrol of the Sheriff's Police.

[REDACTED] said the National Guard would have its headquarters at the parking lot of the Western Electric Company, 4600 West Cermak Road. Communications would be coordinated at that headquarters with State, County, and Cicero Police radio bands, and there would be a coordinating unit also in the headquarters of the Cicero Police to serve as a central dispatching unit.

b7(D)

He also advised that for the past twelve days, all Cicero City officials, the Cicero Police Department, and clergy in the Cicero-Berwyn area have been urging citizens to remain at home during the march, and to give no undue attention to the marchers.

He noted that rumors persist concerning the accumulation of weapons such as guns and archery sets for possible use against demonstrators. Cicero Police Department investigations have not substantiated such rumors.

[REDACTED] on August 25, 1966, advised an Agent of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) there is a fantastic number of rumors relative to guns being possessed by residents of the area.

b7(D)

[REDACTED] Cicero, according to [REDACTED] b7(c)  
[REDACTED] stated at a meeting of the Rotary Club on August b7(D)  
24, 1966, that rumors of people being armed are false.

The Chicago Office of the FBI on August 24, 1966, received a telephone call from an anonymous female who advised that she had received from what she termed a reliable source, a close friend, who advised that a committeeman from Cicero, Illinois, stated the Cicero Police Department is unofficially and secretly furnishing various confiscated and surplus guns to anyone desiring them. This woman refused to reveal her identity, the identity of her friend, or the committeeman making this statement.

[REDACTED] advised on August 25, 1966, that an official [REDACTED] had informed him that all archery equipment had been sold within the past week in sporting goods stores in Cicero and surrounding areas. b7(D)

[REDACTED] advised that this official said [REDACTED] expect this equipment to be used against SCLC demonstrators, however, no organized group had been identified. He said it was learned that the archery equipment might be used since the weapon can be fired without sound, and it could be used in a crowd without detecting the person firing it.

[REDACTED] also advised that Cicero City officials sent a telegram to the American Nazi Party (ANP) in Chicago notifying the ANP it would not be allowed to hold a rally in Cicero, Illinois, on August 27, 1966, as ANP had requested. b7(D)

With regard to the demonstration on August 25, 1966, in the Belmont-Cragin area, [REDACTED] advised that approximately 110 demonstrators departed Hanson Park at 6:20 p.m. on August 25, 1966, and there were approximately 50 on-lookers and no difficulty was encountered. b7(D)

RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC)

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

b7(D)

[REDACTED], advised on April 25, 1966, that the march in the Belmont-Cragin area was conducted as scheduled with no incidents or arrests. The marchers departed the area at 8:25 p.m. by auto to attend a rally in the Liberty Park Baptist Church. Approximately 300 officers of the Chicago Police Department were utilized for the demonstration. It was estimated that the total number of on-lookers during the march was 400 and the people were unusually quiet and there was no heckling nor counter demonstration signs.

b7(D)

[REDACTED]  
on August 25, 1966, advised that the rally by the CFM group at the Liberty Baptist Church began at 8:00 p.m. and concluded at 9:45 p.m. The attendance was approximately 2,000 persons. There were no incidents or arrests. The main speaker, Martin Luther King, urged all to continue the struggle for equal rights. Announcements were made of a rally to be held at the Stone Temple Baptist Church, Chicago, at 8:00 p.m., on August 26, 1966. The subject of the rally would be the reason for marching to Cicero and King was to be a speaker. At the August 25, 1966 rally the announcement was made that the march to Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966, was to be conducted and the route of march was described. This line of march has previously been explained. It was announced that an additional realty firm would be a point for a prayer vigil and this was to be the Central Realty at 2212 South Central, Cicero, Illinois. It was also announced that the Cicero march would be led by King, Al Raby, Ralph Abernathy and Jessie Jackson.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

**RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE**

**NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY**

**AMERICAN NAZI PARTY**

[REDACTED] advised no information available about a CFM march on August 26, 1966, but the possibility exists that the CFM may violate the current injunction by staging an unscheduled march in the evening of August 26, 1966, in the event the results on meeting between CFM and city leaders on that date are unsatisfactory to CFM. b7(D)

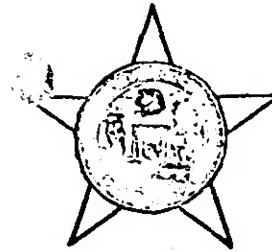
[REDACTED] advised on August 25, 1966, that [REDACTED] was to have appeared at 11:00 a.m., on that date before Judge Cornelius Harrington in connection with an infringement by [REDACTED] upon the temporary injunction restraining him and his organization to a degree in demonstrations and [REDACTED] did not appear. An appearance was made for him by his attorneys [REDACTED] at 11:00 a.m., and they requested a three-week continuance. The request was denied and Judge Harrington ordered [REDACTED] to appear at 2:00 p.m. on August 25, 1966, before him. At 2:00 p.m., [REDACTED] appeared, at which time Judge Harrington continued the matter until 11:00 a.m., August 26, 1966, at which time he may take contempt action against [REDACTED] b7(D) b7(C)

[REDACTED] advised early on August 26, 1966, that he had received a telephone call from Reverend Alvin Pitcher, who stated he represented CFM and who advised that the march scheduled by CFM and SCLC on August 26, 1966, had been canceled. b7(D)

Below is a reproduction of a news release of a Chicago Police Department, appealing to Chicago on the part of Superintendent O. W. Wilson, to conduct themselves in certain ways in connection with demonstrations and marching.

POLICE DEPARTMENT /CITY OF CHICAGO

Office of the Superintendent  
Public Information Division  
1121 South State Street  
Chicago 5, Illinois  
WAbash 2-4747, Extension 531



O.W. WILSON  
Superintendent

## NEWS RELEASE

AN APPEAL TO CHICAGO CITIZENS BY SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE O. W. WILSON

TO HELP YOUR CHICAGO POLICE AND YOURSELF:

1. DON'T AID OR ABET TROUBLEMAKERS BY JEERING, HECKLING, HOOTING OR HARASSING DEMONSTRATORS OR POLICE. DON'T LET YOURSELF BE "BAITED."
2. STAY AWAY FROM ANY LOCATIONS WHERE DEMONSTRATIONS OR MARCHES ARE TAKING PLACE AND IF CAUGHT IN SUCH SITUATIONS, QUICKLY LEAVE THE AREA.
3. KEEP YOUR CHILDREN AWAY FROM ANY DEMONSTRATIONS OR MARCHES--KEEP THEM IN THE HOUSE AND OFF THE STREETS.
4. WHEN OFFICERS TELL YOU TO MOVE AWAY FROM THE SCENE OF ANY DEMONSTRATION, DISPERSE OR LEAVE THE AREA--OBEY THEIR REQUESTS.
5. DON'T RISK ACQUIRING A POLICE RECORD BY FAILURE TO FOLLOW POLICE INSTRUCTIONS.

THE CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT IS COMMITTED TO THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:

1. CIVIL RIGHTS DEMONSTRATORS HAVE A LEGAL RIGHT TO MARCH AND DEMONSTRATE SO LONG AS THEY DO NOT VIOLATE THE LAW.
2. CHICAGO POLICE WILL NOT "TAKE SIDES" WITH EITHER CIVIL RIGHTS DEMONSTRATORS OR AREA RESIDENTS WHO PROTEST THE MARCHERS.
3. THE POLICE ARE SWORN TO MAINTAIN LAW AND ORDER, TO KEEP THE PEACE, AND TO PROTECT THE LIFE AND PROPERTY OF ALL CITIZENS REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THEY ARE PARTICIPANTS IN A PEACEFUL MARCH OR RESIDENTS IN AREAS WHERE MARCHES OCCUR.

RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC)

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

Pertinent portions of this information have been  
furnished to [REDACTED], United  
States Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois, R. A. Makarski,  
Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois,  
and [REDACTED] Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston,  
Illinois. b7(c)

FBI

Date: 8-24-66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT  
(CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

Remytel 8/23/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are thirteen (13) copies of a letterhead memorandum re captioned matter. One (1) copy of the letterhead memorandum is being furnished the office of the United States Attorney, Chicago.

Field Supervisor [REDACTED] was the Agent receiving information re 1966 Illinois License WA9-HEY, from Field Supervisor [REDACTED], Springfield Division, who caused Bureau of Motor Vehicle records to be checked.

Chicago indices reflect no identifiable references to WILLIAM P. THOMTE and ANTHONY BALZANTO mentioned in the letterhead memorandum.

Chicago is following this matter and the Bureau will be kept apprised of developments.

6 - Bureau (Encl. 13) (RM)

1 - 100-438794

① - 100-106670

1 - 105-70374

6 - Chicago

1 - 157-413

1 - 100-35356

1 - 105-16238

1 - 157-3

JDR:mac  
(12)11/27/79  
UNCLASSIFIED

9803 RFP/LP

NOT RECORDED

140 SEP 5 66

57 SEP 12 1966

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

157-1261

Chicago, Illinois  
August 24, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK  
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated  
August 22, 1966, captioned as above.

[REDACTED]  
advised on August 22, 1966, that a mass meeting had been held in  
the evening of that date at the Southern Christian Leadership  
Conference (SCLC) West Side Action Center, 3101 West Warren  
Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois, and the estimated number in  
attendance was three hundred fifty persons. Reverend Jesse  
Jackson, SCLC, announced plans for a march on August 23, 1966.  
The participants were to depart the Action Center at 2:30 PM  
en route to the South Deering area of Chicago, apparently to  
repeat the march of August 21, 1965. (The South Deering area is  
in the southeast portion of Chicago with its boundaries as follows:  
East 95th Street on the north; East 126th Street on the south;  
the Calumet River on the east; South Stony Island (1800 East)  
on the west).

[REDACTED] indicated Martin Luther King, Jr. was expected to  
return to Chicago on August 23, 1966, but no plans were known  
which included King's participation in march of that date.

[REDACTED] advised that the [REDACTED] Illinois,  
[REDACTED], in connection with the next scheduled Chicago  
Freedom Movement (CFM) activity, a march in Cicero, Illinois, on  
August 28, 1966, sent a telegram to King requesting cancellation  
of the Cicero march "in the interest of public safety". King  
replied he had no intention of cancelling the march.

This document contains neither recommendations  
nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property  
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and  
its contents are not to be distributed outside  
your agency.

11/27/71  
UNCLASSIFIED



A subcommittee of the conference called last week by the Chicago Conference on Religion and Race met on August 22, 1968, in continued negotiations re open occupancy, and according to the "Chicago Sun-Times" August 23, 1968, the group was studying proposals made to the conference the previous week and is to report to the reconvened conference on Friday, August 23, 1968.

On August 23, 1968, [REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] b7(D)  
in the march of that date was to follow that of August 21, 1968, in the South Dering Area. (On August 21, 1968, the marchers started at Avenue B and South 112th, and they walked to Irving where they held vigils in the 11400 block and 11500 block of South Irving.

On August 18, 1968, [REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] b7(D)  
demonstration conducted by the religious group in the [REDACTED] Park area of Chicago, Illinois, on that date, the vehicles were observed driving through the area bearing Nazi flags. One was a 1957 Chevrolet with 1968 Illinois license 1A5116, and the other was a yellow Triumph [REDACTED] 1968.

The current [REDACTED] Illinois Secretary of State reflects K 1968 was issued to William F. Balzano, 5855 North East Circle A, Chicago. 1966 Illinois License 9A3-HE1, according to the records of the Bureau of Motor Vehicles, Secretary of State, Springfield, Illinois, was issued to Anthony Balzano, 2118 North Mc Vicker, Chicago, Illinois. Driver's license [REDACTED] b7(D)  
issued to Balzano describes him as a male, 5'6", 150 pounds, brown hair, blue eyes, born March 3, 1925.

Pertinent information was furnished to: [REDACTED] b7(C)  
of the Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, [REDACTED] b7(C)  
U. S. Secret Service, Chicago, and [REDACTED] b7(C)  
INTL Group, Evanston, Illinois.

F B I

Date: 8/22/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-35356)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C

Remytel 8/21/66 captioned as above but also including "THREAT TO KILL."

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of a letterhead memorandum and an information copy is being forwarded to Atlanta. A copy of the letterhead memorandum is also being furnished to the office of the USA, Chicago, Illinois.

Chicago is conducting no further investigation in connection with this particular information.

1-922051  
4 - Bureau (Enc. 12)  
(1 - 100-438794)  
1 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Info) (Enc. 1)  
3 - Chicago  
(1 - 157-413)  
(1 - 105-16238)

JDR:mmc  
(8)

EX-104

REC-48

11/27/79  
UNCLASSIFIED

9803 RDB 128

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, STATE Sec. Ser.

100-106670-2675

RECEIVED: 8/25/66

FORWARD: R/S

BY: 3th 1pac

11 AUG 24 1966

IN/SEC.

Approved: My/MP  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

UNREC COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN 100-106670-2675



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

100-35356

Chicago, Illinois  
August 22, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

At 12:17 AM on August 21, 1966, an individual who refused to furnish his name telephonically contacted the office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), Chicago, Illinois, and stated he had been in a bar on Milwaukee Avenue near Fullerton Avenue and had overheard three or four men state that Martin Luther King was going to get killed and that a rifle grenade would be used. This individual would not furnish the location of the bar, refused to furnish any other information and terminated the conversation stating the FBI was talking to him in order to trace the call. He then hung up the telephone.

This information was furnished on August 21, 1966, to [REDACTED] Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois; [REDACTED] U. S. Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois; and N. M. Karzen, Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago. It was also furnished to [REDACTED], Chicago Police Department.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

11/27/79  
UNCLASSIFIED

9803 RSP/28

STUD

FBI

Date: 8/19/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
 FROM: SAC, MILWAUKEE (157-112) (RM)  
 SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
 RACIAL MATTER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4JMA

6076

OO: Atlanta

Re Milwaukee teletype to the Bureau, 8/19/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies and for Atlanta two copies of a LHM captioned and dated as above.

Copies of said LHM have been furnished to NIS at Milwaukee and Chicago; OSI, Milwaukee; INTC, Milwaukee, and the Secret Service, Milwaukee. Secret Service advised orally 8/19/66.

UACB no action will be taken by Milwaukee re this matter in view of the fact that investigation is being conducted by the Milwaukee Police Department.

19220sk  
 3 - Bureau (100-106670) (Encs. 8) (AM)  
 2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Enc. 2) (AM)  
 2 - Milwaukee (157-112)  
 FFK:EF  
 (7)

19220sk

100-106670 2672

ENCLOSURE

REC-117

16 AUG 22 1966

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, STATE

RACIAL MATTER

AND FORWARD: 8/25/66

FORWARD: 1/2

BY: pth/lpc

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

1966



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

August 19, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Director  
United States Secret Service  
Department of the Treasury  
Washington, D. C. 20220


Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

1. ☐ Has attempted or threatened bodily harm to any government official or employee, including foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the U. S., because of his official status.
2. ☒ Has attempted or threatened to redress a grievance against any public official by other than legal means.
3. ☐ Because of background is potentially dangerous; or has been identified as member or participant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member of other group or organization inimical to U. S.
4. ☐ U. S. citizens or residents who defect from the U. S. to countries in the Soviet or Chinese Communist blocs and return.
5. ☐ Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:
  - (a) ☐ Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior;
  - (b) ☐ Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;
  - (c) ☐ Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.
6. ☐ Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.

Photograph ☐ has been furnished ☐ enclosed ☐ is not available  
☐ may be available through \_\_\_\_\_

Very truly yours,

  
John Edgar Hoover  
Director

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s) (1)  
U. S. Secret Service, Milwaukee

Enclosure(s) (1) (Upon removal of classified enclosures, if any, this transmittal form becomes UNCLASSIFIED.)



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin  
August 19, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-87 BY SP4 JAM

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
RACIAL MATTER

6076

b7(c)

On August 19, 1966, [REDACTED]  
Milwaukee Police Department, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, furnished one  
Xerox copy of the following letter postmarked August 10, 1966,  
at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and addressed to "Police Chief, Milwaukee,  
Wis.":

"I agree with the mayor of Milwaukee that this man  
'King' is sick causing so much violence, blood shed, lose  
of life

"I have a high power rifle with a scope sight. One shot  
in the head will rid the world of him. He better not come  
to Milwaukee

"I'll get him.

/s/ "White Power"

b7(c)

[REDACTED] advised that his department is unable to identify  
the writer of the above letter; but that investigation is con-  
tinuing.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the  
FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency;  
it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

F B I

Date: 8/23/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via A I R T E L \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: *fwb* SAC, NEWARK (100-47520)  
*fwb*SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING  
SM - C  
(OO: Atlanta)

In the 8/18/66, issue of the "Newark Evening News", a daily newspaper published in Newark, NJ, there was a news item that Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING will be the guest speaker at a service honoring the retirement of Rev. D. C. RICE of the Union Baptist Church, Montclair, NJ, on 9/11/66, in the Montclair High School auditorium.

The article described Rev. RICE as an active participant in the Civil Rights movement having assisted Dr. KING in the Montgomery, Alabama, bus boycott and one who has been active in attempts to eliminate alleged racial discrimination in the Montclair, NJ, schools.

Mr. RICE served as an Army chaplain in the Pacific Theatre during World War II and came to Montclair after being discharged in 1946. He is a past president of the Montclair Clergy Club and is a member of the Board of Directors of the Urban League of Essex County, the Montclair YMCA and the Montclair Minister's Association, and a member of the Citizens Advisory Committee to the Montclair Planning Board. Rev. RICE is retiring as an active minister to assume a position as a teacher and head of the Social Studies Department at Hackensack Junior High School, Hackensack, NJ.

3 - Bureau (RM)  
2 - Atlanta (RM)  
1 - Chicago (RM)  
1 - Newark  
BJC:pan

EX 101  
REC 30

AUG 24 1966

C. C. W. 10 SEP 1 1966

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

UNCLASSIFIED

7503

KAT / KAT

M Per

INT. SEC. 1

NK 100-47520

No letterhead memorandum is being prepared in this matter and any information developed will be furnished the Bureau and Atlanta. A copy of this airtel is being furnished Chicago for its information in view of subject's current activity in the Chicago area.



AFTER 8 DAYS RETURN TO

ZIP CODE

VIA AIR MAIL

go - Personal + Private  
to Mr Edgar J Hoover.

AFTER 8 DAYS RETURN TO

ZIP CODE



P.O. DOUBLE-XX-RUSH VIA AIR MAIL

go - Mr. Edgar J. Hoover.  
F.B.I OFFICE  
Washington D.C.,  
Washington.

Aug 17<sup>th</sup>  
1964

Dear Mr. King

Dear; Mr Edgar Hoover, as  
a loyal American Citi-  
zen, I desire to send  
you - this vital infor-  
mation. Have your  
agents go to investig-  
ate and get this news  
paper. THE COUNCILOR  
issued, on June, 20<sup>th</sup>  
1963. In it you will  
see a large picture  
of Mr. Martin King at  
a Communist Party  
meeting. Also you will  
see a picture of Mr.  
Aubrey Williams, Pres-  
ident of the Southern  
Conference Education  
Fund; he is also a

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11/15/03 BY SP-101

<sup>2</sup>  
communist Party that  
is trying to destroy  
our Country. Also have  
your Agents watch  
a - Mr. Myles Horton  
Director of the Highland-  
er Folk School, for  
Communist training  
Monteagle Tenn.

Mr. Edgar Hoover, Re-  
prints of this large  
picture, may be obtain-  
ed from the Citizens  
Council, at 216. Oil  
& Gas Bldg.

Shreveport La, for  
\$ 3.00, per a hundred  
This picture - also  
shows Martin King  
sitting, with the Head  
of the Communist party.

Sir, your agents  
can get this picture  
it was printed in  
the News Paper, known  
as the Councilor on  
June, 20<sup>th</sup>, 1963. This  
picture, proves, that  
Martin King is a Com-  
munist Agent, for  
the Communist Party,  
and is only trying  
awful - hard to destroy  
the United States of  
America. He is nothing  
only a traitor to  
our Country, and he  
should be in Prisons  
with his son, and the  
entire Communist

Party, should, all  
be in Prison, and  
then deported to Russia.

Signed a True  
Loyal American  
Citizen.

P.S. May Old Glory  
fly - Fore Ever.

also; The White  
American Citizens are  
treated by the Black  
like felt. Maybe  
our votes, just  
don't rate, any more

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 21 1966

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI CHICAGO

337AM CDST 8-21-66 URGENT GAP  
TO DIRECTOR AND ATLANTA  
FROM CHICAGO (100-35356)

*Sullivan*

*Robert Gardner*  
*John H. Tamm*

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., THREAT TO KILL. SM DASH C

AT TWELVE SEVENTEEN AM INSTANT AN INDIVIDUAL WHO REFUSED TO  
FURNISH HIS NAME TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED THAT HE HAD BEEN IN A BAR  
ON MILWAUKEE AVE. NEAR FULLERTON AVE. AND STATED THAT HE HAD HEARD  
THREE OR FOUR MEN STATE THAT MARTIN LUTHER KING WAS GOING TO GET  
KILLED AND THAT A RIFLE GRENADE WOULD BE USED. THIS UNKNOWN INDIVIDUAL  
REFUSED TO FURNISH ANY OTHER INFORMATION AND HUNG UP THE  
TELEPHONE STATING THE FBI WAS TALKING TO HIM IN ORDER TO TRACE THE  
CALL. WOULD NOT FURNISH LOCATION OF BAR.

CG PD, MILITARY, SECRET SERVICE AND USA ADVISED. LHM FOLLOWS.

END

WA...JMS

FBI WASH DC

AT...LWS

FBI ATLANTA

TU CLR

EX 110

REC 5

100-106670-2669  
*I-Att*

*C.C. Rappley*  
*11/27/79*

54 AUG 30 1966

UNCLASSIFIED

9 AUG 23 1966

b7(c)

COLLINSVILLE, ILLINOIS

Aug. 18, 1966.

Mr. Edgar Hoover

Honorable Sir:-

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-80 BY SP4JPM/LL  
6076

Here is just a thought to help a good man to do a better job.

How good a man does his work there is always room for improvement. I always had the greatest respect for you. I was hospitalized. This gave me considerable time to think. While there I was at all the turmoil in this country. I was happy when you shut ther King. It looks as if you have him off your back now. I know but I do believe he is our #1 enemy and communist in this country. I have always wondered why he still is at large. To comfort myself I like to believe that you people know him and can watch his every move. Should you take him into custody someone will take his place and I will be hard to find. Here is where I want to help. I will recommend that you appoint one man from each County or it may work out to start with one man from four or five counties. For example: Collinsville, Ill. we have both Madison and St. Clair counties in our city. We also have Bond and Clinton counties adjoining. I would advise you appoint some public spirited citizen as an officer. He may say to police this territory. This man should be close mouthed and his appointment should be on the Q.T. as the less that's known about it the better. I would say, this man further his information to your office when available. Should one write periodically it would increase the overhead of your office. May I suggest that these men be paid one dollar a year and make a complete report once a year. You may have individuals who will want large salaries. However

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-1-101-101

57 SEP 1 1966

4 AUG 26 1966

MONDE

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

COLLINSVILLE, ILLINOIS

I believe we still have enough public spirited citizens who will except the appointment for a dollar a year and do more work than the man wanting pay. You could screen the applicant before the appointment is made. Personally I do believe you could receive much information in this manner. Your office should not be flooded as minor incidents would not be reported.

b7(c) I am a **Business** man being in the [REDACTED] Business in Collinsville going on my 51 st. yr. I am planning on retiring or one may say semi-retire as I must have something to do as I have been too active all my life. I was given and honerable police card. Should I be suitable I will accept an appointment.

Yours truly

Per [REDACTED]



F B I

Date: 8/19/66

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
GAGE PARK AREA  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RM  
Chicago file 157-1261

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
RM (ORGANIZATION)  
Bufile 105-66233  
Chicago file 105-4630

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
RM (ORGANIZATION)  
Bufile 105-70374  
Chicago file 157-3

*Martin Luther King**100-106670-*

NOT RECORDED  
183 AUG 25 1966

Re Chicago teletypes to Director 8/18/66 and  
Chicago airtel and Letterhead Memorandum, all captioned  
as above.

Enclosed herewith are 17 copies of a Letterhead  
Memorandum relating to current plans and activities by  
each of the captioned groups in the Chicago, Illinois  
area.

*b(1)*

- 9 - Bureau (Encls. 17) (RM)  
2 - 105-66233 (NSRP)  
2 - 105-70374 (ANP)  
2 - 100-438794 (SCLC)  
2 - 105-11938 (Encls. 2) (RM)  
1 - 157-93 (ANP)

ENCLOSURE

55 AUG 1966

copies continued on 11 page

*11/27/79*  
CLASS. & EXT. BY *7803 RAB/ly*  
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 *2*  
DATE OF REVIEW *8/19/88*  
*unmarked para 4b*  
*Routing slip handled*

ORIGINAL FILED IN

*157-6-7-3*

CG 157-1261

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(1 - 157- ) (GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL)  
2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2) (RM)  
    (1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL SCLC)  
    (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)  
8 - Chicago  
    (1 - 157-1261)  
    (1 - 105-4630)  
    (1 - 157-3)  
    [REDACTED] c  
    (1 - 105-16238) (SCLC)  
    (1 - 100-35356) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) b(1)

TEB:MJD  
(21)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CG 157-1261

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

b(1)

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

b(1)

A copy of the enclosed Letterhead Memorandum is being designated for the USA, Chicago, Secret Service and U. S. Army.

Chicago is following the situation closely and the Bureau will be advised of all pertinent information by subsequent communication.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

CG 157-1261  
105-4630  
157-3

Chicago, Illinois  
August 19, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK  
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
RACIAL MATTER (ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
RACIAL MATTER (ORGANIZATION)

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 17, 1966, captioned as above.

On August 18, 1966, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. was scheduled to address a civil rights mass meeting to be held at CFM-SCLC Action Center Number 1, 6043 South Princeton, Chicago, Illinois, at 8:00 p.m. on such date. He related that Dr. King will discuss current civil rights marches in Chicago regarding open housing and discuss the results of the "Summit" meeting held on August 17, 1966, between civil rights and community leaders. b7(D)

[REDACTED] advised that George Lincoln Rockwell, National Commander, American Nazi Party (ANP) is scheduled to arrive in Chicago on August 20, 1966 to help organize ANP activities in protesting the recent marches in Chicago by CFM and SCLC. The ANP in Chicago, according to this source, was continuing its efforts to interest people in the ideas b(1)

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

11/27/79  
CLASS. & EXT. BY 9803 RSP/JP / 10-106610

REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2

DATE OF REVIEW 5/19/85

ENCLOSURE

Unmarked - Para. 10

1/5 handled

**RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
CFM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS**

**NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY**

**AMERICAN NAZI PARTY**

of such organization. He declared that the ANP continues to receive numerous telephone inquiries from Chicago residents regarding the ANP.

On August 18, 1966, this same source advised that several ANP members plan to picket the above-mentioned rally at Action Center Number 1 during the early evening hours of August 18, 1966.

A characterization of the ANP is contained in the appendix section of this memorandum.

[REDACTED] that the Chicago chapter of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) plans to hold a rally in Marquette Park, Chicago, beginning at 3:00 p.m., on August 21, 1966. The stated purpose of such rally is to arouse the interest of white Chicago residents in the purposes and activities of the NSRP and to attempt to organize white persons in opposition to integration in their respective communities. b(1)

A characterization of the NSRP is contained in the appendix section of this memorandum.

[REDACTED] advised that the Chicago Branch of the ANP will participate in the above-described rally at Marquette Park, August 21, 1966. b(1)

[REDACTED] advised on August 18, 1966, that six members of the ANP, led by Christopher Vidnjevic, Head of the Chicago ANP, picketed the Mt. Hope Baptist Church, CFM - SCLC Action Center Number 1, 6043 South Princeton, from 7:15 p.m. to 8:20 p.m., on such date. The pickets displayed signs calling for white power, and declaring that America was for whites and b7(D)

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
CFM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

Africa for blacks [REDACTED] b7(D)

[REDACTED] Approximately 1,000 persons were in attendance at  
the Mt. Hope Baptist Church.

[REDACTED] advised that a so-called b(1)  
Action Committee of CFM met earlier that afternoon in order  
to plan strategy for the immediate future. Such meeting  
canceled plans for previously scheduled demonstrations on  
August 19, 1966, and planned instead to conduct a massive  
realtor testing program with some 200 CFM representatives  
to visit various real estate offices in the following  
sections of the city:

On the Northwest side:

Jefferson Park  
Portage Park  
Belmont-Cragin  
Hermosa and Logan Square

On the Southwest side:

Ashburn  
Chicago Lawn  
Gage Park  
Back of the Yards  
Bridgeport

These representatives will attempt to ascertain if the  
change of attitude on the part of the Chicago Board of Realtors  
toward support of the principle of open occupancy is reflected  
in the reaction of its member realtors in their dealings with  
CFM representatives. If no change in attitude is noted by such  
representatives on the part of the realtors, then demonstrations  
in the white communities of Chicago will be renewed.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
CFM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

[REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] contacted on August 18, 1966, confirmed the above information. He feels that CFM is certain that the reception by the realtors on August 19, 1966, will be the same as it has been in the past, giving them justification for renewing and intensifying the demonstrations. He further stated that CCHR does not anticipate any problems or disorders in the various neighborhoods as a result of visits to realtors since such activity is to be conducted by small groups and on a scattered basis.

[REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] subsequently advised at 10:45 p.m., August 18, 1966, that the mass meeting at Action Center Number 1 concluded at 10:30 p.m. without incident or arrest. Al Raby, Coordinator, Coordinating Council of Community Organizations (CCCCO), announced plans to test realty companies on August 19, 1966, as described above and cancel the march previously scheduled for August 19, 1966. Raby further stated that barring a complete change of attitude on the part of such realty companies, demonstrations would be held Sunday, August 21, 1966, in the areas that were to be tested on August 19, 1966. Raby announced that there would be a subsequent mass meeting August 19, 1966, at the Warren Avenue Congregational Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, to evaluate the results of the testing.

Reverend James Bevel and Reverend Jessie Jackson also spoke at such mass meeting and were critical of Chicago Mayor Richard Daley and branded the CCHR as a tool of the city administration. Dr. King concluded the meeting, making brief remarks which, in essence, advised that demonstrations would terminate when Chicago was an open city.

The "Chicago American" Green Streak edition, August 18, 1966, carried an article which stated in effect that the previously held "Summit" meeting between civil rights and community leaders held August 17, 1966,

**RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
CPM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS**

**NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY**

**AMERICAN NAZI PARTY**

in Chicago, was a "farce." The article states that the civil rights leaders never had any intention of calling off the marchers. The source credited for such article was an unidentified individual who attended the meeting. Such unidentified source stated that "Every time we'd make a concession, they'd push for something more. Suddenly, it dawned on us this whole meeting was a farce." The American's informant said King made it clear they were not prepared to give up "the only weapon they had."

[REDACTED] advised that he was aware of the above article and that his organization considered it as emanating most probably from a member of the Board of Realtors and is somewhat distorted. [REDACTED] considers that the meeting was fruitful with more progress achieved than anticipated, principally in the change of position by the Board of Realtors regarding their endorsement supporting the principle of open occupancy, a very significant concession on their part. On August 18, 1966 and August 19, 1966, the above information was provided to the following individuals:

b7(D)

United States Army,  
[REDACTED]

b7(c)

United States Secret Service  
[REDACTED]

b7(c)

United States Attorney's Office  
Assistant United States Attorney  
P. F. Healy and,  
P. J. Hughes

A copy of this memorandum has been designated for each of the above agencies.



**AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF THE WORLD UNION OF  
FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO  
KNOWN AS THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY**

In his book "This Time The World," copyrighted in 1961, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader," a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that ROCKWELL's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by ADOLF HITLER. He added that ROCKWELL is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda"; and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated ROCKWELL believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party (ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1966, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, North Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party, to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP), reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of Klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue No. 19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

Issue No. 69, dated July, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the new headquarters of the NSRP as Post Office Box 184, Augusta, Georgia.

On August 4, 1965, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS, the Information Director of the NSRP and Editor of "The Thunderbolt," is the individual who actually controls the NSRP.

Issue No. 72, dated November, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" reflects Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS to be National Director of the NSRP as well as Editor of "The Thunderbolt."

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race mixing and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

CG 157-1261  
105-4630  
157-3

Chicago, Illinois  
August 19, 1966

Title DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK  
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

Character RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to memorandum captioned and  
dated as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities  
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable  
information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions  
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to  
your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed  
outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

8/16/66

~~SECRET~~

DEF 1-16-81

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4JMM/ML  
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-16-86  
6076

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC  
IS-C

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) reporting information from [REDACTED] a source close to STANLEY LEVISON. Two copies are enclosed for benefit of Atlanta Office. b(2) b(7)(D)

[REDACTED] b(1)

This LHM is classified "Secret" because it contains information from [REDACTED], a source which furnishes information of a highly sensitive nature about racial matters and the Communist influence thereof. b(2) b(7)(D)

- [REDACTED] b(1)
- 4 - Bureau (100-438794) (Encls. 10) (RM)
    - (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - 2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encls. 2) (RM)
    - (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - 1 - New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
  - 1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - 1 - New York (100-149194) (42)

JMK:gmd  
(10)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Classified by 6050 LAD/TAD  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite 11/15/77

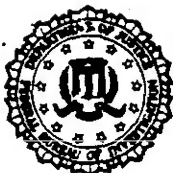
NO. 100-106670  
180 AUG 22 1966

05 AUG 1966

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-149194



~~SECRET~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Bureau 100-438794

New York, New York  
August 16, 1966

1-16-81  
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4JMM/12  
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW 8-16-86  
DECLASSIFICATION 6076

Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)  
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information on August 12, 1966, that Stanley Levison and Martin Luther King, President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), were in contact on that date.

Levison, in commenting on why he contacted King, said he was concerned about King's health, therefore, figured he should contact him. King said he was felled by a cold but hoped to be back on the go by August 13, 1966. He said he got sick during the SCLC Convention, which was held in Jackson, Mississippi, last week. He said the cold prevented him from attending the Convention, except for the opening session.

Levison said he was unable to attend the Convention due to pressing personal business. However, Levison did inquire if the SCLC heard the two resolutions that he drafted for the occasion. King said he took one of the resolutions and used it in his speech. In fact, according to King, he just gave the resolution to the press in advance and told them it represented what he would say when he spoke.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S)

~~SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

Classified by 6080 Sd/1AD  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
11/17/77

ENCLOSURE

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC  
Internal Security - C

Levison said in regard to the other resolution he prepared, that "The New York Times" had reported portions of it dealing with Vietnam. Both men agreed that the Convention was given very good coverage by the press.

In reference to the resolution prepared by Levison which King used as his speech, Levison said since it dealt with non-violence he was of the opinion that a book dealing with the subject should be written. Levison said "We're" at a real turn in the movement; a lot of people, he said, are asking questions, and are drawing conclusions and switching positions. King concurred with Levison and agreed that a book should be gotten out as quickly as possible.

Levison said he was going on vacation to New Hampshire on August 13, 1966, and would take the opportunity to consider the book. Following his return next week, according to Levison, he will contact King and discuss the book in greater detail.

Another matter discussed by King and Levison was the bill owed to an advertising agency which recently ran a full page statement in "The New York Times". The bill in the amount of \$4,400 was for the statement on the SCLC's efforts in Chicago and Mississippi and Black Power. Levison said the agency had not charged their usual 15 per cent commission.

In considering the advertisement in question, Levison said he knew of one donation in the amount of \$5,000, which resulted from the appeal. He said he did not know the name of the contributor but did say the contributor lives in Pompton Lakes, New Jersey.

King said there would probably be a meeting on Monday to consider bills owed by the SCLC. In that regard, King said the SCLC had been "kind of out financially and the Convention knocked us out even more". King said he was quite worried over the SCLC's financial difficulties.

In an effort to console King, Levison said as a result of a mailing to contributors there should be funds in a few days. Levison said he forecast about 400,000 mailings during 1966, adding, however, that funds derived from SCLC mailings did not provide sufficient funds to operate the SCLC. He then expressed the opinion that fund raising affairs would have to be held in New York, New York, in order to have sufficient operating funds.

- 2 -  
~~SECRET~~



XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) \_\_\_\_\_, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); \_\_\_\_\_ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

NOT REC. 8/16/66 N.Y. airtel - LHM pg 3

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX  
X DELETED PAGE(S) X  
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X  
X FOR THIS PAGE X  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SA JAMIN

8/16/66

TELETYPE

6076

URGENT

TO: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5586)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-35356)

THREAT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING BY [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, EIGHT THIRTEEN SIXTYSIX.

REBUTEL TO CHICAGO AUG. SIXTEEN INSTANT AND CHICAGO TELETYPE  
TO BUREAU AND JACKSON AUG. THIRTEEN LAST.

RETEL AUG. THIRTEEN LAST INADVERTENTLY NOT SENT TO ATLANTA.  
FOLLOWING IS CONTENTS OF RETEL:

[REDACTED] CHICAGO PD, ADVISED  
NINE THIRTY PM AUG. THIRTEEN THAT AT APPROXIMATELY EIGHT THIRTY PM  
AUG. THIRTEEN [REDACTED] WM, AGE FIFTY FOUR, RESIDING  
[REDACTED] CHICAGO, TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED  
TWENTIETH DISTRICT PD STATING HE WILL KILL KING IF KING GOES TO  
WINNEMAC PARK, LEAVITT AND FOSTER, CHICAGO. [REDACTED] STATED  
[REDACTED] TOLD HIM HE WANTED TO BE ON RECORD SHOULD KING APPEAR  
IN WINNEMAC PARK AND BE KILLED. [REDACTED] STATED [REDACTED] APPEARED  
SOBER AND RATIONAL. CHICAGO PD INVESTIGATING. CHICAGO INDICES  
NEGATIVE ON [REDACTED] NOTED NO MARCHES HAVE BEEN HELD NEAR  
WINNEMAC PARK AND KING NOT CURRENTLY IN CHICAGO. ATLANTA AND

JACKSON ADVISE PD, MILITARY, USA, SECRET SERVICE ADVISED. LHM FOLLOWS.  
AM COPY SENT TO BUREAU.

1 BUREAU (AM)  
RJS:BJK (2)

77 SEP 1 1966

*Bother*  
*3/8/67*

*b7(c)*  
*h*

REC-46 100-106670-2669

NOT RECORDED

2 AUG 18 1966

*XITE*

*10/1/66*

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 19 1966

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TELETYPE ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

FBI MILWAUK

4 52 PM CDT

URGENT 8/19/66 DLS

DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4 JMT/ML

TO DIRECTOR (100-106670) AND ATLANTA (100-5568)

FROM MILWAUKEE (157-112) (P) 1 PAGE

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.; RACIAL MATTER.

ON AUGUST NINETEEN INSTANT

MILWAUKEE PD, FURNISHED A XEROX COPY OF AN ANONYMOUS  
LETTER RECEIVED BY HIS DEPARTMENT ON AUGUST ELEVEN LAST. LETTER  
CONTAINS THREAT TO KILL KING WITH HIGH POWER RIFLE WITH SCOPE  
IN EVENT KING COMES TO MILWAUKEE. LETTER MAILED FROM  
MILWAUKEE AND SIGNED ONLY "WHITE POWER".

LHM BEING FURNISHED APPROPRIATE AGENCIES. SECRET SERVICE  
MILWAUKEE ORALLY ADVISED THIS DATE. LHM TO BUREAU AND ATLANTA  
FOLLOWS. ATLANTA ADVISE LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

MILWAUKEE CONTEMPLATES NO INVESTIGATION RE THIS MATTER  
SINCE MILWAUKEE PD HAS INITIATED AND IS CONTINUING INVESTIGATION.

END ACK PLS

WA...RCS

FBI WASH DC

AT...MRB

FBI ATLANTA

61 AUG 29 1966

REC-9

EX-117

AUG 24 1966

FBI

Date: 8/15/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI  
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-35356)  
 SUBJECT: THREAT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
 BY [REDACTED]  
 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
 8/13/66  
 RM

Re Chicago teletype to the Bureau dated 8/13/66

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) concerning captioned matter.

One copy of the LHM is being furnished to the Office of the USA, Chicago.

Chicago indices are negative re [REDACTED]

The Chicago Police Department is investigating this matter and the Chicago Division is following the matter closely.

Atlanta and Jackson Divisions are to furnish the information re [REDACTED] to local police departments.

- 5 - Bureau (Encl. 13)  
 (1 - 100-438794) (1 - 100-106670)  
 2 - Atlanta (Encl. 2)  
 (1 - 100-5718) (1 - 100-5586)  
 1 - Jackson (Encl. 1) (Info.)  
 3 - Chicago (1 - 100-16238) (1 - 157-413)  
 MMH:flk  
 (11)

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.;  
 DEPT: ISD, CRD, [REDACTED]  
 DATE FORW: 8/19/66  
 HOW FORW: [REDACTED]  
 BY: [REDACTED]

AUG 17 1966

Approved: [Signature]  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

54 AUG 30 1966

UNCLASSIFIED

SUBV. CONTROL

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-106670-2666



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
August 15, 1966

THREAT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.,  
BY [REDACTED]  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, AUGUST 13, 1966  
RACIAL MATTERS

b7(c)

On August 13, 1966, at 9:30 PM [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED], Chicago Police Department, Chicago,  
Illinois, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau  
of Investigation (FBI) in Chicago that at approximately  
8:30 PM on August 13, 1966, [REDACTED] a white [REDACTED]  
male, age 54, who resides at [REDACTED]  
Chicago, Illinois, telephonically contacted the 20th  
District of the Chicago Police Department stating he will  
kill Martin Luther King, Jr., if King goes to Winnemac  
Park, Leavitt and Foster Streets, Chicago, Illinois.  
[REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] told him he wanted  
to be on record should Martin Luther King, Jr., appear in  
Winnemac Park and be killed. [REDACTED] stated  
that [REDACTED] appeared to be sober and rational. [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] advised that the Chicago Police Department is  
investigating this matter. [REDACTED] further  
advised that he knows of no marches that have been held  
near Winnemac Park and he further understands that Martin  
Luther King, Jr., is not currently in the Chicago, Illinois,  
area.

b7(c)

One copy of this memorandum is being furnished to  
the Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois.

This document contains neither recommendations  
nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property  
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and  
its contents are not to be distributed outside  
your agency.

11/29/71  
UNCLASSIFIED

ENCLOSURE

105

RE: THREAT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.,  
BY [REDACTED]  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, AUGUST 13, 1966

b7(c)

The above information was furnished to the following individuals on August 13, 1966:

Assistant United States Attorney  
M. B. Nash  
Chicago, Illinois

[REDACTED]  
United States Secret Service  
Chicago, Illinois

b7(c)

[REDACTED]  
Region I, 113th INTC Group  
Evanston, Illinois

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

FBI

DATE 1-16-81BY SPYJMM

Date:

8-10-66Transmit the following in 6076

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC),  
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RM

Re Chicago airtel and letterhead memorandum dated  
8/8/66 captioned as above and additional captions "NATIONAL  
STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP), RM (ORGANIZATION);" and "AMERICAN  
NAZI PARTY (ANP), RM (ORGANIZATION);" and Chicago teletypes  
dated 8/9/66 captioned as above.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies of a  
self-explanatory letterhead memorandum and two copies for  
Atlanta concerning above. Chicago following and will keep  
Bureau advised.

A copy of the letterhead memorandum is being furnished  
to the office of the USA and U.S. Secret Service, Chicago,  
and to the 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

- (5) - Bureau (Encl 13) (RM)  
(1 - 100-438794)  
(1 - 100-106670)  
2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl 2) (RM)  
(1 - 100-5586)  
4 - Chicago  
(1 - 157-413)  
(1 - 105-16238)  
(1 - 100-35635)

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

Date Forw. 100-106670How Forw. 100-106670

NOT RECORDED  
183 AUG 18 1966

By pl

16 AUG 13 1966

JDR:mhm  
(11)

RACIAL UNIT

ENCLOSURE

SUB CONTROL

Approved: [Signature]

Sent

M

Per

ORIGINAL FILED IN



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

157-1261

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4 JRM/ld  
6076

Chicago, Illinois  
August 10, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC),  
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 8,  
1966.

[REDACTED]  
advised on August 8, 1966, that a rally would be held that date  
under the sponsorship of the captioned group at 3101 West Warren  
Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois. Announcement has been made of plans  
to hold a rally at 7:30 PM, August 9, 1966, at the New Fellowship  
Baptist Church (844 West 71st Street) at 2:00 PM, August 10, 1966.  
A march was to follow that rally to an unidentified area to protest  
real estate discrimination. There was also an announcement of a  
mass rally at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, at 6034 South  
Princeton, Chicago, at 8:00 PM, August 11, 1966, where plans for a  
march and vigil on August 12, 1966, are to be announced. Officials  
of Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), who planned the  
marches, are James Bevel, Bernard Lafayette, Al Sampson and Jesse  
Jackson.

In connection with a possible march by civil rights demon-  
strators into Cicero, Illinois, the weekend of August 13-14, 1966,  
[REDACTED] Cicero, Illinois, advised  
the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on August 9,  
1966, [REDACTED]

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of  
the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal  
Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its  
contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-106670

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE



[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7(D)

His opinion as to the reaction if marchers appear in Cicero would be that residents would be orderly if he is able to show substantial police force and he believes order could be maintained.

He said he was not aware of any rumors indicating violent reaction on the part of residents of Cicero if a demonstration occurs. He stated that citizens who have called regarding the march have been advised to remain in their homes and to ignore marchers if a march occurs.

[REDACTED] stated that as the result of a partial city board meeting held August 9, 1966, it was decided to waive the requirement for a permit and to allow peaceful assembly at any time.

[REDACTED] furnished information on August 9, 1966, that he had received information from [REDACTED] unknown address, Cicero, Illinois, relative to rumors that unidentified dissident white people in the area would throw dynamite at the marchers if they demonstrated in Cicero.

The "Chicago Daily News" of August 9, 1966, contained an article indicating that civil rights leaders in Chicago had planned protest marches for the current week into white suburban Cicero, Illinois, and the "Bogan" area on the Southwest Side of Chicago. The Bogan area, located south of the Chicago Lawn area, where a march was held August 5, 1966, is considered the area bounded by Western Avenue (2400 West) on the east, Cicero Avenue (4800 West) on the west, 75th Street on the north, and 87th Street on the south.

Reverend James Bevel, Aid to Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr., in the SCLC, was quoted as stating that marchers would go into Cicero and the Bogan area during the week and he called the Cicero march "a challenge." He was quoted as stating the group would go into Cicero even if residents buy guns.

The article indicated the action for this week included a march on Wednesday, August 10, 1966, at 2:00 PM from Warren Avenue Congregational Church located at 3101 West Warren Boulevard to an unannounced destination, and a rally for Thursday, August 11, 1966, at 8:00 PM at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, 6034 South Princeton, Chicago.

[REDACTED]  
on August 9, 1966, advised a march was scheduled into the Bogan area on August 10, 1966, from the New South Side Action Center, 6034 South Princeton.

b7(D)

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED], Cicero, advised on August 9, 1966, his group would be making a press release at 4:00 PM on the same date wherein a request would be included for placing the National Guard on a "standby alert" in Cicero in anticipation of a civil rights march which he believed could provoke violence. His opinion was that violence would erupt in the event of a march. He knew of no planned opposition, stating that it would be spontaneous on the part of a large majority of Cicero residents. He said he had attended a meeting of the Rotary International on August 9, 1966, and some unidentified local businessmen who were present were heard to talk of carrying personal firearms and they felt the time had come to use them.

[REDACTED] Berwyn, Illinois, adjacent community to Cicero, advised on August 9, 1966, he was aware of the publicized intentions of civil rights demonstrators to march in Cicero. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

The article in the "Chicago Daily News," mentioned previously, quoted Superintendent of Police Barloga as stating that civil rights marchers would be arrested unless they obtained a permit for a demonstration and he cited as authority a town ordinance which required anybody to apply for a permit 30 days before any march or public procession. b7(D)

[REDACTED] has advised that a decision as to the necessity for a permit will be reserved until information has been received a march has been scheduled and includes the number of marchers involved. He stated he believed the necessity for a permit would be waived should a march occur. This was subsequent to his earlier statement and after the above article appeared.

The "Chicago's American," August 9, 1966, carried a headline indicating Cook County Sheriff Richard Ogilvie was moving to stop a rights march in Cicero and he was quoted as stating he would do anything in his power to stop it. The article indicated if any effort including that by Ogilvie to stop a march was not successful, Ogilvie would appeal to the Governor of Illinois, Otto Kerner, to activate the National Guard.

[REDACTED]

The meeting included a discussion which resulted in a decision to hold a meeting August 10, 1966, between officials of the SCLC and [REDACTED] to discuss pending SCLC plans. [REDACTED] said that he believed if a march were planned for Cicero, [REDACTED] would seek an injunction to prevent a march in the county. If the injunction were denied, he believed the town of Cicero would enforce their ordinance requiring a permit to parade. b7(D)

[REDACTED]

advised on August 9, 1966, that a rally for Youth of the Civil Rights Movement was scheduled for the evening of August 9, 1966, but no announcements were expected.

[REDACTED] advised on August 9, 1966, that the above rally was held at the Fellowship Baptist Church, 4543 South Princeton, Chicago. No disturbances were reported in the vicinity of the meeting and the area remained calm.

Pertinent portions of the above information have been furnished representatives of the following: Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois; Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois; Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

~~SECRET~~

FBI

Date: 8/9/66

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)  
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (105-16238)  
 SUBJECT: COMINFIL - SCLC  
 IS - C

Re Chicago teletypes, dated 8/2 and 8/5/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten (10), for Atlanta two (2), and for New York four (4) copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) concerning captioned matter.

b(2) b(7)(D) The source providing information concerning travel plans to Chicago of STANLEY LEVISON and HARRY WACHTEL is [REDACTED]. The LHM is classified secret due to the use of information from this highly sensitive source engaged in furnishing information concerning racial matters in the United States and and communist influence therein.

- 4 - Bureau (Encls. 10)(RM)  
 (1 - 100-106670)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2)(RM)  
 (1 - 100-5718)(COMINFIL - SCLC)  
 (1 - 100-5586)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 4 - New York (Encls. 4)(RM)  
 (1 - 100-149194)(COMINFIL - SCLC)  
 (1 - 100-136585)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 (1 - 100-111180)(STANLEY LEVISON)  
 (1 - 100-148289)(HARRY WACHTEL)  
 3 - Chicago  
 (1 - 100-35356)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 (1 - 100-41324)(CIRM)

JCS:rr  
 (13)

ENCLOSURE

~~SECRET~~

NOT RECORDED  
 140 AUG 17 1966

Approved: 15

Special Agent in Charge

Classified by 6080  
 Exempt from GDS, Category 3  
 Date of Declassification Indefinite

M

Per

ORIGINAL FILED IN

CARBON COPY

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
 AND FIELD OFFICES  
 ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP  
 100-106670-  
 3-31-67

7 AUG 1966  
 15

11/29/79 9823 RSP/SP  
 CLASS. & EXT. BY  
 DATE OF REVIEW 5/9/88

Routing slip  
 handled

CG 105-16238

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED] b(1)  
[REDACTED] c

The sources utilized in the characterizations in the attached LHM are as follows:

[REDACTED] S  
[REDACTED] c  
[REDACTED]

b(1)

The Special Agents who observed the arrival of LEVISON at O'Hare Airport were [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] The Special Agents observing the arrival of KING were [REDACTED]

b7(c)

The pretexts utilized to determine the presence of LEVISON at O'Hare Airport Inn were [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

b7(E)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. 105-16238

Chicago, Illinois  
August 9, 1966

~~SECRET~~

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION - SOUTHERN  
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

A confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on July 24, 1966, that according to Stanley Levison, a meeting of Martin Luther King, Jr. and his SCLC advisors was to have been held on July 28 - 29, 1966, however, this meeting had been re-scheduled for the period August 1 - 2, 1966, at O'Hare Airport Inn, Chicago.

This source advised on August 1, 1966, that tickets for Levison had been obtained for travel from New York City to Chicago, on American Air Lines to enable him to be present at this meeting. Harry Wachtel, of New York, was due to accompany Levison, taking the same flight to Chicago.

On August 1, 1966, a Special Agent of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation observed Stanley Levison arrive at O'Hare Airport, Chicago, where he was subsequently met by an individual identified as Junius Griffin. Levison and Griffin were observed to proceed to the O'Hare Airport Inn, where they registered as guests, utilizing reservations made there under the name of Martin Luther King, Jr. Harry Wachtel was not observed arriving at O'Hare Airport at this time.

Classified by *1082 Red/TPP*  
Exempt from GDS, Category *2*  
Date of Declassification Indefinite *11/15/77*

~~SECRET~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

PRIVATE AGENCIES  
DATE OF RETURN *2/24/78*  
*marked*  
*na*

Re: COMMUNIST INFILTRATION -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC)

~~SECRET~~

On August 2, 1966, a Special Agent of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, observed Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr. arrive at Chicago's O'Hare Airport at 12:50 p.m. on this date. King, accompanied by a group of six other individuals, all Negro, proceeded to the O'Hare Airport Inn. Reverend James Bevel, Director, Director Action, SCLC, was observed to have arrived at the O'Hare Airport Inn at approximately 12:30 p.m. on this date.

The source referred to above, on August 2, 1966, advised that on that date Harry Wachtel was in New York City, New York, however, the source believed Wachtel might still come to Chicag. if flight arrangements from New York City can be made. 2

As of the evening of August 3, 1966, it was ascertained under suitable pretext that Stanley Levison was registered as a guest at the O'Hare Airport Inn at Chicago. As of August 5, 1966, Levison was no longer registered at the O'Hare Airport Inn.

Set forth below are characterizations of Stanley Levison and Harry Wachtel, referred to above.

Stanley Levison

[REDACTED]

b(1)

~~SECRET~~



RE: COMMUNIST INFILTRATION -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC)

~~SECRET~~

Harry Wachtel

Harry Wachtel is the Executive Vice-President  
of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, New York,  
New York.

[REDACTED]

b(1)

A characterization of the National Lawyers Guild  
is attached hereto.

[REDACTED]

C

With respect to the Gandhi Society for Human  
Rights, it is to be noted that this organization  
is an adjunct of the Southern Christian Leadership  
Conference (SCLC), of which Martin Luther King, Jr.,  
is the President, and serves to raise funds for  
the SCLC.

b(1)

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

1

APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" revised and published December 1, 1961, by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., states as follows on page 121 concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"1. Cited as a Communist front.

(Special Committee on Un-American Activities,  
House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action  
Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)

"2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.'

(Committee on Un-American Activities, House  
Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild,  
September 21, 1950, originally related  
September 17, 1950.)

"3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the \* \* \* National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.'

(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate  
Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans,  
S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

APPENDIX

~~SECRET~~

FBI

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Date: 8/9/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via A I R T E L \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261) (P)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE  
PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RM

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

AUG 16 1966

Date Forw. \_\_\_\_\_

How Forw. R - SBy p/c - mcl

RACIAL UNIT

Re Chicago teletype, dated 8/9/66. UEnclosed for Bureau are thirteen (13) copies,  
for Atlanta two (2) copies, and one (1) information copy for  
Jackson of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) concerning captioned  
matter. UOne copy of LHM is being furnished USA, Chicago. U

- 5 - Bureau (Encls. 13) **ENCLOSURE**  
 (1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL - SCLC)  
 (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2)  
 (1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL - SCLC)  
 (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 1 - Jackson (Encl. 1) (Info)  
 6 - Chicago  
 (1 - 157-413)  
 (1 - 105-16238)  
 (1 - 100-35356)  
 (1 - 157-949)

NOT RECORDED

170 AUG 17 1966

AUG 12 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-669-36

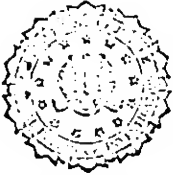
HSH:11  
(14)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

CG 157-1261

Chicago is continuing to follow this situation closely and will advise the Bureau of all pertinent developments. *u*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
August 9, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN  
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC),  
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

On August 8, 1966, [REDACTED] advised the representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Chicago that the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) - Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), sponsored a rally which was held at the Warren Avenue Baptist Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, Chicago, on August 8, 1966.

[REDACTED] advised that at the rally, plans were announced to hold rallies at 7:30 p.m. on August 9, 1966 at the Fellowship Baptist Church, 242 West 46th Street, Chicago, and at 2:00 p.m., August 10, 1966, at the Warren Avenue Baptist Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, Chicago. [REDACTED] stated that a march is to follow the rally on August 10, 1966, to an unknown area in Chicago to protest real estate discrimination. [REDACTED] also advised that a mass rally is to be held at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, 6034 South Princeton, Chicago, at 8:00 p.m. on August 11, 1966, where plans for a march and prayer vigil to be held on August 12, 1966, will be announced. [REDACTED] stated that the SCLC officials who plan the march consist of Reverend James Bevel, Reverend Bernard Lafayette, Reverend Al Sampson, and Reverend Jesse Jackson. 16

11/27/79 95803 PHS  
9/1/88  
This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Re: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE  
PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

[REDACTED]

b(1)

[REDACTED]

b(1)

A copy of this LHM is being furnished to the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois.

The above information was furnished to the following individuals on August 9, 1966:

[REDACTED] United States Secret Service,  
Chicago, Illinois.

[REDACTED] Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston,  
Illinois.

b7(c)

Assistant United States Attorney A. T. Le Cesne,  
Chicago, Illinois.

[REDACTED] Cicero Police Department,  
Cicero, Illinois.

F B I

Date: 8-18-66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK  
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RM

Re Chicago teletypes to Bureau, dated 8/17/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies of a  
LHM concerning captioned matter.Enclosed for the Atlanta Office are 2 copies of  
an LHM concerning captioned matter. One copy of the LHM  
is being furnished to the USA, Chicago, U.S. Secret Service,  
Chicago, and to Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston,  
Illinois.

b7(D)

The source utilized

Chicago is continuing to follow the situation  
closely and will advise the Bureau of all pertinent developments.

- 5 - Bureau (Encls. 13)  
(1 - 100-438794)  
(1 - 100-106670)
- 2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2)  
(1 - 100-5718)  
(1 - 100-5586)
- 4 - Chicago  
(1 - 157-413)  
(1 - 105-16238)  
(1 - 100-35356)

ENCLOSURE

MMH:new  
(11)

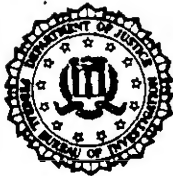
NOT RECORDED -

174 AUG 14 1966

UNCLASSIFIED

9803 RSP/DP

54 AUG 16 1966



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CND

Date Forw.....

How Forw.....

By.....

CG 157-1261

Chicago, Illinois  
AUG 18 1966

**DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP  
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK  
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER**

On August 17, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), in Chicago, that no marches had been scheduled by the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) - Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) for August 17, or August 18, 1966. The source also stated that Richard J. Daley, Mayor of Chicago and Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. and other civic and civil rights leaders plan to have a meeting on August 17, 1966, at St. James Episcopal Cathedral, 666 North Rush Street, Chicago. The source advised the meeting was called by the Chicago Conference on Religion and Race to discuss Chicago's racial problems.

[REDACTED] advised a representative of the FBI in Chicago that a meeting between representatives of Chicago realtors and representatives of the civil rights movement was held in Chicago on August 17, 1966. [REDACTED] advised that Martin Luther King, and Al Raby, both associated with the SCLC, led the civil rights group, and that along with the Board of Realtors, Richard J. Daley, Mayor of Chicago, and various representatives of the Chicago business and religious community were present. [REDACTED] stated that Eli Aaron, Chairman of Chicago Commission on Human Relations, was present at the meeting

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11/27/79  
DECLASSIFIED  
9803 RAB HP



**RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
CFM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS**

and introduced an eleven point resolution recommending in part that real estate brokers comply with the City of Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance, and Illinois Governor Kerner's recent executive order barring discrimination by real estate brokers in the sale or rental of housing. [REDACTED] stated that Aaron also called for an immediate moratorium on civil rights marches into hostile neighborhoods to avoid further disorders.

[REDACTED] stated that leaders representing civil rights groups introduced a nine point statement, calling in part for Mayor Daley to enforce the City of Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance, that realtors be regularly checked for compliance, that the City of Chicago initiate complaints against violators and that licenses of offenders be revoked. [REDACTED] stated that additional requests made by leaders representing civil rights groups, included changes in policies of the Chicago Housing Authority and Cook County Public Aid Department and also that the Board of Realtors drop support for a court suit contesting the legality of the City of Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance, and stop opposition to Governor Kerner's executive order. b7(D)

[REDACTED] stated that mediator of the meeting was Ben W. Heineman, Railroad Executive, and the meeting was held in the Cathedral of St. James Episcopal Church, 666 North Rush Street, Chicago, Illinois. [REDACTED] stated that the morning session of the meeting was devoted to statements regarding each group's positions and that the meeting adjourned at noon with the second session of the meeting scheduled for later in the afternoon. [REDACTED] stated that representatives of both sides commented favorably regarding the possibility of progress resulting from the meeting. [REDACTED] stated the meeting reconvened at approximately 4:00 p.m., on August 17, 1966, and terminated at approximately 9:00 p.m. that same day. [REDACTED] stated that he learned from a Chicago Commission on Human Relations representative present at the meeting that the position of the Chicago Board of Realtors was more flexible at the second meeting and that they agreed to drop vocal opposition to the City of Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance and to urge members to comply, but they did not agree to drop financial support for lawsuit contesting the legality of this ordinance and Governor Kerner's executive order.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
CFM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

[REDACTED] stated that the meeting was cordial and the Chicago Commission on Human Relations representatives felt more was accomplished than had been anticipated. [REDACTED] stated that at 6:30 p.m., on August 17, 1966, representatives of the SCLC held a caucus to consider agreeing to a moratorium on marches, however, no decision was arrived at. [REDACTED] advised that he understands Martin Luther King is reportedly still considering the moratorium on the marches. [REDACTED] stated that no subsequent meetings have been as yet scheduled, but he feels additional meetings will be forthcoming. [REDACTED] stated that a full report of the meeting is to be made on August 18, 1966, at the Chicago Commission on Human Relations Office by representatives of that office who attended the meeting. In addition, [REDACTED] stated that Martin Luther King reportedly made a statement to the press subsequent to the meeting that there would be no march moratorium, as a result of the meeting.

On August 17, 1966, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised the FBI in Chicago that information had been received that the next march planned by the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) - Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) was to be held on August 19, 1966, in the Bridgeport area of Chicago.

[REDACTED] advised that the Bridgeport area of Chicago is the area in which Richard J. Daley, Mayor of Chicago, resides. [REDACTED] advised that the marchers are scheduled to depart SCLC Action Center Number 1, 6043 South Princeton, at 2:30 p.m., August 19, 1966, for the march. [REDACTED] advised no other details were available at this time.

One copy of this memorandum is being furnished for the Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, United States Secret Service, Chicago, and Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
CFM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

The above information was orally furnished to the  
following individuals:

[REDACTED]  
Region I, 113th INTC Group  
Evanston, Illinois  
On August 17, 1966

b7(c)

[REDACTED]  
United States Secret Service  
On August 18, 1966

Assistant United States Attorney  
P. F. Healy  
On August 18, 1966

~~SECRET~~

FBI

Date: 8/17/66

CLASSIFIED AND  
EXTENDED BY

Transmit the following in

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority or Method of Mail)

FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2

DATE OF REVIEW FOR

DECLASSIFICATION ON

7-1680  
SP-4 JEM/A

2

6-12-66

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5586)

RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 8 copies,  
for Jackson 1 copy and New York 3 copies of LHM.

- 4 - Bureau (2 - 100-106670, (Enc. 9) (RM)  
(1 - 100-438794) (SCLC)
- 1 - Jackson (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 3 - New York (Enc. 3) (RM)  
(1 - 100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON)  
(1 - 100-148289) (HARRY WACHTEL)
- 4 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5586)  
(1 - 100-5718) (SCLC)  
(1 - 157-257) (RALPH ABERNATHY)

AGS:cmp  
(12)

AGENCY:

DEPT: ISD, CRD, RAO

DATE FORW: 8/19/66

HOW FORW: 1/10

BY: [signature]

b(1)

AUG. 18 1966

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES

ADVISING OFFICES

CLASSIFICATION

2/21/78

Classified by [signature]

Exempt from GDS, Category

Date of Declassification Indefinite

ENCLOSURE

53 AUG 25 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~SECRET~~

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET3

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- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) \_\_\_\_\_, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

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☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-106670-2665 pg. 2 until L.H.M. pgs 1, 3.

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 X NO DUPLICATION FEE X  
 X FOR THIS PAGE X  
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~~SECRET~~

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

[REDACTED]

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

- 2 -

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

HARRY WACHTEL

HARRY WACHTEL is the Executive Vice President of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York. He resides at 29 Split Rock Drive, King Point, Long Island, New York.

[REDACTED] c

b(1)

A characterization of the National Lawyers Guild is attached hereto.

[REDACTED] c

b(1)

[REDACTED] c

b(1)

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

GANDHI SOCIETY FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

The Gandhi Society for Human Rights was formed for the purpose of developing a philosophy and technique of non-violent civil rights protests. It is a non-action organization and makes no attempt to influence legislation nor participate in demonstrations. The Society furnishes legal assistance in certain civil rights cases. The organization was incorporated June 14, 1962.

~~SECRET~~



~~SECRET~~

THE NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of January 2, 1957, to supersede Guide published on May 14, 1951, by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U. S. House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., contains the following information concerning "The National Lawyers Guild":

1. Cited as a Communist front.  
  
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311, on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)
2. Cited as a Communist front which "is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations and controlled unions" and which "since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents." (Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally released September 17, 1950.)
3. "To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the \*\*\* National Lawyers' Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection."  
  
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, "Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)

~~SECRET~~



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Atlanta, Georgia  
August 17, 1966

FD 323

Title	MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
Character	SECURITY MATTER - C
Reference	Letterhead Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

F B I

Date: 8/15/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (REGISTERED)  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-57229) (RUC)  
SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C

OO: Atlanta

Re Los Angeles airtel and letterhead memorandum  
(LHM) dated 8/4/66.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 8 copies of  
a LHM with 2 for Atlanta and one for Chicago for information,  
reflecting that KING did not come to Los Angeles on 8/14/66  
as scheduled.

There being no further investigation pending Los  
Angeles at this time in this matter it is being RUC'd.

1cc 922 94 D  
ENCLOSURE

11/27/79  
UNCLASSIFIED

9863 RDP/DP

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)
- 2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago (Info) (Encl. 1) (RM)
- 2 - Los Angeles
- Wick (1 - 157-943)

RAP:llb  
(8)

EX-117

3 AUG 17 1966

Approved: 70 AUG 25 1966  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

INT/SEC.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Los Angeles, California  
August 15, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SECURITY MATTER-C

Reference is made to the memorandum on captioned individual dated August 4, 1966.

Various Los Angeles news media on the evening of August 13 and on August 14, reported that Dr. Martin Luther King would not speak in Los Angeles on August 14, 1966, during the Watts Summer Festival as illness had forced him to cancel his scheduled visit to Los Angeles. It was further reported by the news media that the Reverend Ralph D. Abernathy, aide to Dr. King would appear in Dr. King's place.

The "Los Angeles Times" for August 14, 1966, Section A, page one, a daily Los Angeles metropolitan newspaper reported "Dr. Martin Luther King was to arrive (Los Angeles), Saturday (August 13) afternoon but had to cancel because of illness".

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

11/27/79  
UNCLASSIFIED

9883 RLF/LS

ENCLOSURE

100-151171-21-105

F B I

Date: 8/16/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Wick	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, LOUISVILLE (100-4583) (RUC)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM-C  
OO: ATLANTA

Re Chicago airtel dated 7/28/66, and New Haven airtel dated August 9, 1966.

[REDACTED]  
on August 16, 1966, advised as follows:

b7(c)  
b7(D)

He has no knowledge of [REDACTED] ever having sold any type of weapon to MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., and he personally would have nothing to do with such a sale. [REDACTED] could not remember [REDACTED] or ever having met or talked to [REDACTED]. He stated he had never made any statement to anyone to the effect that [REDACTED] had sold MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., any type of weapon.

[REDACTED] also attending the [REDACTED] advised that he has no [REDACTED]

- REC 33 100-106670-266
- ③ - Bureau (RM)
  - 2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (RM)
  - 1 - Chicago (100-35356) (Info) (RM)
  - 1 - New Haven (100-18410) (Info) (RM)
  - 1 - Louisville

GMH/bbs  
(8)

CC - WICK

EX - 117  
UNCLASSIFIED  
9803 KES 100

AUG 18 1966

INT. SEC.

Approved: [Signature] Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

LS 100-4583

knowledge of [REDACTED] ever having sold MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., a weapon. He said he is sure he would have heard had such been the case. He pointed out that it is possible for anyone to buy [REDACTED] arms from dealers.

[REDACTED] exhibited a derringer type pistol .22 caliber using a magnum load. He stated that he had seen concealment holsters designed to fit in the arm of a suitcoat. He indicated he believed these holsters were made by [REDACTED] New York City, who makes concealment holsters for various weapons. b7(D)  
b7(C)

[REDACTED] indicated he had one of these concealment holsters for the magnum .22 caliber derringer and it is possible that this holster was observed by [REDACTED] at the National Rifle Association Convention in Chicago.

[REDACTED] indicated that he knew [REDACTED] but that he, [REDACTED] had never made any statement to [REDACTED] regarding having sold a weapon of any kind to MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET2

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\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100 - 106670 - 2662

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 X DELETED PAGE(S) X  
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 X FOR THIS PAGE X  
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F B I

Date: 8/12/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, TAMPA (157-2665) (C)

CONTEMPLATED VISIT OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING  
TO ORLANDO, FLA.

6/27/66

RACIAL MATTER

Re Tampa teletype to Director, dated 6/28/66.

To date, no further correspondence has been received by the San Juan Hotel concerning any contemplated visits by KING or requests by him for any reservations for a large party.

In view of the above, no further investigation is being conducted by the Tampa office, and this matter is being considered closed.

3 - Bureau (RM)

1 - Tampa

EJK:ecs

(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-16-91 BY SP4 JRM/ML

6076

REC 45

100-106670-2

100 922 940

AUG 15 1966

cc. Wick

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

RECEIVED



8/16/66

PLAINTEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

REC 20

1 - Mr. Basher

TO SAC CHICAGO

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

100-106670-2660

THREAT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING BY [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED], CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, EIGHT THIRTEEN  
SIXTY-SIX, SECURITY MATTER - C

REFERENCE YOUR TELETYPE EIGHT THIRTEEN LAST DIRECTED TO BUREAU  
AND JACKSON ONLY. IF NOT PREVIOUSLY HANDLED, THE CONTENTS OF  
REFERENCED TELETYPE SHOULD IMMEDIATELY BE SUBMITTED TO ATLANTA  
FOR APPROPRIATE ACTION.

PTB:rth (3)

NOTE:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-14-81 BY SP4 JNM/ML

Referenced Chicago teletype contains information received by  
Chicago Police Department concerning a threat by [REDACTED] to  
kill Martin Luther King, Jr., if King goes to Winnemac Park, [REDACTED]  
Chicago. As a matter of policy whenever a threat is  
made against King's life, we notify the Atlanta Police Department,  
inasmuch as Atlanta is the permanent residence of King.

Teletype used in view of threats against King, and it is not  
known when King will leave Atlanta for Chicago.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_

4.6.16.195

SISpm

WCS/ATV

RSJ  
FJ

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 13 1966

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Wick  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

FBI CHICAGO

10:45 PM CDST URGENT 8-13-66 HRF

TO DIRECTOR (100-106570) AND JACKSON (100-5586)  
FROM CHICAGO (100-35356)

SUBJECT: THREAT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING BY [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, EIGHT THIRTEEN SIXTYSIX.

[REDACTED] CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT

ADVISED NINE THIRTY PM TODAY THAT AT APPROXIMATELY EIGHT THIRTY PM TODAY

[REDACTED] W/M AGE FIFTYFOUR, RESIDING [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CHICAGO TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED TWENTYTH DISTRICT

PD STATING HE WILL KILL KING IF KING GOES TO WINNEMAC PARK, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CHICAGO. [REDACTED] STATED [REDACTED] TOLD HIM HE WANTED TO

BE ON RECORD SHOULD KING APPEAR IN WINNEMAC PARK AND BE KILLED.

[REDACTED] STATED [REDACTED] APPEARED SOBER AND RATIONAL. CHICAGO

PD INVESTIGATING CHICAGO INDICES NEGATIVE ON [REDACTED] NOTED NO

MARCHES HAVE BEEN HELD NEAR WINNEAMAC PARK AND KING NOT CURRENTLY

IN CHICAGO. ATLANTA AND JACKSON ADVISE PD. MILITARY, USA, SECRET SERVICE

ADVISED. LHM FOLLOWS.

END

WA...HFL

FBI WASH DC

JN...KCH

FBI JKN MISS

TU CLR

REC 20

100-106670-2660

AUG 17 1966

UNCLASSIFIED

100-106670-2660

9803 RSP/28

BECL/28

cc Freeman

RECEIVED  
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION  
AUG 16 1966 *RLL*  
TELETYPE

FBI CHICAGO

FBI WASH DC

515 PM URGENT 8-16-66 RCS

TO CHICAGO

FROM DIRECTOR 1P

THREAT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING BY [REDACTED] b7c  
[REDACTED] CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, EIGHT THIRTEEN  
SIXTY- SIX, SECURITY MATTER - C

REFERENCE YOUR TELETYPE EIGHT THIRTEEN LAST DIRECTED TO BUREAU  
AND JACKSON ONLY. IF NOT PREVIOUSLY HANDLED, THE CONTENTS OF  
REFERENCED TELETYPE SHOULD IMMEDIATELY BE SUBMITTED TO ATLANTA  
FOR APPROPRIATE ACTION.

END

ACK PLS

CG..GAB

FBI CHICAGO

TU CLR

7/127/79  
UNCLASSIFIED  
9803 RLP/LL

6076

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4JPM/ML

August 8, 1966

REC 46 100-106670-2657

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
Chicago, Illinois 60609

b7(c)

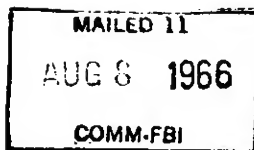
*Eg 2B/line*  
*Shaw, [unclear]*  
*D. [unclear]*

Dear [REDACTED]

Your letter of August 2nd has been received.

With respect to your inquiries, information contained in the files of the FBI must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice. I trust you will understand the necessary reasons for this policy.

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover



REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI  
AUG 8 3 01 PM '66  
IN RECORDED COPY FILED IN

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles. Stokely Carmichael has been described as a close friend of Eugene Denis, Jr., son of the former Secretary of the Communist Party, USA, and associated with left wing organizations while in New York. He has participated in demonstrations and is known for his inflammatory remarks regarding civil rights. He has described himself as the organizer of the Black Panther Party in Alabama. Inasmuch as the question pertaining to anarchy could conceivably contain a statement of Carmichael's out of context, it is being ignored.

DFC:des (3)

*11/11/66*  
Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM 54 AUG 22 1966

[REDACTED] b7(c)  
Chicago, Illinois  
August 2, 1966

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington 25, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

On Sunday I had been in attendance at a discussion forum in our local parish hall, which seemed to confirm some of my own thinking. I would like to verify a few items which, unfortunately I did not write down, you would have information about:

- 1) Martin Luther King's second in command, Bayard Rustin, is a member of the Communist party and has gone to Russia in 1958 (?) to participate in an anti-America rally
- 2) King himself had been in attendance in a Communist training school in Tennessee, which the FBI subsequently closed as being subversive
- 3) Sen. Hawkins of the Watts District in California is also a Communist.

XEROX  
AUG 11 1966

Since King has been soliciting funds from so many people under the auspices of civil rights, the thought that so many right thinking people, including the Negro population, might be contributing unwittingly to the Communist party has upset me greatly.

REC 46 100-106670-2659

Also, is not the following statement smacking of anarchy?  
"No matter where in the United States, whether in Chicago or Detroit, if a policeman touches a Negro, the whole United States should rise up and riot. I want to see some chaos."  
Radio WCFL - Sunday, July 31 - Stokely Carmichael.

Very truly yours  
AUG 10 1966  
[REDACTED]  
b7(c)

F B I

Date: 8/12/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via A I R T E L

(Priority)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4JRM/6076

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

AUG 18 1966

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN  
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE  
(SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO,  
ILLINOIS  
RM

Date Forw.

How Forw.

By

RACIAL MATTERS 1 RACIAL INT

Re Chicago teletypes, dated 8/11 and 8/12/66, and  
Chicago airtel and LHM, dated 8/11/66, dual captioned as  
above with the American Nazi Party (ANP).

Enclosed for the Bureau are thirteen (13) copies,  
for Atlanta two (2), of an LHM concerning captioned matter.

Copies of the LHM are being provided to Office of  
USA, Chicago; U. S. Secret Service, Chicago; and Region I,  
113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

Chicago is following this matter closely and the  
Bureau and Atlanta will be appropriately advised.

- 5 - Bureau (Encls. 13) (RM) **ENCLOSURE**  
 (1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL SCLC)  
 (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2) (RM)  
 (1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL SCLC)  
 (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
 4 - Chicago  
 (1 - 157-413)  
 (1 - 105-16238)  
 (1 - 100-35356)

JCS:rr  
(11)**ENCLOSURE**100-106670-  
NOT RECORDED  
203 AUG 19 1966

14 AUG 17 1966

AUG 12 1966

Approved: G. A. J. L.

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

SUBJECT: RACIAL MATTERS  
K. J. L.

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-1261-9



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.  
157-1261

Chicago, Illinois  
August 12, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SPY  
6076 JPM/IL

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE  
PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum of August 11, 1966, captioned as above, and the American Nazi Party (ANP), Racial Matter - Organization.

Chicago's press media, on August 11, 1966, contained a number of articles reflecting that on August 12, 1966, representatives of the CFM - SCLC would demonstrate and march in the all-white Bogan High School area of Chicago, that is generally in the vicinity of 79th Street and Pulaski Avenue (4000 West). An announcement to this effect was made at a press conference held by representatives of these civil rights groups, prior to a rally on the evening of August 11, 1966, at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, 6043 South Princeton Avenue, Chicago. At this press conference, it was announced that this church would serve as the gathering place from which the demonstrators would depart for the Bogan area for approximately 3:00 to 3:30 p.m. the following day. This area is sometimes referred to by residents as the Ashburn neighborhood.

The number of demonstrators to participate in this march, together with the route to be followed and other details were not as yet finalized by the march leaders, Reverend Jesse Jackson and Reverend James Bevel. It was additionally announced that Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr., President, SCLC, had sent a

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ENCLOSURE 100-106690

Re: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN  
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE  
(SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

number of telegrams to Chicago's Negro aldermen, Ward Committee Men and State Representatives, urging them to participate in the August 12, 1966 march. King was then in Jackson, Mississippi attending the tenth annual conference of the SCLC.

Concerning the rally on the evening of August 11, 1966, at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church [REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised as follows:

The rally was held between the hours of 8:00 p.m. and 10:30 p.m. and was attended by approximately 500 to 700 persons. The principal speakers were the Reverend James Bevel and Reverend Jesse Jackson. March plans into the Bogan area were announced at the rally, these plans in substance identical with those made at the earlier press conference. During his remarks at the rally, Bevel was critical of Chicago's Mayor Richard J. Daley, Chicago's press, Chicago's union officials, and Archbishop Cody of the Chicago Catholic Archdiocese, all of whom in recent days made statements relative to the advisability of terminating or of temporarily halting civil rights demonstrations. Reverend Jackson additionally was critical of union officials who have made efforts to get representatives of the Chicago real estate industry and the civil rights leadership together at the conference table to discuss their differences. [REDACTED] b7(D)  
[REDACTED] advised that it is his understanding that such a meeting is tentatively scheduled for August 17, 1966, when King is expected to return to Chicago. The rally itself was orderly and there were no incidents.



Re: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN  
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE  
(SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Concerning the criticism leveled by Reverend Bevel at various Chicago officials, at the August 11, 1966, rally, the "Chicago Sun Times" contained an article which quoted Reverend Bevel as stating as follows in this regard: "One must say to the mayor, to his labor leaders, to his bishop 'if you have to get off the boat, get off now, but this ship is headed for the promised land.'" Reverend Bevel stated that the stand of Archbishop Cody particularly described him as in effect

telling civil rights leaders that although they are moral in their position, they should "stop being moral, because when you are moral you cause other people to be immoral." He charged that the Archbishop was in effect telling Negroes to "go back in your cubby holes and live in the slums, and by and by when you die, maybe pie in the sky..."

Concerning the march to take place on August 12, 1966, [REDACTED] b7(D) furnished the following information during the morning of this date: The civil rights demonstrators who are to participate in the Bogan area demonstration will leave the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church at 3:30 p.m. on August 12, 1966, by automobile, and will proceed South to 79th Street on the Dan Ryan Expressway. Here they will exit the Dan Ryan, proceed West on 79th Street or 79th Place to Springfield Avenue (3900 West), where their automobiles will be parked in the Bogan High School lot.

The demonstrators, by foot, will proceed South on Pulaski Avenue (4000 West) to 85th Place, where they will proceed in groups to the following realty companies where they will demonstrate and hold prayer vigils:

1. Katschke Realty, 8359 South Pulaski
2. Reynolds Realty, 8461 South Pulaski
3. Egan Realty, 8514 South Pulaski

Re: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN  
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE  
(SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

The demonstrators will return by Pulaski Avenue to their automobiles at the Bogan High School subsequent to the termination of the demonstration, will return South on Pulaski to the 87th Street entry to the Dan Ryan Expressway and will then return to the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church.

[REDACTED] advised that the number of demonstrators who will participate in this affair is not known at the present time.

b7(D)

[REDACTED]

b7(D)

[REDACTED]

b7(D)

[REDACTED] had received an anonymous telephone call to the effect that residents of the Bogan area of Chicago were armed in anticipation of civil rights marches into this area and that these people were not afraid to use these arms if they had to. No further information had been provided during this phone call.

Pertinent portions of the above information have been provided United States Secret Service, Chicago; the Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago; and to Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois. Copies of this memorandum are being provided each of these agencies.

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET5

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) b 7(c) b 7(D) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) \_\_\_\_\_, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); \_\_\_\_\_ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

NOT REC. 8/12/66 WFO airtel + L.H.M.

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 X DELETED PAGE(S) X  
 X NO DUPLICATION FEE X  
 X FOR THIS PAGE X  
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

FBI

Date: 8/11/66

Transmit the following in

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN  
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE  
(SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO,  
ILLINOIS  
RM  
(CG 157-1261)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
RM-ORGANIZATION  
(BUFILE 105-70374)  
(CG 157-3)

CLASS. & EXT. BY 9803 RLS/LSP  
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 2  
DATE OF REVIEW 8/11/88  
*Routing slip handled*

Re Chicago teletypes to Director, dated 8/10 and 8/11/66, captioned "DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS; and Chicago airtel and LHM to Director, dated 8/9/66, captioned, "DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS," "NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY, RM ORGANIZATION, Bufile 105-6623, CG 105-4630," and "AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, RM-ORGANIZATION, Bufile 105-70374, CG 157-3." u

Enclosed for the Bureau are fourteen (14) copies of an LHM relating to demonstrations by the SCLC in the Gage Park area and activity of the ANP relating to such demonstrations. u

6 - Bureau (Encls. 14) (RM)

(1 - 100-438794)

(1 - 100-106670) (COMINFIL SCLC)

(1 - 105-7374) (ANP)

2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2) (RM)

(1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL SCLC)

(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)

8 - Chicago

(1 - 157-413)

(1 - 105-16238)

(1 - 100-35356)

(1 - 157-722)

(1 - 157-3)

NOT RECORDED

AUG 19 1966

CARBON COPY.

FILED IN

157-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

One copy of this LHM is being furnished the U. S. Secret Service, and the Office of the USA, both Chicago, Illinois, and Region I, 113th INTC Group, U. S. Army, Evanston, Illinois. 4

The sources utilized in the enclosed LHM are as follows:

[REDACTED] b(1)  
[REDACTED] C  
[REDACTED] b(1)  
[REDACTED] C

Chicago has alerted its sources for information relative to any future plans for civil rights marches into the Bogan area of Chicago, and the Cicero, Illinois area. The Bureau and Atlanta will be promptly advised of all pertinent developments by appropriate communications. 21



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. **137-**

Chicago, Illinois  
August //, 1966

X

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO  
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN  
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE  
(SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO,  
ILLINOIS  
RACIAL MATTER

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
RACIAL MATTER - ORGANIZATION

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum, dated August 9, 1966, captioned, "Demonstrations By Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) - Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), Gage Park Area, Chicago, Illinois," "National States Rights Party, Racial Matter - Organization," and "American Nazi Party, Racial Matter - Organization."

On August 10, 1966. [REDACTED] b7(D)

[REDACTED] stated that a rally would be held at 2:00 p.m. at the West Side Action Center (Warren Avenue Congregational Church, 3101 West Warren, Chicago, Illinois), in order to discuss the possibility of a march by SCLC to the Belmont-Cragin area of Chicago or possibly to the Chicago Real Estate Board, 105 West Madison, Chicago, Illinois. He further stated that SCLC officials were not cooperating with the Chicago Police Department relative to their recurrent march plans in that such officials were giving insufficient notice of their intentions.

[REDACTED] a mass meeting had been held at the Fellowship Baptist Church, 4543 South Princeton, Chicago, Illinois, during the evening of August 9, 1966, attended b(1)

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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9813 RDR/LS  
8/11/83  
[initials]

by approximately 350 persons. The principal speaker, the Reverend Albert Sampson, SCLC staff worker, spoke at the meeting and urged young people to become involved in the non-violent movement. He also requested that those in attendance at such meeting report to 3101 West Warren at 12:00 noon, August 10, 1966, and that each individual present should bring five others for a possible march to the Bogan area.

On August 10, 1966, [REDACTED] declared that he had no information indicating that the planned march to the Bogan area had been cancelled or that the march would occur as originally scheduled.

At 3:30 p.m., August 10, 1966, [REDACTED] advised that subsequent to the meeting at 3101 West Warren, the demonstrators would depart from the church at 4:00 p.m. and stage a protest demonstration in the Bogan area of Chicago. At such time, [REDACTED] advised that approximately 100 persons were expected to participate with Reverend James Bevel, Reverend Jesse Jackson, and Reverend Albert Sampson, SCLC Officials, leading the march. The demonstration would consist of a march through the Bogan neighborhood and terminate with a prayer vigil at the T. E. Laduke Realty Company, 2621 West 79th Street, Chicago. The Chicago Police Department declared that there were approximately 400 to 500 officers on standby duty available to maintain order and police such demonstrations. b7(D)

At 5:00 p.m. on such date, Albert Raby, Coordinator, Coordinating Council of Community Organizations (CCCCO), advised the Chicago Police Department that the demonstrators originally scheduled to depart for the Bogan area would travel instead to the Chicago Civic Center by automobile, from which point the demonstrators would march to the Chicago Real Estate Board, 105 West Madison, and stage a demonstration.

The group left the Warren Avenue Congregational Church at 5:15 on such date and proceeded to the Chicago Civic Center via Monroe Street, traveling in a caravan of twenty-five automobiles. The demonstrators numbering approximately 150,

assembled at the Civic Center at 5:45 p.m. and proceeded to march through the Chicago Loop area with a police escort, arriving at the Chicago Real Estate Board at 6:00 p.m. on such date. The demonstrators increased to approximately 300 persons at the Chicago Real Estate Board and remained at such location until 7:00 p.m. when the group marched back to the Civic Center, listened to Reverend Jesse Jackson, who delivered a short address protesting the opposition by the Chicago Real Estate Board to open occupancy. The demonstration was peaceful and that there were no incidents or arrests.



The "Chicago Defender", a south side Negro newspaper, carried an article in its August 8, 1966, edition on page 3, column 1, captioned "Marching as to War..." "Nazi Organizing 'Defense' Group in White Gage Park" "Group Seeks to 'Protect' Neighborhood." It related that the American Nazi Party (ANP) is trying to organize a white self defense organization in the same neighborhood where the SCLC organization conducted a march on August 5, 1966. The article quoted Ericka Himmler, described as a Party official, as saying "This organization (the White Guard) is intended for self defense. We are not out to attack anyone, but to defend ourselves, our families and our neighborhoods." She stated that armed Party members would circulate throughout the Gage Park area August 14, 1966, distributing literature about the White Guard. "In areas like this", Miss Himmler said, "we find that there are people who are generally sympathetic to our beliefs and will receive this literature favorably."

She said new recruits would carry arms but only for use in self defense.

On the back of coupons to be handed out in the neighborhood would read the following:

"Yes, I'll fight! If the blacks attack our area and overwhelm our police, I'll fight."

C [REDACTED] Barbara Warren, also known as Ericka Himmler, is a member of the Chicago Branch of the American Nazi Party.

C [REDACTED] who are familiar with activities of the ANP in the Chicago, Illinois, area advised that they had learned that ANP members and sympathizers have distributed ANP literature at recent civil rights demonstrations in Chicago. They further stated that there has been no indication the ANP has had any success in organizing a "White Guard" or any other armed or similar group as referred to above. These sources added that the

ANP in Chicago has received numerous telephone and mail inquiries concerning the purpose of the ANP during the past week. One ANP member stated they have not had any success in securing financial support from individuals making such inquiries concerning the ANP.

A characterization of the ANP is contained in the appendix section of this memorandum.

On August 11, 1966, [REDACTED] b7(D)

[REDACTED] advised that he has no information at this time relative to previously announced SCLC plans to march in the Bogan area of Chicago and the Cicero, Illinois area. Nathan noted that Chicago newspapers announced current plans for marches to such areas had been canceled and that this probably represented the decision of SCLC officials at this time. He stated that the "Chicago Tribune" August 11, 1966, morning edition, accurately reported the situation when it revealed that Sheriff Richard B. Ogilvie, Cook County, William H. Morris, State Police Superintendent, and Albert Raby, Coordinator, CCCO, had met at his office August 10, 1966, and reached an agreement by which Raby will give Ogilvie seven days notice before marching into Cicero. b(1)

[REDACTED] that Reverend James Bevel, SCLC official, announced there would be a mass meeting on such date at 8:00 PM at 60th Place and Princeton at which time the plans for the weekend would be announced.

On August 10 and 11, 1966, the above information was furnished to the following individuals:

U. S. Army, Region I, 113th INTC Group

[REDACTED] b7(c)

U. S. Secret Service

Special Agent [REDACTED]  
Special Agent [REDACTED]  
Special Agent [REDACTED]

b7(c)

United States Attorney

Assistant United States Attorney  
J. J. Mc Donnell


A copy of this memorandum has been designated for the United States Attorney, U. S. Secret Service, both Chicago, and the U. S. Army, Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party (ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1962, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

 that  
the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

b(1)

A characterization of the national organization follows.

## APPENDIX

### AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time the World", copyrighted in 1961, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader", a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that ROCKWELL's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by ADOLF HITLER. He added that ROCKWELL is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual", an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda"; and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated ROCKWELL believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
August 11, 1966

Title	DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
Character	RACIAL MATTER
Reference	Memorandum dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Date: 7/29/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-)

SUBJECT: STOKELY CARMICHAEL  
RM

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES

Re: Chicago teletype, 7/29/66, captioned as above; Chicago airtel to Director, CC Atlanta and New York, dated 7/11/66, captioned "NOI, IS-NOI"; "CALL FOR SUMMIT MEETING, MAJOR CIVIL RIGHTS LEADERS, by ELIJAH MUHAMMED CHICAGO UNSPECIFIED DATE-RM" with LHM titled "NOI, IS-NOI," New York airtel with LHM to Bureau, cc to Chicago, titled same as Chicago airtel and LHM above, both dated 7/25/66.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 15 copies of an LHM pertaining to captioned individual. Copies of this LHM are being furnished the Atlanta and New York Divisions.

One copy of the LHM is being furnished to the USA, Chicago.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b(1)

c

- 8 - Bureau (Enc. 15) (RM)
- (1 - 25-330971) (NOI)
  - (1 - 157- ) (Call for Summit Meeting)
  - (1 - 100-106670) (MLK)
  - (1 - 100-43874) (SCLC)
- 6 - New York (Enc. 6) (RM)
- (1 - 105-7809) (NOI)
  - (1 - ) (NAACP)
  - (1 - ) (CORE)
  - (1 - ) (SNCC)
  - (1 - ) (YSA)

100-106670

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100 AUG 12 1966

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CLASS. & EXT. BY 9803 RDD  
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW 7-24-86

ENCLOSURE

(Copies continued on page 11)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CG 157-

5 - Atlanta (Enc. 5) (RM)


1 - 100-5586 (MLK)

1 - 100-5718 (SCLC)

1 - 100-4593 (NOI)

1 - (SNCC)

20 - Chicago



c

b(1)

JMC/pjn  
(39)

-11-

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CG 157-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

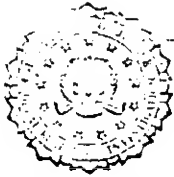
[REDACTED]

C  
b(1)

LHM is being classified confidential since information furnished by the above sources could reasonably result in their identification and compromise their future value and effectiveness.

Chicago will furnish any additional information re CARMICHAEL's visit to Chicago on 7/28/66 in form suitable for dissemination.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Chicago, Illinois  
JULY 29, 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

*Class*  
*3-4-8*  
STOKELY CARMICHAEL  
RACIAL MATTER

*9-4-79*  
CLASS. & EXT. BY *RRD/cab*  
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 *2*  
DATE OF REVIEW *7-29-86*

[REDACTED] b(1)  
Stokely Carmichael, national chairman of the Student Non-violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) was presently in Chicago, and would in all probability follow the below itinerary for July 28, 1966:

10:00 a.m.	Press conference at the office of the Oakland Committee for Community Improvement, 3939 South Drexel, Chicago
11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.	Taping of television show for presentation on "Kup's Show", Chicago
2:00 to 3:00 p.m.	Speech at Orrington Hotel, Evanston, Illinois
7:30 p.m.	Speech, United Packinghouse Workers Hall, 4859 South Wabash, Chicago

This source pointed out Monroe Sharp, Chicago chairman of SNCC, is reportedly handling arrangements. Carmichael, while in Chicago, will be accompanied by members of the Deacons for Defense and Justice (DDJ).

CLASSIFICATION RETAINED BY 6002 WNP/RB

EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2  
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION

see para marked C

PRIVATE AGENCY

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

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RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

[REDACTED] <sup>c</sup> b1  
while in Chicago Carmichael is to be escorted by members of the DDJ. Carmichael is to hold a meeting at the United Packinghouse Workers Hall this evening, where members of the DDJ are to be present. The source could furnish no additional information.

[REDACTED] <sup>c</sup> b1  
Stokely Carmichael, national chairman of SNCC, is in Chicago this date, and plans to meet in the very near future with Elijah Muhammad, Chicago based leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI), for purposes of discussing ways their respective organizations might work together. Carmichael revealed his intentions to meet Muhammad during a video-taping session for "Kupa Show" which is presented on channel 7, ABC-TV, Chicago. The source stated Carmichael is presently on a speaking tour defining the term "black power", and how it relates to the future of the Negro. Carmichael emphasized at this session that SNCC has not called for "separatism" but that he did not want SNCC to join the mainstream of American society "to join the mainstream is to become white".

A characterization of the NOI will be found in later pages. Sources utilized therein are all reliable.

[REDACTED] <sup>c</sup> b1  
as follows concerning a SNCC sponsored meeting at the United Packinghouse Workers Hall, 4859 South Wabash, Chicago, on this date:

The meeting began at approximately 8:45 p.m. with a packed house, who paid \$2.00 for admission. The audience was mostly Negro and included adults and youths.

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CONFIDENTIAL

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The source recognized the following:

Chester Robinson, head of the West Side Organization, Chicago;

Dick Gregory, entertainer;

Lawrence Landry, national and Chicago chairman of the organization ACT;

Lou House, local radio announcer and disc jockey who acted as the master of ceremonies for the meeting

Also present were four members of the DDJ, two stood on the platform and two acted as floor guards. They were not identified by name.

Carmichael, the main speaker, proclaimed his pride in being black, and called for Chicago youths to end fighting among themselves. He praised 'Black Muslims' and stated SNCC and the Muslims should become better acquainted. Concerning Elijah Muhammad, Carmichael lauded him as a leader of a black race of people, and his followers are true Muslims not 'Black Muslims' as labeled by the white man. He stressed that he and SNCC would become better acquainted with the Muslims.

In summary, Carmichael's speech and other speeches centered around an explanation of the term "black power", and why Negroes needed black power. Carmichael pointed out the need for black power is generated by injustices and oppressions brought to bear on the black man by society.

Lawrence Landry, another speaker, spoke briefly on the Negroes' plight in Chicago. He expressed accord with Stokely's idea of the Negroes need for black power.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

Another speaker, Dick Gregory, during his speech read a writing which indicated injustices befalling Negroes today would be reversed and befall the white man one day soon.

Gregory also mentioned recent Chicago rioting directly affected the stock market. In explanation, he stated that grocers in the riot area instead of ordering 40 cans of beans, now they order two for he (the grocer) knows not when the Negro may strike again.

The source pointed out during all speeches there was no mention of national or Chicago SNCC's future plans.

To the best of source's recollection, the words civil rights were not used during the entire meeting, however, appeal was continuously made for a "black power" movement on a nation wide basis.

It was also noted by the source that seven or eight unidentified teenage Negro youths, typical of Chicago's youth gang members, continually applauded and spoke out in agreement with all speakers.

b1

b1

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RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

[REDACTED]

b(1)

[REDACTED]

b(1)

A characterization of the YSA and YSA - C are to be found in latter pages. Sources utilized therein are all reliable.

[REDACTED]

b(1)

Among other guests, the following were related to have been present: Juan Stokely Carmichael, accompanied by two Negro males and one Negro female, who came to Chicago with him. Fats LNU Negro male, approximately 41 years of age and admitted member of the DDJ. Brenda McIntire and her sister, McIntire's affiliated with Westside ACT, Jimmy Nylon, also associated with Westside ACT, William "Willie" Hayman, also known as Billy, associated with Westside ACT. The source understands the party was mostly social in nature. Landry attempted to explain to Carmichael what happened on Chicago's Westside during the recent riots in Chicago. However, Carmichael, as a result of consuming alcoholic beverages, became slightly inebriated and not too attentive.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The source learned that Carmichael was still present in Landry's home at 1:00 a.m., June 29, 1966.

The Chicago "Sun Times" newspaper, Friday, July 29, 1966, issue carried an article on Page 4, entitled "SNCC Head Plans Muslim Contact" with subtitle "Carmichael, Dr. King Meet". This article is set forth verbatim:

"Stokely Carmichael, national chairman of the Student Non-violent Co-ordinating Committee, moved Thursday to get a wide range of Negro leadership to attend a Labor Day civil rights conference in Washington.

"Carmichael met here for half an hour with Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. and other representatives of the latter's Southern Christian Leadership Conference. Carmichael said he also was seeking a meeting 'in the very near future' with Elijah Muhammad, leader of the Black Muslims.

"Dr. King Undecided

"After the meeting with Dr. King, Carmichael said the Nobel Peace Prize winner had agreed to attend the Washington conference, but Dr. King later said he had not yet accepted.

"'I will have to take it up with my board,' Dr. King said. 'If the meeting came about, it would have to be a united effort.'

"Carmichael's meeting with Dr. King took place at the offices of the Co-ordinating Council of Community Organizations. When he was asked what had gone on, Carmichael told a reporter: 'That meeting was not public.'

"Although the Black Muslims have been characterized as an anti-white 'hate' group seeking an independent, all-Negro nation, Carmichael said he would try to discuss ways in which his group and the Muslims could work together.

- 6 -  
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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

'The Fact Is...'

"'The press tells us 'they're violent; they're black nationalist,' Carmichael said referring to the Muslims, 'but the fact is that the Honorable Elijah Muhammad is the leader of a major organization of black people and I want us to talk to him directly.'

"Carmichael revealed his plans to approach Muhammad during a taping session for Kup's Show on Channel 7, ABC-TV.

"Carmichael and U.S. Rep. Adam Clayton Powell (D-N.Y.) announced the prospective Labor Day weekend meeting Wednesday at a press conference in Washington.

"Carmichael said 300 to 500 persons would be invited to the meeting, including such 'conservative' Negroes as the Rev. J. H. Jackson, president of the National Baptist Convention, and U.S. Rep. William L. Dawson (Ill.), Democratic organization leader on Chicago's South Side.

"Speaks Here Twice

"Carmichael spoke at two meetings in the Chicago area Thursday. He is on a nation-wide lecture tour.

"One of the meetings, in the Orrington Hotel in Evanston, drew about 100 persons, most of them white, while an evening meeting at the United Packinghouse Workers union hall, 4859 S. Wabash, drew a mostly Negro audience of more than 1,000.

"Carmichael was cheered repeatedly at the evening meeting. He called upon Negroes to 'understand the lies this country has spread about black people. We have to set the record straight.'

"A Hard Way"

"Negroes are told, he said, that 'if you work hard and sweat, you'll be a success. But you know that if we got what we deserve for working and sweating, we'd run the country.'



RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"We work hard--the white man has us pick his cotton for \$3 a day, wash his dishes, dig his ditches, be porters in his banks and run his elevators for him--and all we get is a hard way to go,' Carmichael said.

"They oppress us because we're black and we're going to use our color to get out of the trick bag they put us in. You've got to be proud of being black.'

"During his speech, some members of Carmichael's audience shouted, 'Black power, black power.'

"Slogan Out Of the South.

"Carmichael first used that slogan in Mississippi, and it has become widely--and controversially--associated with Carmichael and the organization he heads.

"Carmichael called on Negroes 'to build a movement based on the color of our skins to free us from our oppressors.'

"He said, 'We've got to build internal strength so that if they touch one black man, taking his pregnant wife to a hospital in Watts, touch one black man in Mississippi, or arrest one black man who rebels in the ghetto and charge him with treason, we're going to move to disrupt this country.'

"What's going on in the cities of the urban North is not rioting, it's rebellion. They keep talking about extremists... the extremists are the white people who are forcing us to live the way we live.

"We don't have to obey any law we didn't have a part in making, especially if it keeps us down. We have every right to break it.'

"Black Mercenaries'

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"He accused Negroes who serve in the United States armed forces of being 'black mercenaries--people who fight for a country and do not enjoy the rights of that country.

"'Black people are off fighting for the right to vote for people in Viet Nam, but when they come back they haven't got the right to vote in Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas Georgia, Alabama and Washington, D.C.

"'A black mercenary goes to Viet Nam and gets shot and when they bring him home they won't bury him in his own home town.'

"'We've got to get the strength so when they ask us to fight their war, we can say, 'Hell, no.'"

"On the subject of non-violence, which has been extensively debated since the 'black power' slogan was uttered, Carmichael said:

"'We've got to get nonviolent among ourselves first. We've got to move so we don't cut each other up on Friday nights. We've got to say to our young people, 'You're shooting and cutting up the wrong people.'"

The Chicago "Tribune" newspaper, July 29, 1966, issue carried an article on Page 9, Section 1, entitled "Defends Black Power Slogan", which is set forth verbatim as it appeared:

"Parley to Define It, Civil Rights Leader Says

"The slogan 'black power' is a concern only of the Negro and only he has a right to define it, Stokely Carmichael, national chairman of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating committee, said here yesterday in announcing a national conference to define the term and form a coalition of civil rights leaders.

"Speaking at a press conference in the offices of the Oakland Committee for Community Improvement, 3939 Drexel blvd., Carmichael attacked what he called 'the white press' distortions in attempting to define "black power", and said he has called a meeting of all civil rights

9  
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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"'A black mercenary goes to Viet Nam and gets shot and when they bring him home they won't bury him in his own home town.'

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RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

leaders to be held in Washington, D.C., over the Labor day week-end, Sept. 3 thru 5.

"The white press should not attempt to define the term," said Carmichael. "It is a term for the black people alone." He then took a swipe at Sen. Robert Kennedy (D., N. Y.) by calling him 'presumptuous' for commenting on the slogan.

**"Assails City Officials**

"Later in the day, in a speech sponsored by the Chicago chapter of S.N.C.C. in the Orrington hotel, Evanston, Carmichael assailed Mayor Daley, Schools Supt. Benjamin Willis, and James Redmond, Willis' successor.

"Willis didn't meet our needs, and the good Mr. Daley said he would wait until he was good and ready before replacing Willis," Carmichael told the 125 Negroes and whites in the audience. "Then he names somebody from New Orleans' (Redmond).

**"Black Muslims Invited**

"Carmichael said the conference in Washington was worked out at a meeting between Rep. Adam Clayton Powell (D., N. Y.) and himself. He said some 300 to 400 civil rights leaders will be invited including the Rev. Martin Luther King; Floyd McKissick, chairman of the Congress of Racial Equality; Elijah Muhammad, leader of the Black Muslims; and the Rev. Joseph H. Jackson, leader of the National Baptist convention.

"He defined 'black power' as 'black people getting together and forming political and social forces to express their needs.'

"Recent riots in Chicago, Cleveland, New York, and elsewhere were actually rebellions by exploited Negroes, he said."

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7(D)

Late July 28, 1966, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that the above mentioned meeting was peaceful and that no incidents or arrests occurred.

The above information has been furnished to the following individuals on July 29, 1966:

[REDACTED]  
United States Secret Service  
Chicago, Illinois

b7(c)

[REDACTED]  
.113th INTC Group  
Evanston, Illinois

Sheldon Davidson  
Office of the United States Attorney  
Chicago, Illinois

CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX

CONFIDENTIAL

1

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE - Chicago,  
Aka., Young Socialist Supporters,  
University Young Socialists

A source advised in late November, 1959, that the Young Socialist Alliance - Chicago (YSA-C), formerly known as Young Socialist Supporters, had its origin in a series of informal discussions held in Chicago prior to June, 1959, among individuals who were close to the Socialist Workers Party (SWP).

The YSA-C as of November, 1959, proclaimed itself to be a city-wide revolutionary youth organization designed to build socialism in America and aimed toward youth on college campuses in the Chicago area and as being independent of all adult groupings.

According to a second source in May, 1965, the YSA-C, also known as the University Young Socialists, was considered the youth group of the Chicago Branch SWP and affiliated with the national organization of the YSA in New York. The YSA-C officers as of May, 1965, were current members or sympathizers of the Chicago SWP.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

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The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FBI

Date: 8/11/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL CLASSIFIED AND *SP4JMM*  
(Priority)DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION *8-11-86*

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI *6074*

FROM: SAC, PHILADELPHIA (157-1214)

SUBJECT: POSSIBLE RACIAL VIOLENCE  
MAJOR URBAN AREAS  
RM

Enclosed is the original and 10 copies of a self-explanatory LHM dated as above.

*[REDACTED]*

*[REDACTED]*

*b(1)*

Reading PD and PSP aware of information. Intelligence agencies advised. Copy submitted to USA, EDPA., and Secret Service, Philadelphia.

Information being furnished to Bureau as sample of rumors prevalent in typical city. Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, C&S, ...

Date Forw. *AUG 16 1966*How Forw. *13-5*By *PR - JH*

1 RACIAL UNIT

*AUG 13 1966*FMK:KMJ  
(5)

ENCLOSURE

G. E. Wick

ENCLOSURE

100-106670-  
NOT RECORDED  
183 AUG 18 1966

SUBV. CONTROL

345  
Approved: *[Signature]*  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-137-100



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reading, Pennsylvania

August 11, 1966

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4JRM/6

6076

POSSIBLE RACIAL VIOLENCE  
READING, PA.

[REDACTED] advised that on the evening of August 10, 1966, there was conversation among a group of Negroes outside the Grand Hotel at Seventh and Franklin Street, Reading, Pa., to the effect that it was stated in the Reading newspapers and on the radio that MARTIN LUTHER KING was coming to Reading on August 13, 1966. Several 17 to 18 year old Negroes stated that if KING comes to Reading they felt like getting guns and shooting him. The older Negroes present likewise indicated they were not in favor of KING coming to Reading. [REDACTED] knows of no Negroes advocating any racial violence or rioting in the Reading area.

b7(D)

It will be noted that contact with the Reading Eagle, a daily newspaper, Reading, Pa., resulted in being advised no information has been printed nor is known that MARTIN LUTHER KING intends to come to Reading, Pa.

[REDACTED] advised that during the evening of August 10, 1966, a Negro, name unknown, was in the Grand Hotel asking the mixed crowd to "Show up" if there are any more demonstrations for swimming pools and more recreational facilities in Reading, Pa.

It will be noted this refers to a demonstration about two weeks ago when a small mixed crowd carried placards in front of City Hall requesting additional recreational facilities, particularly for the south of Penn area, Reading, Pa. This demonstration was peaceful and without incident.

100-106670-

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

POSSIBLE RACIAL VIOLENCE  
READING, PA.

[REDACTED] advised nothing has been heard in Reading, Pa., to indicate any riots or violence and in effect Negroes are doing better every day in Reading and he doubts they will join in any violence or rioting.

b7(D)

[REDACTED] advised that during the past week there have been all sorts of rumors springing up in the area. One story had Negroes drilling in a field. This was checked and found to be the colored drill team of the VFW. Another story was that CORE was opening an office in Reading and putting a local man named DIGGS in charge of it. This was checked and could not in any way be confirmed. Another story had a busload of Negroes outside of Reading. This turned out to be a group of migrant farm workers waiting for a bus. Other unconfirmed rumors are present as to a demonstration the weekend of August 13-14, 1966. Busloads of Negroes are coming from Philadelphia, etc.

[REDACTED] advised the police have checked and are keeping a close check and contact with Negro leaders and sources and none of the stories have any foundation or fact. He likens the situation to that of last summer when the same situation prevailed in Reading, Pa., relative to rumors and feels same generated by persons reading about riots in other cities and talking about them and wondering if they could happen in Reading.

b7(D)

[REDACTED] advised Pennsylvania State Police received anonymous call on August 8, 1966, stating that there was to be a demonstration that night. Immediate contact with their sources resulted in being advised same an unfounded rumor. [REDACTED] stated same unfounded rumor exists relative to demonstration supposed to occur the weekend of August 13-14, 1966. The only demonstration known scheduled at Reading, Pa., is an all-American rally of the Berks County Committee for a Public Rally in support of the National effort in Vietnam on

b7(C)

POSSIBLE RACIAL VIOLENCE  
READING, PA.

September 18, 1966, and which is sponsored by the combined Veterans group and manager of the Abraham Lincoln Hotel in Reading, Pa. This has been publicized as all race, all creed, all Veterans, all American.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

F B I

Date: **August 9, 1966**Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via **A I R T E L** \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
 FROM SAC, NEW HAVEN (100-18410) RUC  
 SUBJECT MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
 SM - C  
 OO: ATLANTA

Re: Chicago airtel to Bureau, 7/28/66.

There is enclosed herewith for the Louisville and Tampa  
 Offices one Xerox copy of referenced airtel.

On 8/5/66, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED]  
 firearms expert, is a factory representative for the [REDACTED]

b7(c) [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] is in a constant travel status and  
 can be located at the [REDACTED] Kentucky,  
 where he will be residing for several days as of 8/13/66.

[REDACTED] stated that in the event [REDACTED] cannot be  
 contacted in [REDACTED] she suggested contacting his wife  
 at their home address. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] for his itinerary.

- 3 - Bureau
- 2 - Louisville (Enc. 1)
- 1 - Tampa (info) (Enc. 1)
- 1 - Chicago (100-35356) (info)
- 2 - Atlanta (100-5586)
- 1 - New Haven

RCP:lmg

(10)

REGISTERED MAIL

REC-9

100-106670-2657

AUG 11 1966

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Special Agent in Charge

UNCLASSIFIED

Per \_\_\_\_\_

9803 10/1/68

NH 100-18410

LEADS

**LOUISVILLE:**

At Louisville, Kentucky

Contact [REDACTED] in accordance with referenced airtel. In the event unable to interview [REDACTED] while he is in Kentucky, request Tampa Office to obtain his itinerary so that he may be interviewed. b7(c)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FBI

Date: 8/8/66

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

AUG 15 1966

Date Forw.....

How Forw.....

By *rfe mld*

Transmit the following in

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

/ RACIAL UNIT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM  
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN  
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)  
GAGE PARK AREA  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
RM

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)  
RM ( ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
RM ( ORGANIZATION)

*11/27/79*  
CLASS. & EXT. BY *9803 RSP*  
REASON FOR II. 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW *8/8/88*  
*Routing slip found*

Re Chicago airtel and Letterhead Memorandum 8/4/66, and Chicago teletypes and telephone calls 8/5/66, captioned "Demonstrations by Chicago Freedom Movement - Southern Christian Leadership Conference, Gage Park Area, Chicago, Illinois."

Enclosed for the Bureau are 15 copies of a self-explanatory Letterhead Memorandum, and two (2) copies for Atlanta concerning above. A copy is being designated for the Jackson Office due to the plan for Doctor MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr., to attend SCLC conference that city.

- 7 - Bureau (Encl. 16) (RM) *100-92294D*
- (1 - 100-438794)
- (1 - 100-106670)
- (1 - 105-70374)
- (1 - 105-66233)
- 2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 2) (RM)
- (1 - 100-5586)
- 1 - Jackson (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 6 - Chicago
- (1 - 157-413) (1 - 100-35356)
- (1 - 105-16238) (1 - 105-4630)
- JDR/sfm (1 - 157-3)
- (16)

C C- Wick

100-106-72-  
NOT RECORDED  
180 AUG 22 1966

17 AUG 11 1966


SUBV CONTROL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
CG 157-1261

Chicago is following this matter and the Bureau and Atlanta will be advised of developments.

A copy of this Letterhead Memorandum is being provided the office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois, United States Secret Service, Chicago, and 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Ill.

Chicago Indices contain no identifiable references to WALTER DOUGLAS; Murray Park Improvement Association; Chicago Lawn Civic Association; Marquette Park Lithuanian Home Owners Association; West Elston Civic Association; JAMES W. HOFFMAN, 5226 W. Homan, Chicago, Illinois.



RAYMOND SHULTZ of the National States Right Party was interviewed by SAs  and  on August 5, 1966.

b(1)

b7(c)

~~SECRET~~

FBI

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DATE: 8/2/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC  
IS - C  
(OO: Atlanta)

CLASSIFIED AND  
EXTENDED BY SP4 JRM/et

REASON FOR EXTENSION 2

FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2

DATE OF REVIEW FOR

DECLASSIFICATION 8-2-86

73514 54665

ReNYteletype, 8/1/66, captioned as above.

There are enclosed for the Bureau 10 copies of an LHM containing information furnished by [REDACTED] on 8/1/66, relating to plans of STANLEY LEVISON and HARRY WACHTEL to go to Chicago on 8/1/66. One copy is being sent to Chicago for its information.

b(2) b(7)(D)

The second source mentioned [REDACTED]

b(1)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN  
OTHERWISE.

ENCLOSURE

- ④ - Bureau (100-438794) (Encs. 10) (RM)  
(1-100-106670) (M.L.KING)
- 2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encs. 2) (RM)  
(1-100-5586) (M.L.KING)
- 1 - Chicago (100- ) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-73250) (CLARENCE JONES) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-148289) (HARRY WACHTEL) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)

Classified by 6080 Td/17A  
Exempt from GDS, Category 5  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

CARBON COPY

NOT RECORDED  
200 AUG 10 1966

55 AUG 16 1966

JFO:bmp  
(12)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) \_\_\_\_\_, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); \_\_\_\_\_ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

NOT REC. 5/2/66 2/4 airtel pg. 2.

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX  
X DELETED PAGE(S) X  
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X  
X FOR THIS PAGE X  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
August 2, 1966

Bufile 100-438794  
NYfile 100-149194

~~SECRET~~

Communist Infiltration of  
the Southern Christian  
Leadership Conference (SCLC)  
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, learned on August 1, 1966, that Clarence Jones told the wife of Stanley Levison on that date that he had obtained tickets on an American Airlines flight leaving New York City for Chicago at 10:10 p.m., August 1, 1966, and would leave these tickets at Levison's office. Jones also stated that Harry Wachtel would take the same flight.

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, had previously advised, on July 24, 1966, that, according to Stanley Levison, a meeting of Martin Luther King, Jr. and his SCLC advisors, scheduled for July 28, 29, 1966, had been rescheduled for August 1, 2, 1966, at the O'Hare Airport Inn, Chicago, Illinois.

10-24-66  
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4JRM/ML  
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW 8-2-86  
DECLASSIFICATION 54686 60514 73518

~~SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~  
~~Excluded from automatic~~  
~~downgrading and~~  
~~declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S)

Classification  
2/21/78  
541

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN  
OTHERWISE.

Classified by 6080 Pp/MA  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

11/5/71

Communist Infiltration of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)

~~SECRET~~

Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel to the  
Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 10th  
Street, New York, New York. u

[REDACTED] u

b(1)

The Labor Youth League has been designated  
pursuant to Executive Order 10450. u

Stanley Levison

[REDACTED] S

b(1)

Harry Wachtel

Harry Wachtel is the Executive Vice President  
of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, New York,  
New York. u

[REDACTED]

b(1)

Communist Infiltration of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)

~~SECRET~~

A characterization of the National Lawyers  
Guild is attached hereto.

[REDACTED] c  
[REDACTED] b(1)

With respect to the Gandhi Society for Human  
Rights, it is to be noted that this organization  
is an adjunct of the Southern Christian Leadership  
Conference (SCLC), of which Martin Luther King, Jr.,  
is the President, and serves to raise funds for  
the SCLC.

~~SECRET~~

Statement of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)

~~SECRET~~

1.

APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

- "1. Cited as a Communist front.  
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)
- "2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.'  
(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally released September 17, 1950.)
- "3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the \* \* \* National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.'  
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

~~SECRET~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

FBI

Date: 6/1/86

Transmit the

TELETYPE BY SP4 JRM/ik

6074

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (157-3312), (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
RE: MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, 4/4/68  
RE: MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, 7/3/66

On 6/1/66, the following were received: 6/5/66 and 7/26/66. On 6/1/66, the following were received: 7/3/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eleven copies of the report, suitable for dissemination.

Enclosed for

Enclosed for

b7(C)  
b1(D)

Copies of this report are disseminated locally to the Memphis Police Department and to the FBI, Memphis. Four copies of this report are also being furnished to the FBI in view of its interest in this matter.

100-116671-

NOT RECORDED  
183 AUG 11 1966

- Bureau (Encls.-11) (RM)
- Atlanta (2 - 157-3312) (Encls.-4)
- Charlotte (1 - 157-3312) (1 - 157-177)
- (1 - 157-266) (1 - 100-116671)

RECEIVED  
FBI

RECEIVED: 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000

ENCLOSURE

15 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina  
August 1, 1966

RE: SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER  
KING, JR., AND STREET WALK OF UNITED KLANS  
OF AMERICA, INCORPORATED, KNIGHTS OF THE  
KU KLUX KLAN, RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA,  
JULY 31, 1966  
RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to memoranda submitted at  
Charlotte, North Carolina, on July 26, 1966

On July 31, 1966, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised  
that the United Klans of America, Incorporated, Knights  
of the Ku Klux Klan, held a street walk, as scheduled,  
on that date, beginning at approximately 2:15 p.m.  
The marchers walked from the Raleigh Memorial Auditorium  
area to Nash Square, a small park across the street from  
the Raleigh Municipal Building. There were approximately  
1,500 to 2,000 participants in the march, with approximately  
40 per cent of the marchers in some form of Klan dress.

[REDACTED] stated that at Nash Square the Klanspeople heard  
several speakers, including J. R. JONES, Grand Dragon  
of North Carolina, and Reverend GEORGE DORSETT, an  
Imperial Officer of the Klan. Following the speeches,  
the marchers walked passed the capitol building,  
thereafter returning to the Memorial Auditorium area,  
where they dispersed. He estimated the number of  
persons watching the march at 4,000 to 5,000.

[REDACTED] stated there were several minor  
incidents in connection with the street walk. He stated  
that a small group of Negro youths were chased from  
Nash Square by the Klanspeople upon the Klan's arrival  
at the square. These Negroes, however, made no attempt  
to re-enter the square area.

100-106670-

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER  
RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS OF  
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FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY; IT  
AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE  
DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 1-16-81 BY SP40

6076 JAM/LL

ENCLOSURE

SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER  
KING, JR., AND STREET WALK OF UNITED KLANS  
OF AMERICA, INCORPORATED, KNIGHTS OF THE  
KU KLUX KLAN, RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA,  
JULY 31, 1966

[REDACTED] stated that a white youth, name not known, claimed he had been involved in a scuffle in Nash Square and subsequently lost his car keys. This unknown individual, however, waited until the Klanspeople left the square before returning to look for his keys.

[REDACTED] stated that, in addition, there were several minor incidents involving the heckling of the Klan marchers, but there were no arrests made as a result of any of these incidents.

On July 31, 1966, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that there were 1,700 marchers in the Klan street walk held in Raleigh that date.

On July 31, 1966, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., appeared as scheduled at the Reynolds Coliseum on the campus of North Carolina State University at Raleigh that date. [REDACTED] estimated the crowd at approximately 3,800 persons, of whom one-third was Caucasian. He advised there were no incidents of any kind in connection with the appearance of Dr. KING at Reynolds Coliseum.

A characterization of the United Klans of America, Incorporated, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan (UKA), is attached as an appendix to this memorandum.

b7(D)



APPENDIX

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.  
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (UNITED KLANS)

Records of Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, show that this Klan organization was granted a corporate charter on February 21, 1961, at Atlanta, Georgia, under the name United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc.

A source advised on February 27, 1961, that United Klans was formed as a result of a split in U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc. According to the source, the split resulted from a leadership dispute, and the United Klans has the same aims and objectives as the parent group. These are the promotion of Americanism, white supremacy, and segregation of the races.

The first source and second source advised in July, 1961, that United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., merged with Alabama Knights, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The merged organization established headquarters in Suite 401, the Albion Building, Tuscaloosa, Alabama. The organization is directed by ROBERT SHERMAN, Imperial Wizard, and is the dominant Klan group in the South with units in several southern states.

On August 14, 1961, the second source advised that the organization formerly known as United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., would be known in the future as United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The second source said the name was changed by a resolution adopted at the National Klonvocation held July 8, 1961, at Indian Springs, Georgia.

The second source advised that at a meeting at Prattville, Alabama, on October 22, 1961, a majority of the Klaverns of the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, merged with the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.  
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (NORTH CAROLINA)  
(UNITED KLANS)

On August 17, 1964, a source advised that the North Carolina organization of United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, became affiliated with the national organization of the same group in the spring of 1961. The State Headquarters are at the residence of North Carolina Grand Dragon JAMES ROBERTSON JONES, Granite Quarry, North Carolina, who is subordinate to the national organization with headquarters in Tuscaloosa, Alabama.

The organization in North Carolina has the same aims and objectives as the parent group; that is, advocacy of segregation of the races and white supremacy.

On August 4, 1965, the same source advised that the status, leadership, and affiliation of the North Carolina organization have not changed.



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina  
August 1, 1966

Title	SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., AND STREET WALK OF UNITED KLAN OF AMERICA, INCORPORATED, KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, JULY 31, 1966
Character	RACIAL MATTERS
Reference	Memorandum dated August 1, 1966, at Charlotte, North Carolina, captioned as above

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FBI

Date: 8/4/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (REGISTERED)  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-57229)  
 SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
 SM-C

OO: Atlanta

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are eight copies of a LHM, with two for Atlanta and one for Chicago for information pertaining to a proposed visit by KING to Los Angeles.

The source for this information is [REDACTED]

Information concerning the Watts Summer Festival will be submitted to the Bureau under a separate caption in the near future as soon as complete plans are finalized

The Los Angeles Office will follow and report KING's pertinent activities while in Los Angeles through established sources, news media and other public sources.

- ENCLOSURE
- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)
  - 2 - Atlanta (100-5536) (Encls. 2) (RM)
  - 1 - Chicago (Info.) (Encls. 1) (RM)
  - 2 - Los Angeles [REDACTED]

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.

DEPT: ISD, CRD, RAO

DATE FORW: 8/8/66

HOW FORW: [REDACTED]

BY: [REDACTED]

RAP:ph  
(8)

REC-61

100-106670-2651  
15 AUG 6 1966

EX 101

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

11/27/79  
DECLASSIFIED  
9503



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California  
August 4, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SECURITY MATTER - C

The following information was furnished by source, with whom insufficient contact has been had to determine his reliability but who is active in civil rights and/or black nationalist activity in the Los Angeles area, on August 2, 1966.

Martin Luther King, Jr. is scheduled to speak in Los Angeles on August 14, 1966 during the Watts Summer Festival to be held in the Watts section of Los Angeles August 12 to 14, 1966. This festival is in commemoration of the first anniversary of the August, 1965 Los Angeles riot, commonly referred to as the Watts riot, the area of Los Angeles in which the riot centered. Most of the activity in connection with the festival will be held at Will Rogers Park, a public park at 103 Street and Central Avenue, Los Angeles, in the heart of the Watts area. King will presumably speak at Will Rogers Park on August 14, 1966.

Source stated that there has been some opposition to having any "outside" Negro leaders participate in the festival but present plans call for King to appear and speak on August 14th.

Source stated that the invitation was extended to King by the Opportunities Industrialization Center in Watts, a job training program operated by a group of Negro ministers in Los Angeles.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

11/67/79  
UNCLASSIFIED  
9503 RAA/AD

1  
ENCLOSURE

TELETYPE UNIT

AUG 6 1966

ENCODED MESSAGE

TPXNY

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI NEW YORK

.1135 AM URGENT 8/6/66 KBG

TO DIRECTOR /3/ 106-670 AND ATLANTA CHICAGO JACKSON  
FROM NEW YORK

MARTIN LUTHER KING,

INFORMATION CONCERNING REFERENCE NEW YORK TELEPHONE CALL TO  
BUREAU THIS DATE.

[REDACTED] CORE' RESIDENCE

[REDACTED] NEW YORK CITY' TELE-  
PHONICALLY ADVISED NEW YORK OFFICE TEN TWENTY AM THIS DATE THAT HIS  
SECRETARY [REDACTED] RECEIVED SIX OR SEVEN TELEPHONE CALLS

THIS AM FROM BOTH MEN AND WOMEN THREATENING THE LIFE OF SUBJECT. CALLS  
WERE OF THE ANONYMOUS TYPE AND CALLERS DID NOT SPECIFY WHEN, WHERE, OR  
HOW THREAT ON KING WOULD BE CARRIED OUT. [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT THESE CALLS  
WERE RECEIVED ON NEW YORK TELEPHONE NUMBER [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] THE HOME NUMBER OF [REDACTED] IN QUEENS' NEW YORK. SMITH  
STATED THAT HIS OPINION IS THAT CALLS WERE OF THE CRANK TYPE. FIELD  
OFFICES RECEIVING THIS SHOULD ADVISE LOCAL AUTHORITIES OF THE ABOVE  
THREAT ON KING'S LIFE. [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT IF HE RECEIVES  
ADDITIONAL CALLS HE WILL NOTIFY FBI.

END

WA.... MLT

FBI WASH D C

REC-50

11/27/70  
URGENT

100-106170-2655  
5/1/67

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

FROM : F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SECURITY MATTER - C

1 - Mr. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Wick  
1 - Mr. Sullivan

DATE: 8/6/66

1 - Mr. Baumgardner  
1 - Mr. Basher

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

At 10:20 a.m. today, Special Agent [REDACTED] Weekend Supervisor, New York Office, telephonically advised that he had received a call from [REDACTED] of Congress of Racial Equality. [REDACTED] stated his Secretary, [REDACTED] had received six or seven telephone calls this morning which threatened the life of Martin Luther King. [REDACTED] was unable to furnish any additional information concerning these threats.

b7(c)

King currently in Chicago, Illinois, where he is expected to remain through August 7. He is scheduled to attend annual convention of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, Jackson, Mississippi, August 8-11, 1966.

New York is forwarding a teletype to the Bureau, Chicago, Jackson and Atlanta, where King resides, requesting these offices to notify pertinent local authorities of alleged threats against King.

At 11 a.m. the above information was telephonically furnished by Special Agent [REDACTED] Weekend Supervisor, to Departmental Attorney, John Hedland, Civil Rights Division.

b7(c)

## ACTION:

For your information.

100-106670

PTB:jav  
(6)

EX-103

REC-1

100-106670-2654

12 AUG 10 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

F B I

Date: 8/1/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1283) (P)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION BY WOMEN  
MOBILIZED FOR CHANGE,  
CHICAGO CIVIC CENTER PLAZA  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 7/29/66  
RM

Re Chicago teletypes to the Bureau dated  
7/29/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies  
of a LHM in captioned matter. One copy each has  
been furnished to the USA, Chicago and Secret  
Service, Chicago.

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CPD

Date Forw. AUG 9 1966How Forw. TR - 5By 1/10 - 7/10

/ RACIAL UNIT

5 div

100-106670 -

NOT RECORDED

201 AUG 10 1966

- ④ - Bureau (Encls. 11) (RM)  
(1 - 100-117870) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
- 3 - Chicago  
(1 - 157-1113)  
(1 - 100-35356) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)

RAC/jms:pag  
(7)

ENCLOSURE

AUG 15 1966

11/27/72  
UNCLASSIFIED  
9/8/83 RIA/MP

AUG 5 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN 151-1-1





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Chicago, Illinois  
August/, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

157-1288

DEMONSTRATION BY WOMEN  
MOBILIZED FOR CHANGE,  
CHICAGO CIVIC CENTER PLAZA  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 7/29/66  
RACIAL MATTER

On July 25, 1966, a confidential source, whose reliability is not known due to limited contact, advised that a new organization, Women Mobilized for Change, has been organized in the past week and it is to be headed by Mrs. Martin Luther King. The source advised that plans to finalize this organization were to be made at 11:30 a.m., on July 27, 1966, at the Young Women's Christian Association (YWCA) in the Loop, 59 East Monroe Street, Chicago, Illinois. Following this meeting, it is anticipated that the group will march from the YWCA to the City Hall, where they plan to hold a silent vigil. The source reported that the vigil was to take place at 1 p.m. at the City Hall in Chicago.

[REDACTED]

advised that approximately 150 women associated with a newly formed organization known as Women Mobilized for Change, arrived at the Chicago Civic Center Plaza at 11:30 a.m. on that date. A delegation of 20 women from this organization planned to meet with Mayor Richard J. Daley of Chicago to encourage Daley and city officials to accede by peaceful means to Martin Luther King's program for a racially open city. [REDACTED] advised that the demonstrators were at that time continuing the silent vigil and no signs were present. The demonstrators consisted of suburban and inter city women, both Negro and white, from religious, civic, human relations, educational, and social groups, who are concerned about

b7(D)

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11/27/79  
UNCLASSIFIED  
9803 RLS/SP

ENCLOSURE

157-106670 -

DEMONSTRATION BY WOMEN  
MOBILIZED FOR CHANGE,  
CHICAGO CIVIC CENTER PLAZA  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 7/29/66

the lack of action on the part of city officials concerning the non-violent civil rights movement being conducted by Martin Luther King.

[REDACTED] advised that the silent vigil conducted in the vicinity of the Chicago City Hall ended at approximately 1:45 p.m. [REDACTED] advised that the delegation of 20 women from this organization met with Mayor Richard J. Daley for the purposes set out above. This delegation departed the mayor's office at approximately 1:45 p.m. and the demonstrators then dispersed. The demonstration was peaceful, no incidents or arrests occurred.

b7(D)

The following persons were advised of the above information on July 29, 1966: [REDACTED] U. S. Secret Service, Chicago; [REDACTED] Region I, 113th INTC Group, Chicago; and S. Davidson, Assistant United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois

b7(C)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Wick \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: July 20, 1966

FROM : R. E. Wick *Wick*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-16-81 BY SP4 Jm/ll

SUBJECT: GOVERNOR OTTO KERNER, JR. (D. - ILLINOIS)  
REQUEST FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING  
DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING *W76 B. P. H.*

At 9:30 a.m. on 7/20/66, by referral from the Director's Office, Bishop in my office received a telephone call from Governor Kerner, who stated he was in Washington and was leaving this afternoon to return to Springfield, Illinois. Governor Kerner advised that he has been informed that recently several Chicago daily newspapers carried stories to the effect that the Bureau was in possession of information concerning meetings which Dr. Martin Luther King was holding with young "hoodlum" gangs in Chicago.

Governor Kerner was not aware of the identity of the newspapers or the dates on which these stories were carried in them. He stated that he would be extremely interested in receiving from the Bureau any information which we might have along this line, in connection with the race riots in Chicago, but advised that he is aware that this is extremely nebulous information. He stated that, on his return to Springfield, he would have the particular news articles located and make them available to SAC Gebhardt, Springfield Office, so that the Bureau would be aware of what data the papers are alleging the Bureau has in its possession concerning these meetings of Dr. King.

It has been determined from the Domestic Intelligence Division that Jim Bevel, the representative of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (Martin Luther King's group) in Chicago recently held a meeting with a Negro youth street gang known as the "Blackstone Rangers," at which time he ran off for them a film of the Watts riot. His alleged purpose in doing this was to convince them of how horrible the Watts situation had been and to convince them that nonviolence was the best technique to utilize in fighting racial discrimination. It is very possible that Bevel advised the Chicago papers that he had taken this action and that he was advising the FBI that such action had been taken.

1 - Mr. DeLoach *REC-24*

1 - Mr. Sullivan *LA 10*

1 - Mr. Rosen

NOT RECORDED

4 AUG 5 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Wick to DeLoach memo 7/20/66  
Re: GOVERNOR OTTO KERNER, JR.

DATA IN BUREAU FILES:

Our files reflect that our relations with Governor Kerner have been generally cordial. He was formerly U. S. Attorney for the Northern District of Illinois and exhibited a cooperative attitude toward the Bureau. As Governor he has also exhibited a friendly attitude toward the Bureau.

ACTION TAKEN:

At 10:10 a.m., 7/20/66, Bishop telephonically advised SAC Gebhardt of the contact by Governor Kerner with the Bureau and was notified that Governor Kerner would probably be in touch with him on July 21st to exhibit the newspaper clippings in question. Gebhardt was instructed to contact the Chicago Office after he was contacted by Governor Kerner to determine what data that office had in its possession concerning the meeting of Jim Bevel with the "Blackstone Rangers" and thereafter to telephonically contact the Bureau for approval as to what information concerning this he may be able to furnish Governor Kerner.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

WUTB P  
WUTB  
Kerner  
#6

F B I

Date: 8/5/66

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTELALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-16-87 BY SP4 JIM/4

6076

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-11108) (P)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C

OO: ATLANTA

Transmitted herewith to the Bureau are eight copies of LHM. Copies are being furnished Atlanta Office; USA, Fort Worth; Secret Service and INTC, Dallas; OSI, Tinker Air Force Base, Oklahoma; and ONI, New Orleans, Louisiana.

A confirmatory letter has been directed to the Dallas Police Department.

The telephone call referred to in LHM was received by Clerk [REDACTED] b7(c)

LEADDALLAS

AT DALLAS, TEXAS. Will be alert for information concerning KING's visit to Dallas which might result in demonstrations or violent activity.

1cc + LHM  
922 97D

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) **ENCLOSURE**  
2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2) (RM)  
2 - Dallas  
WJW:rmb  
(7)

AGENCY: ~~ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.~~  
DEPT: ~~INT.~~ CRD, RAO

DATE FORW: 8/8/66  
HOW FORW: R/S  
BY: CDS / [initials]

C C. VICK

REC-82/100-106670-265

2 AUG 8 1966

17 AUG 12 1966

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas  
August 5, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

On the morning of August 4, 1966, a woman, who refused to furnish her name or any other information which would help to identify her, telephonically contacted the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and stated, "I just wanted you to know Martin Luther King is coming to Dallas in September so you could shoot him." She added, "I hope somebody kills that black son-of-a-bitch."

b7(c)

On August 5, 1966, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised that Martin Luther King, Jr. is to be in Dallas to speak to a church group on September 25, 1966.

RECEIVED  
FBI - DALLAS  
DATE 1-16-81 SP4JRM/L  
6076

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FBI

Date: 8/4/66

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority)

CLASSIFIED AND

EXTENDED BY

REASON FOR EXTENSION

FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2

DATE OF REVIEW FOR

DECLASSIFICATION

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5586)

RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C

Re Miami airtel 7/26/66 captioned "COMINFIL OF SCLC, IS - C" enclosing LHM dated 7/26/66 captioned "PROPOSED VISIT OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. TO MIAMI, AUGUST 8, 1966, INTERNAL SECURITY - C."

Referenced airtel requested Atlanta to advise of any information concerning visit to Miami by KING as of 8/6/66.

b(1)

- 3 - Bureau (RM)  
2 - Miami (RM)  
    (1 - 157-489)  
2 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5586)  
    (1 - 100-5718) (SCLC)

AGS:cmp  
(7)

REQ 22

10 AUG 5 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ INT SEC

57 AUG 11 1966

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

100-106670-2650

**CHANGED TO**

94-66021- X

F192  
APR 5 1971

Hmk /DRB



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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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FBI

DATE: 7/28/66

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC  
IS-C  
(OO:AT)

7-16-80  
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP-4 Jem/4-11  
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR 7-28-84  
DECLASSIFICATION 54 684, 733.8, 805.4

ReNYtel, 7/26/66, concerning presence of MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., in NYC, to attend a meeting of the Board of American Foundation for Non-Violence.

Enclosed are ten copies of a LHM incorporating the information reported in re communication and information derived as a consequence of a physical surveillance conducted at the Hilton Hotel by SAS [REDACTED] and [REDACTED], 7/26/66.

b(2) [REDACTED] was the source who furnished the information reported in the LHM. Two copies are furnished for the Atlanta Office and b7(D) one is furnished for the information of the Chicago Office.

- 4-Bureau (Enc. 10)(RM)  
(1-100-106670)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
2-Atlanta (100-5718)(Enc. 2)(RM)  
(1-100-5586)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)  
1-Chicago (100- ) (Enc. 1)(INFO)(RM)  
6-New York  
(1-100-46729)(BAYARD RUSTIN)(42)  
(1-100-73250)(CLARENCE JONES)(42)  
(1-100-111180)(STANLEY LEVISON)(42)  
(1-100-136535)(MARTIN LUTHER KING)(42)  
(1-100-148289)(HARRY WACHTEL)(42)

Classified by 6080 P.OT/P  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
11/15/77

100-106670-  
NOT RECORDED  
203 AUG 4 1966

JMK:lmf  
(14)

THIS IS UNCLASSIFIED  
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN  
OTHERWISE.

ENCLOSURE

Approved: QPC  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M Per \_\_\_\_\_

7 AUG 11 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ORIGINAL FILED IN

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-149194

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b(1)

[REDACTED]

Reteletype reported that KING had appeared on the "Tonight Show" rather than the "Today Show". The inaccuracy of the source was revealed when KING was mentioned on the NBC news program of last night, July 26, 1966. In mentioning KING, it was stated that he appeared on the "Today Show" on 7/26/66.

[REDACTED]

b(1)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
July 28, 1966

~~SECRET~~

Bufile 100-438794  
NYfile 100-149194

Communist Infiltration of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference, (SCLC)  
Internal Security-C

On July 26, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information indicating that Stanley Levison and Martin Luther King, President of the SCLC, were in contact on that date.

King said he was staying at the New York Hilton Hotel, New York City, having arrived at about 2:00 a.m. King said he had appeared on the "Today Show" (morning television show on National Broadcasting Company) thus accounting for his early arrival in New York.

King told Levison the meeting (SCLC's American Foundation for Non-Violence) would be held in the Gibson Suite, New York Hilton Hotel, New York City, on July 26, 1966, and asked Levison to attend. Clarence Jones, Harry Wachtel and Bayard Rustin would be in attendance, King said.

7-16800  
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY *SP4 JRM/ldh*  
REASON FOR EXTENSION *2*  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR  
DECLASSIFICATION *7-28-86*  
*54 688, 73518*  
*806, 14*

~~SECRET~~

*Group 1*  
Excluded from  
automatic downgrading  
and declassification

Classified by *606 Ted/rp*  
Exempt from GDS, Category *2*  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
*11/15/77*

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100-106670-  
ENCLOSURE

~~SECRET~~

Communist Infiltration of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference, (SCLC)  
Internal Security-C

On July 26, 1966, Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed the schedule of events at the New York Hilton Hotel, and saw that a meeting of the Board of the American Foundation for Non-Violence was scheduled for 2:30 p.m., July 26, 1966, in the Gibson Suite.

The Special Agents of the FBI observed the following individuals, among others, enter the Gibson Suite, Hilton Hotel between 2:20 p.m. and 3:10 p.m., July 26, 1966: Stanley Levison, 2:20 p.m.; Clarence Jones, 2:25 p.m.; John Lewis of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, 2:27 p.m.; Harry Wachtel, 2:44 p.m.; George Abernathy, 2:44 p.m.; Bayard Rustin, 3:00 p.m.; and Martin Luther King and Andrew Young at 3:10 p.m.

Stanley Levison

[REDACTED]

b(1)

Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York.

[REDACTED]

b(1)

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Communist Infiltration of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference, (SCLC)  
Internal Security-C

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The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant  
to Executive Order 10450.

Harry Wachtel

Harry Wachtel is the Executive Vice President of  
the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, New York, New York.

[REDACTED] b(1)  
[REDACTED] C

A characterization of the National Lawyers  
Guild is attached hereto.

[REDACTED] b(1)  
[REDACTED] C

With respect to the Gandhi Society for Human  
Rights, it is to be noted that this organization  
is an adjunct of the Southern Christian Leadership  
Conference (SCLC), of which Martin Luther King, Jr.,  
is the President, and serves to raise funds for  
the SCLC.

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Communist Infiltration of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference, (SCLC)  
Internal Security-C

Bayard Rustin

In "The Saturday Evening Post", issue of July 11-18, 1964, page 76, Bayard Rustin is the subject of a feature article captioned "The Lone Wolf of Civil Rights". In it, Rustin is said to have come to New York in 1938, as an organizer for the Young Communist League (YCL), and as such, he had the job of recruiting students for the "Party". Furthermore, the article reports that during his first years in New York, Rustin gave most of his earnings to the "Party". He reportedly left the "Party" in 1941, the article states.

The YCL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The "Daily Worker", February 11, 1957, page 1 column 2, reported that Bayard Rustin, Executive Secretary, War Resisters League, was an observer at the 16th National Convention of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA), held in New York City, on February 9-12, 1957.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist publication until it ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

[REDACTED] b(1)

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 19, 20, 1964, that Bayard Rustin contacted Benjamin J. Davis on those dates and sought his advice as to how he could escape from a speaking

~~SECRET~~

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Communist Infiltration of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference, (SCLC)  
Internal Security-C

engagement to which he was committed. On the latter contact, Davis told Rustin that he was working on his request and had contacted friends who had contacts with the group to which Rustin was to speak.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on January 21, 1964, that as of that date, Benjamin J. Davis was National Secretary of the CP, USA.

"The New York Times", August 24, 1964, page 27, column 4, reports that Benjamin J. Davis, National Secretary, CP, USA, died in New York City on the night of August 22, 1964.

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1.

APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

- "1. Cited as a Communist front.  
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)
- "2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.'  
(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally released September 17, 1950.)
- "3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the \* \* \* National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.'  
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

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